RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

GREEN-PACIFIC RAILROAD

225 Miles Shorter!
20 Hours Less Time!

Accommodations Unsurpassed for Comfort and Safety.

Palace and Pullman Sleeping Cars on all Through Trains.

Equipment Co's Steamships between Portland and San Francisco.

DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS

(Except Sunday.)

Leave Yaquina 6:30 A M
Arrive Corvallis 10:30 A M
Arrive Albany 11:15 A M
Connections between Corvallis and San Francisco
Fare between Albany and San Francisco
Fare between Albany and Yaquina
Through Tickets to all points East and South.
W H HOAG, General Agent.

Oregon Development Co.'s

FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS

YAQUINA & SAN FRANCISCO

Connecting at Yaquina with the Oregon Pacific Railroad Company

SAILING DATES.

FROM YAQUINA. FROM SAN FRANCISCO.
Willamette Mon April 4 Thur April 7
Columbia Thur " 7 Mon " 11
Yaquina City Wed " 13 Thur " 14
Willamette Mon " 18 Thur " 21
Yaquina City Wed " 27 Mon " 25

Through Tickets to all points East and South.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO.

COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

Train for the East leaves Ash st. wharf at 8:15 P. M., daily except Sunday, with Through Pullman Sleeping Cars to Omaha, Kansas City and Denver. Direct connection at Huntington with Through Pullman Sleeping Cars for Chicago. Train from the East arrives at 10:10 A. M. every day.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

FROM PORTLAND. FROM SAN FRANCISCO.
Leaving at 12 Midnight, as follows. Leaving Spear-st wharf at 10 A.M. as follows.

Oregon Tuesday Mar 1 State Thursday Mar 3
Columbia Friday Mar 4 Oregon Tuesday Mar 8
State Wednesday Mar 9 Columbia Sunday Mar 13
Oregon Monday Mar 14 State Friday Mar 18
Columbia Sunday Mar 19 Oregon Wednesday Mar 23
State Thursday Mar 24 Columbia Monday Mar 28
Oregon Tuesday Mar 29 State Sunday April 3
Columbia Monday April 4 Oregon Friday April 8

The company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.

TO ASTORIA.

U. S. Mail Steamer leaves Ash st. daily except Sunday at 6 A. M. for Astoria.

TO PALOUSE AND CASCADES.

Leave Ash street at 7 A. M. daily except Sunday.

TO OREGON CITY, DAYTON AND CORVALLIS

Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Dayton and Newberg. Returning, leaves Dayton at 7 A. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Corvallis steamers leave at 6 A. M. Monday and Thursday. Return via Oregon City at 6 P. M. Wednesday and Saturday.

TICKET OFFICE, ASH STREET WHARF.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.
JNO. J. BYRNE, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agent.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA

VIA

Oregon & California R. R.

And Connections.

Fare to San Francisco $32; to Sacramento $30.

Close connections made at Ashland with stages for the California, Oregon and Idaho Stage Company.

(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

East Side Division,
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND ASHLAND
Mail Train.

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland 8:00 A. M. Ashland 7:20 P. M.
Ashland 8:15 P. M. Portland 7:30 A. M.

Albany Express Train

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland 4:30 P. M. Lebanon 9:15 A. M.
Lebanon 6:45 A. M. Portland 11:30 A. M.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

Daily between Portland and Ashland.

The D. & C. R. R. Narrow gauge connects with all Express trains on the East Side Div. from foot of D st.

West Side Division,
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS
Mail Train.

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland 7:30 A. M. Corvallis 1:45 P. M.
Corvallis 1:30 P. M. Portland 7:45 P. M.

At Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific R. R. for Yaquina Bay

Express Train.

LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Portland 4:50 P. M. McMinnville 8:15 P. M.
McMinnville 5:45 A. M. Portland 9:00 A. M.

Local tickets for sale and baggage checked to destination at company's up-town office, cor. Pine and Second streets. Through Tickets for principal points in California can also be procured at company's office.

Corner First and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M. on either the East or West Side Division.

R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, Pass. Agent.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.

Great Northern Railway.

Shortest Line to Chicago & the East.

The Shortest Line to Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Nebraska, Quincy, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, New Orleans, and all points north and southeast,

VIA

ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

Is the ONLY Line Running

Passenger Trains,
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
Palace Dining Cars (meals 50c),
Luxurious Day Coaches,
Emigrant Sleepers (free of charge),

From Washington and Oregon Points

To The East

VIA ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ

Via the Northern Pacific R. R. and avoid change of cars.

Leave Portland at 8:00 P. M. daily, arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul at noon, fourth day.

PACIFIC DIVISION

Train leaves Prom. and G daily at 10:00 A. M. arrive New Tacoma 5:15 P. M., connecting with City boat for all points on Puget Sound.

OHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.
A. D. CHARLTON, Gen'l Westn Pass. Agent, Portland.
No. 2 Washington st.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

SHORTEST, QUICKEST,

AND IN EVERY RESPECT

THE BEST ROUTE.

—TO—

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Halifax, Portland, Boston, New York, Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Leadville, All Points East and Southeast.

Finest Dining & Sleeping Car Route to the World!

Private Drawing Rooms, Luxurious Smoking Rooms, and Elegant Bath Rooms attached to all Sleepers.

New and Elegant Second class Sleepers from Port Moody to Montreal, Free of Charge.

Courteous Employes, Superior Equipments, Unexcelled Smooth Steel Track, Along the Picturesque Shores of Lake Superior, An Ever-Changing Panorama of Magnificent Mountain Scenery, The Canadian Pacific Railway Line Crosses the Famous Rocky Mountains, Through the Gorges of the Selkirk Range, Eclipse in Grandeur the Alps of Switzerland.

For Tickets, Rates, Time Tables, Maps, Folders, and all information, apply to

E. P. BROWN, Agent Port Moody.

Or to any Agent of the Company.

CHARLES DRAKE & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

BOOTS AND SHOES

No. 31 Washington St., Labbe's Block,

ZERO-ANT TAILORS

GRAND OPENING

OF THE

ZERO TAILOR!

The Grandest Display of Choicest Woolens ever shown in the city, English, French, Scotch and German Fabrics in endless variety for Suits to measure

One Thousand Different Patterns to select from

SAMPLES, WITH INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF MEASUREMENT SENT FREE.

Fine All-Wool Suits to Order from : : $20.00
Fine All-Wool Pants to Order " : : 5.00

Only White Labor and First-Class Cutters Employed

ZERO TAILOR,

126 First St., Portland, Or.

Paraffine Paint Co.

P. & B. PAINT.

Best Paints for Roofs, Wood and Iron. Fire, Water and Alkali Proof. Preserves from from rust and wood submerged or exposed from decay.

CLOTH COMPOUND, for Tarpaulins, etc.
LEATHER PRESERVATIVE.
ROOFING, SIDING.
PORTABLE, CHEAPEST, BEST.

JAS. LAIDLAW & CO., Gen. Agts.

Send for Circulars and Testimonials. 10-3mw

Sunset Mountain Whisky

United We Stand Bourbon Whisky

30 years on the Oregon Market

AND STANDS UNRIVALED

Do not be deceived into taking any other

Jas. Laidlaw & Co., Sole Agents

Testimonials

From Experience and Testimony of

Leading Business and Professional Men.

That owing to its location, which gives it high rates, and to its management, which yields mutual saving and profits to the insured,

THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

is for the stockholder, as it has none)

FOR THE POLICY-HOLDER

—IS THE—

Pacific Coast Mutual.

That THE BEST POLICY ever issued by any company is the Northwestern Semi Tontine Reserve Premium Policy. Its great cash and paid-up values, its ordinary life rate of premium of $18.64 with extra cost one per cent. for the Semi Tontine, form the basis of the Policy's guarantee of

SIX HUNDRED PER CENT DIVIDENDS

to policyholders at the end of the Dividend Period.

THE NORTHWESTERN furnishes the very best policy and pays its claims promptly and cheerfully, as the thousands who are paid by any other company can testify.

Premiums Paid Besides the Policy—a guarantee of

SIX HUNDRED PER CENT DIVIDENDS

to be set aside for the benefit of the Dividend

FOREIGN DISPATCHES

Preparations for the Opening of the Canadian Parliament.

EMIGRANTS FOR THIS COUNTRY.

Mexican Presidential Election Law—Capture of a Hostile Indian Chief—Great Britain and Venezuela—French Steamer Wrecked.

Canadian Political Talk.

OTTAWA, April 13.—The various informal proceedings in connection with the opening of the sixth parliament of Canada took place this afternoon. The governor-general's speech will be delivered to-morrow. It is understood that hope will be expressed by him for an amicable settlement of the fisheries question, but nothing more will be said of the present state of fisheries affairs, except that assurance will be given that steps have been taken to protect Canadian inshore fisheries. It is definitely stated that the dominion government will ask for an appropriation to build a canal at Sault Ste. Marie, on the Canadian side, to connect Lakes Huron and Superior. It is understood that the desire of the government is to have an uninterrupted Canadian way from Lake Superior to the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

CANADIAN POLITICAL VIEWS.

MONTREAL, April 13.—The banquet to Hon. J. A. Chapleau, secretary of state, last evening, was taken advantage of by several of the cabinet ministers to define the policy of the country, or review important questions. Chapleau was till 1 o'clock this morning reviewing the Riel agitation and tariff question and denouncing the Irish coercion act. He said if the imperial federation meant free trade he would oppose it to the last, and if any attempt was made to coerce Canada the colonial bond would snap at once and forever. Referring to the fisheries dispute, he said: "Certainly we have gone very far toward conciliating our American neighbors. They have not reciprocated this cordiality, and up to this day, have not shown any disposition to make any arrangement, though we are ready, and always have been, to go more than half way to meet them." He hoped the matter would be referred to arbitration.

Sir Charles Tupper, minister of finance, made the following reference to retaliatory measures: "During six years the value of foreign goods conveyed by United States railways into Canada, and of Canadian goods carried across United States territory to United States ports for shipment amounted to $189,000,000, the transport charges for which have gone into the pockets of United States railways. This will be knocked in the head by the enforcement of the United States retaliatory bill. When it comes into operation transit traffic will be forced into Canadian channels entirely. Canada will be compelled to buy in England, and the profits United States merchants have been making will go to English merchants.

CANADIAN TOURISTS TRAVEL.

MONTREAL, April 13.—The general passenger agents of the Canadian railway and steamboat companies, now in session here to arrange summer excursion tariffs, have telegraphed the minister of customs that the proposed new regulations in regard to the admission of travelers' baggage from the United States to Canada are likely to seriously impede, if not altogether stop, tourist travel to Canada. They request that the regulations in question be not put in force till such time as the companies interested in international travel have an opportunity of expressing their views to the government.

NO INDIAN TROUBLES.

OTTAWA, April 13.—Officials of the department of Indian affairs say no information has been received tending to confirm the rumors of Indian troubles along the northwest frontier.

ENGLAND.

CHAMBERLAIN SPEAKS.

LONDON, April 13.—Chamberlain, while traveling to Ayr, was met at Skilmarnock station today by a crowd, who insisted that he should make a speech. In complying with their request, Chamberlain said that for the first time in its history the liberal party was allied with men whose hands were stained with blood, and was assisting them to carry out an obstructive policy in parliament. Unionist views regarding Ireland were unaltered. Chamberlain was frequently interrupted in the course of his speech by hisses of his opponents, exceeding the cheers of his supporters.

ENORMOUS EMIGRATION.

QUEENSTOWN, April 13.—Arrivals here of emigrants on their way to the United States are at present enormous. Railways are running special trains to accommodate the class of travel. The number of emigrants now waiting steamers to carry them to their destination is already greater than can be housed in the hotels and lodging houses, and many are camping in the streets. Fifteen hundred embarked yesterday. Three thousand more are expected to arrive Saturday to take steamers here.

BEECHER'S EULOGY.

LONDON, April 13.—Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker, pastor of the City Temple, states that he is almost certain he will accept the proffered honor of delivering the eulogy on Henry Ward Beecher. He will sail in June for New York.

A SCULPTOR DEAD.

LONDON, April 13.—The death is announced of Eugene Andre Oudine, French sculptor.

MEXICO.

REPEALING THE ELECTION LAW.

CITY OF MEXICO (via Galveston), April 13.—A joint committee of congress has reported in favor of the repeal of the amendment to the constitution forbidding the immediate re-election of a president, and it is generally believed in political circles that the measure will pass through congress and go to the state legislatures for their ratification. The *Partido*, a liberal paper which reflects the views of the administration, takes significant ground regarding the proposed change, and cautions congress against to act on any supposition as to the sentiments of President Diaz, but rather to act on their own judgment as to which is the best policy for the nation.

INDIAN CHIEF CAPTURED.

GUAYMAS, April 13.—Cajeme Yaqui, the Indian chief, was captured yesterday by Gen. Martinez at a ranch ten miles from Guaymas, where he has been hiding for two months' past. His capture ends the war between the Yaquis and Mexicans, which has been waged in Sonora for two years.

Cajeme has been hidden by an Indian family for the last two months, and had sent word to Gov. Torres that he would surrender to him if he was assured his life would be spared. Gov. Torres telegraphed to President Diaz for proper authority, but before the answer came from the City of Mexico the whereabouts of Cajeme was discovered by Gov. Torres, and Gen. Martinez went personally to capture him and bring him into Guaymas. When Cajeme was found he was armed with a rifle and had plenty of cartridges, but did not make any resistance, as Gen. Martinez promised him that he would not harm him. Cajeme has been chief of the Yaqui and Mayo Indians for the last twenty years, and has had great moral strength over both tribes, being at the same time the terror of the white race in the southern part of Sonora. The whole state is rejoicing over the capture of the Indian chief, and there was a local display of fireworks, illuminations and serenades by military bands in Guaymas last night. Cajeme was captured through the treachery of one of his followers. No definite action has been taken by Mexican authorities as to what his punishment will be, as they are awaiting instructions from President Diaz.

FRANCE.

STEAMER ASHORE.

PARIS, April 13.—A dispatch from Dieppe says the packet steamer Victoria is ashore on the rocks near that city. She stranded during the fog. Several of her passengers attached life buoys to their bodies and then jumped overboard and were carried out to sea. The others have been safely landed. The Victoria, at the time of the accident, had ninety passengers, and the company owning her believe all were saved.

LATEST.

The steamer Victoria is submerged. Twelve of the passengers were drowned.

A FRENCH REPLY.

PARIS, April 13.—*Le Paris*, replying to the strictures of the Berlin *Post* on France's attitude toward Germany, denounces Germany's policy as lying, cynical and brutal.

VENEZUELA.

BRITISH FRONTIER QUESTION.

PANAMA, April 13.—A Venezuela news agency thus summarizes the situation of affairs respecting the British Guiana frontier question with Venezuela: "The English have taken possession of all the territory up to Borna and Amacura, thus depriving us of the exclusive dominion on the Orinoco river. The Venezuelan government claimed this territory should be evacuated, but the British minister claimed this action of his government was correct; answer was made to him that this action violated the treaty of 1850, which stipulated that neither party would exercise jurisdiction beyond Pemar, and that if prior to the meeting of the boundary commissioners matters were not placed on the same footing on which they stood in 1850, friendly relations would be interrupted and Venezuela would protest.

GERMANY.

A SPIRITED EDITORIAL.

BERLIN, April 13.—The *Post* publishes a spirited article to-day on the relations between Germany and France. Referring to French cavalry evolutions at Luneville, in the department of Muerthe-et-Moselle, it says: "These and similar military preparations along the frontier bear the character of provocations, and appear to proceed entirely from a wish to aggravate and disturb Germany."

BRANDY TAX BILL.

BERLIN, April 13.—The draft of the brandy tax bill received Emperor William's signature, and will be immediately presented to the Bundesrath as a Prussian proposal.

NEW LOAN.

BERLIN, April 13.—It is stated that an issue of a new Russian loan for 100,000,000 roubles is imminent.

RUSSIA.

THE CZAR SCARED.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—The royal family have abandoned the proposed journey to Crimea, owing to grave reports from the interior. Two hundred and sixty political arrests were made at Odessa Easter Sunday. Five persons were surprised in a cellar engaged in filling bombs.

IRELAND.

A PRIESTLY PROTEST.

DUBLIN, April 13.—Archbishop Croke, of Cashel, and all priests of his diocese, have signed a memorial protesting against the passage of the new coercion bill, which document they allege is a measure calculated to lead to greater crimes.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

FIRE AT PANAMA.

PANAMA, April 13.—A fire took place yesterday at Imperator, one of the stations on the canal line. It destroyed the machine shop belonging to a contracting firm. The loss is estimated at $200,000. Two lives were lost.

ITALY.

THE POPE'S COUNSEL.

ROME, April 13.—Fanquelin says the pope has written the bishops of Alsace-Lorraine counseling them to avoid party questions and be especially careful to give Germany no pretext for complaint.

ALASKA SEAL FISHERIES.

The Question Occupying the Attention of the Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—A great part of the time at recent cabinet meetings has been occupied in the consideration of how far the government will go in the protection of the Alaska seal fisheries. The subject was up again at the cabinet meeting yesterday, but no conclusion was reached. The Alaska Commercial Company demand the exclusion of private sealers from the waters of the eastern half of the Behring sea. On the other hand it is claimed that a schooner engaged in sealing cannot be lawfully prevented from exercising its calling outside of a marine league from the shores of St. Paul and St. George islands. As has been previously stated, the administration fears that if it undertakes to claim absolute jurisdiction over half of Behring sea it cannot refuse the claim of Canada to control all waters within headland points on the coast of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Gen. Jeffries, attorney for the Commercial Company in Washington, insists that the two cases are not analogous and presents sound reasons for his position. The trouble is that Bayard surrendered to Great Britain the British sealing schooners Carolina, Kedward and Thompson, that were seized for violating the law by revenue cutters last year, and if he holds that vessels engaged in these fisheries have no right to take seals within the eastern half of Behring sea, he admits that he was wrong in surrendering to a foreign power property that had been legally seized and condemned to the United States. Secretary Fairchild told your correspondent to-day he expected notices would be issued warning all vessels from prosecuting seal fishing in waters adjacent to fur seal islands some time before the 15th of May, but the question has not been decided by the cabinet, and was causing great vexation.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

TROUBLE IN THE PACIFIC RAILROAD COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The president's difficulties in the selection of the commission to investigate the Pacific railways do not seem to have ended with the nomination of Messrs. Anderson, Pattison and Littler. Mr. Littler is a member of the Illinois legislature, and chairman of the house committee on appropriations. He is a republican whose seat, if he resigns, will be filled by a democrat. As the republicans hold the house by a bare majority of three, Littler's resignation would reduce this to one, and his republican friends object to his leaving, under the circumstances, before adjournment next June. As that is impossible, in view of the fact that the commission ought to get immediately at work, Mr. Littler finds himself in an embarrassing position. This trouble is also shared by the president, inasmuch as the commission is required to report the results of its investigation on December 1 next, a period of scarcely eight months distant. Meanwhile the two democratic members of the commission are chafing at the delay caused by Mr. Littler's hesitation. Altogether the situation is one of considerable embarrassment.

AVOIDING SUNDAY LAWS.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—A way around Sunday laws in this district which are to be rigidly enforced, has been found. It is through clubs. This morning there was an immense boom in the clubs. Books were opened for almost a score of new clubs, the entrance fee to be nominal, and no dues for maintenance. Most of the books were opened by well-known saloon men; and each member is to be permitted to visit the "club" on Sunday with friends, and buy wet goods at the usual club prices, which do not vary much from those at first-class bars. A large number of applications were made to registers to-day for charters, and they were granted in every instance, by laws of old clubs being substituted with proper alterations, and the names of all the old "bums" in town going in as directors, members, etc. A test of the validity of this action of clubs selling liquors to its members on Sunday has several times been made, and the clubs are secure.

THE VISITING EX-OFFICIALS.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—A letter has been received here from Treasurer Jordan, who is now in Paris, saying he will visit London about the 15th inst., and that he expects to sail for New York on the 21st inst. He says ex-Secretary Manning arrived in England in much better health than when he left New York, and that his visit to Bournemouth was arranged before his departure from this country, and was not, as has been generally supposed, the result of a relapse or anything of the kind. It is thought now Jordan's successor as treasurer, will not be appointed until after his return to Washington early in May.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—A committee consisting of Messrs. Charles Rhoades and Samuel Morris, and representing the Society of Friends of Pennsylvania, Delaware and New Jersey, waited on the president to-day and presented an address adopted by the society at a recent meeting in Philadelphia in regard to the Canadian fisheries question.

MISS AGNES DOLPH'S ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCEMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The engagement of Miss Agnes Dolph, daughter of the senator from Oregon, to Mr. Nixon, of New Orleans, is announced. The wedding is to take place next month. Miss Dolph is now in New York, where she will spend the week.

POSTAL RECEIPTS.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The gross postal receipts at thirty of the larger postoffices in the country for the first three months of the present year were $1,746,040; an increase of $381,481 over the corresponding period last year, or 87.10 per cent.

A NEW POSTOFFICE.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—A new postoffice has been established at Stuck, King county, W. T., with Sarah J. Inman as postmistress.

SPORTING NOTES.

BASEBALL.

CINCINNATI, April 13.—The St. Louis club went into to-day's championship game, but badly handicapped. Carruthers and Foutz were both disabled, and Boyle was put in to pitch. After one disastrous inning he changed places with Foutz, and the latter pitched a strong game, despite his lame arm. Fully 8000 people were present. The score stood:

Chicago	2 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—6
St. Louis	0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 0—3

A Case Not Beyond Help.

Dr. M. H. Hinsdale, Kewanee, Ill., advises us of a remarkable cure of Consumption. He says: "A neighbor's wife was attacked with violent lung disease, and pronounced beyond help from Quick Consumption. As a last resort the family was persuaded to try DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. To the astonishment of all, by the time she had used one-half dozen bottles she was about the house doing her own work. I saw her at her worst, and had no idea she could recover."

MASONIC RECEPTION.

Oregon Knights Templar Entertain their Friends.

GRAND COMMANDERY INSTALLED

An Elegant Social Affair Last Night at the Temple—The Dancing, the Supper and the Guests.

The reception and ball given by Oregon Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, last night, was the most brilliant social event of the year. The arrangements were perfect in every particular, and the many guests were received and entertained with the elegant hospitality for which the Knights Templar throughout all countries are noted. The three floors of Masonic temple were thrown open to the guests, who, on entering the building were ushered by four Knights in full uniform to the elevator, and, ascending, the gentlemen were left at the third floor, while the ladies were taken to the floor above. There a magnificent illuminated cross, the light sparkling from countless jets, directed them to their cloak room, where a corps of maids were in attendance. Each floor was handsomely decorated, beginning with the upper, which was devoted, besides the ladies' cloak room, to a card room for those fond of the more quiet sport, and adjoining it was the banquet hall. Each room was decorated with a number of banners bearing the symbols and mottoes of the Masonic order. Passing down by the stairway, carefully canvased, both steps and balustrade, to the floor below, the ladies were met by their escorts, and passing through the ante-room were ushered by two knights into the grand temple of the order, where they were received by Eminent Commander I. W. Pratt and his staff, Sir Donald Mackay and Sir B. E. Lippencott. After being presented a general reception was held, and at 10 o'clock the installation services were begun. Sir T. McF. Patton introduced the several officers to be installed.

These fond of dancing were at liberty after paying their respects to the eminent commander and his staff, without waiting for the initiation services, to descend to the ball room, where the best of music was in attendance from 9 o'clock on during the entire evening. Entering the main doors, heavily draped with flags, the large, brilliantly lighted dancing hall presented a beautiful appearance. The walls all around the hall were hung with banners and bright colored pennants, red, blue, green and yellow predominating. To the left of the doors was a little booth from which delicious punch was served with lavish hand. Midway along the south wall, and extending from floor to ceiling, hung the grand banner, presented to the commandery while in San Francisco in 1885. The stage from which a superb orchestra of thirteen pieces dispensed music never has been so tastily, yet so simply dressed. Two large flags fell in graceful festoons to either side, while a huge banner fell in heavy folds between them, together completely hiding the old unsightly scenery. At 11 o'clock the banquet room, on the upper floor, was thrown open, and an excellent supper was served by Messrs. Rum & Brandee, who had an efficient corps of waiters during the romantic hours of the evening. At the supper, as in the ball room, and, in fact, all the other features, the able work of the committee on arrangements was evident. Following are the names of the several committees, of which Sir P. S. Malcolm was chairman:

On reception, Sir B. G. Whitehouse and Sir Eugene D. White; on ball room, Sir F. A. E. Starr and Sir B. G. McKerchner; on refreshments, Sir John R. Foster and Sir J. F. Watson. To each gentleman on the several committees, and to them altogether is due the greatest praise for the perfect success of the evening. Taken altogether, the affair was an unqualified success, and, with their ball of three years ago, will go down in the social annals of this city as a red-letter night.

THE INSTALLATION.

These impressive services were witnessed and followed by an audience which filled the temple. About three months ago the three commanderies in the state, name y, at Portland, Albany and Eugene, petitioned for a warrant to constitute a grand commandery for Oregon, and designated the officers whom they desired should govern it. The petition was granted, and last night Sir Irving W. Pratt, as the deputy of the grand master of Knights Templar of the United States, and acting under his authority constituted the grand commandery of Oregon, and obligated and installed the officers. They are as follows:

Grand Commander—James F. Robinson of Eugene.
Deputy Grand Commander—R. P. Earhart of Salem.
Grand Generalissimo—F. N. Shurtleff of Portland.
Grand Captain-General—D. P. Mason of Albany.
Grand Prelate—B. S. Moran of Eugene.
Grand Senior Warden—E. S. Bean of Eugene.
Grand Junior Warden—George Humphrey of Albany.
Grand Treasurer—A. Roberts of Portland.
Grand Recorder—T. J. Babcock of Salem.
Grand Standard-Bearer—G. E. Withington of Portland.
Grand Sword-Bearer—J. M. Hodson of Eugene.
Grand Warder—J. W. Masten of Albany.
Grand Sentinel—F. W. Osburn of Eugene.

MEMBERS OF OREGON COMMANDERY.

Following is a complete list of members of Oregon commandery, No. 1:

J C Ainsworth	Geo P Hughes	Thomas Reese
Geo J Ainsworth	C C Hobart	J F Robinson
A P Anderson	Geo Humphrey	A Roberts
W A Atkinson	Elisha Hilton	M Reed
T A Abernethy	Royal T Heath	H S Rowe
F W Baltes	George H Hill	C W Roby
Wm Burnell	J Heibner	F N Shurtleff
W J Babcock	M Hoffman	W P Smith
Jas W Brasfield	C W Johnson	E J Sprague
Wm H Barr	Z Job	Chas E Sitton
J R N Bell	J H Kuntz	G Mc K Stroud
C J Bailey	S S Kearney	Louis Sohns
J M Buckley	H Kausche	H O Smith
Sami Bullock	F Kelly	S A Smith
Jas H Bayley	B E Lippincott	H W Stratton
John Brown	J B Lee	E D Smith
Lester A Bailey	Hugh Logan	Joel G Scoby
W N Babb	D C Lewis	J O Spencer
J E Cogle	C H Lewis	R S Stubbs
M T Coughlughan	C Leinenweber	J M Sloan
H N Crain	D P Mason	J J Spencer
J C Church	D MacKay	J E Smith
L G Clarke	John Muldrick	W W Sprague
S S Cook	D C McKercher	Chris Taylor
James Coldwell	A L Mason	Jay Tuttle
James W Cook	W S Myers	Sawall Truax
A R Colborn	A S Macallister	E H C Taylor
Thos R Crawford	S Malcolm	Henry Tuetsen
F B Dunn	F A Moore	T P Thompson
J N Dolph	E F McCornac	D W Taylor
Sidney Dell	Edwd H Miller	A Thurlow
W J Dyer	W N Moore	D S Tuthill
W F Earhart	A F Mayhew	W T Wright
H W Eagan	A Nasburg	B G Withington
H Everding	A Nicolai	G E Withington
John R Foster	Geo E Nottage	A W Waters
H A Foster	Thos Olesen	Wm Wadhams
John Gray	S L Pope	A J Woodworth
M C George	The McF Patton	J Whiteaker
R F Gibons	I W Pratt	E M Wade
J H George	J F Peters	D P White
G B Gray	I F Powers	W H Williams
Enoch Holtt	G W Percy	James F Watson
F Hacheney	E R Reames	
M F Homan	T G Reames	

OFFICERS OF THE COMMANDERY.

At the annual election of Oregon Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, held on Good Friday, April 8, the following officers were chosen: Eminent commander, B. E. Lippincott; generalissimo, D. Mackay; captain general, S. L. Pope; prelate, A. Thurlow; recorder, B. G. Whitehouse; treasurer, Andrew Roberts; senior warden, E. D. White; junior warden, D. W. Taylor; warder, C. W. Johnson. The appointive officers will be designated in future by the eminent commander elect.

THE GUESTS.

Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Foster, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Brigham, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Bellinger, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Browning, Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Corbett, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Carson, Mr. and Mrs. John Cran, Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Cardwell, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Durham, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dekum, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. DeHart, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Emmons, Rev. and Mrs. T. L. Eliot, Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Gill, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Green, Mr. and Mrs. S. Heitshu, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hathaway, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kapus, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. James R. McCraken, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. McCraken, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Gamble, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Northrup, Dr. and Mrs. A. S. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bretherton, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Stratton, Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Schuyler, Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Sellwood, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Steffen, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Tuthill, Mr. and Mrs. L. Therke sen, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. VanSchuyver, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Wygant, Mrs. W. M. Whidden, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Winch, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Willey, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Gelliland, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morton, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Roby, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. S. Bullock, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. George, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Babcock, Mr. R. P. Earhart, The Misses Cylie, Addie and Eva Earhart, Mr. W. J. Clarke, Mr. F. B. Allston, Mr. E. P. McCornac of Salem, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Withington, Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Whitehouse, Col. and Mrs John McCraken, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Bates, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cordgle, Mr. B. E. Lippencott, Mr. D. Mackay, Mr. D. C. McKercher, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Moreland, Miss Moreland, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Malcolm, Mr. E. P. McCormac, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Pratt, Mr. A. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Shurtleff, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Story, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Barnard, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Farrar, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Harrington, Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Struble, Mr. and Mrs. Woodward, Mrs. J. B. Montgomery, Mrs. D. P. Thompson, Mrs. Cunningham, Mrs. Capt. O. Sebree, Mrs. R. B. Wilson, Mrs. McCall, Mrs. D. D. McMillan, Mrs. Mills, Mrs. White, Mrs. Steers, Mrs. W. F. Carson, Mrs. G. H. Durham, Mrs. E. A. Moore, Mrs. J. R. Wyatt, Mrs. W. B. King, Mrs. C. W. Knowles, Mrs. Van Rensaeler, Mrs. Geo. Cleveland, Miss Evelyn Wallace, Miss Eva Lewis, Miss Wilson, Miss Clementina Wilson, Miss Savier, Miss Louise Wilson, Miss Minnie Smith, Miss Gertrude Pennoyer, Miss Florence Savier, Miss Eugenia Cunningham, Miss May Montgomery, Miss Edith Yarndley, Miss Belle Yarndley, Miss Beck, Miss Flanders, Miss Ada McCraken, Miss Stout, Miss Mary Stout, Miss Bonnie Laidlaw, Miss Nellie Durham, the Misses Eudy, Miss Ott, Miss Lalla Dalton, Miss Bradbury, Miss Susie Bradbury, Miss Gertrude Whitehouse, Miss Tupper, Miss Fannie Cooper, Miss Elsie Hoyt, Miss Kate Wallace, Miss Sadie Wallace, Miss McMillan, Miss Minnie Thompson, Miss McCarthy, Miss Bates, Miss Allie Forsyth, Miss Caddie Van Schuyver, Miss Jones, Miss Beveridge, Miss Moses, Miss Thurlow, Miss Pinkie Sears, the Misses Stroud, Miss Louise Eaton, Judge Matthew P. Deady, Messrs. R. B. Adams, N. S. Dreyer, Bert Bosworth, W. L. Boles, Scott Brooke, Mac Brooke, Judge L. L. McArthur, C. L. Hawkins, George F. Willatt, Edward Cookingham, James Canby, J. C. Dockpribil, Duncan Taylor, Hallis White, A. P. DeLin, Dr. F. B. Eaton, Dr. Will Jones, John Eudy, John Ellinger, Fred M. Gilmore, Harry Hegul, C. C. Fallenius, A. Feldenheimer, Alfred Holman, F. E. Hart, R. W. Hoyt, Geo. F. Holman, W. H. Hare, F. N. Jones, F. A. Knapp, G. F. Brown, N. J. Levinson, J. C. Lewis, Frederick V. Holman, Allen Lewis, Ralph Moody, J. F. Pappe, Gustaf Wilson, Capt. Allan Noyes, S. W. Pease, C. H. Phillips, J. F. Wiley, C. G. McCord, F. E. Powers, Capt. Geo. A. Pease, Geo. F. Russell, C. F. Raffely, Dav Raffely, E. Taubauser, Jr., C. S. Richardson, Cleveland Rockwell, C. C. Smith, E. H. Shepard, Judge O. S. Savage, Geo. W. Snell, Arthur B. Burrie, R. B. Tuttle, A. Thurlow, Geo. Taylor, Jr., W. B. Thomas, Edw. Stone, John B. Wheat, Will Wygant, T. R. Wilmerding, J. M. Wallace, A. L. Wyllie, John M. Watson and others.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

United States vs. Griswold; judgment of district court affirmed.

McKim & Mead et al. vs. Oregon Transcontinental Company; demurrer to bill sustained; plaintiff allowed till rule day in May to file amended bill.

Robert Bragg vs. the city of Portland; final hearing.

First National bank of Salem vs. the Salem, Or., Capital Flouring Mills Company et al., order for publication of service on defendant Joseph F. Kelly.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO. 1.

J. T. Bowles vs. Ben Sunderland; motion for new trial denied and judgment for defendant.

Henry Meldrum vs. J. H. Rathburn; motion to quash proceedings supplimental to execution denied.

Oregon and Washington Savings bank vs. T. A. Jackson; demurrer to complaint overruled.

Portland & Willamette Valley Railroad Company vs. W. J. Abernethy; plaintiff allowed ten days to reply.

M. F. Culver vs. J. H. Sprague; confirmation of sale.

S. S. Brown vs. J. J. Fisher; dismissed.

P. & W. V. Railroad Company vs. the city of Portland; appeal from supreme court reversing judgment of court below.

Sol Abrahams vs. O. & C. railroad; demurrer to answer in abatement.

P. C. Smith, juror, excused until Monday.

David Robertson vs. F. Leach; on trial.

WHERE IS THE STREET SUPT.?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

On East Fark, near Jefferson street, can be seen a heap of refuse, dumped there by parties occupying the medical college building, that is a disgrace to our city. It has been allowed to remain there so long that rank grass several inches high has sprouted up through it in every direction. Probably lying concealed the disgusting refuse from the sight of strangers when they drive on this the finest street in the city. Where is our street inspector? P. D.

RAILROAD NOTES.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC ELECTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific company the following officers and directors were elected to-day: For the Central Pacific railroad—Leland Stanford, president; C. P. Huntington, vice-president; E. H. Miller, Jr., secretary; Timothy Hopkins, treasurer; Charles Crocker, C. F. Crocker, W. V. Huntington. For the Southern Pacific railroad—Charles Crocker, president; C. F. Crocker, vice-president; Timothy Hopkins, Charles Mayne, W. V. Huntington, R. T. Smith, S. L. Wilcutt. The earnings for the past year show a net increase of more than $15,000,000 over last year. The directors of the branch lines are all re-elected.

WORSTING CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The Panhandle road has made the same rates on freight from Pittsburg to Keokuk and Burlington as it makes to St. Louis. As the quarrel between Eastern and Western lines has resulted in the abrogation of pro-rating, and local rates are charged to and from Chicago, this results in all of the western business from Pittsburg being diverted from Chicago. The Lake Shore railroad, which is a competitor for Pittsburg business and only connects with Chicago lines, is threatening retaliation against the Panhandle.

EXCURSION RATES.

The committee appointed by the Western Passenger Association to prepare a report regarding excursion rates submitted one to-day. It directs that special rates shall be given to state fairs and large conventions and gatherings, such as Knights Templar, Odd Fellows and Grand Army of the Republic. The association is now considering whether these excursions shall be conducted on the old certificate plan or thrown open to the public on the date when conventions shall be held.

REVISING RULES.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Members of the Central Traffic Association of the passenger department continued in session to-day, revising their rules to fit the new law. Differences of opinion on essential points were so marked, however, that but little progress was made.

B. & O. DIVIDEND.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the B. & O. Railway to-day a dividend of 1 per cent on the main stock and 5 per cent on the Washington branch for the past six months was declared. President Garrett was not present.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

SOCKS MONEY.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The den of a gang of sawdust swindlers in full operation was raided here to-day, and the gang, four in number, Joseph Little, W. J. Brown, George Wheeson and George Plotts, were locked up. The police seized over $2000 in new bank notes, many express packages of alleged bogus money, and six dry goods boxes filled with addressed stamp envelopes, most of them to southern and western points.

EXPRESS ROBBERY CASE.

CHICAGO, April 13.—The *Daily News'* special from Morris, Ill., says: All evidence in the trial of Brakeman Schwartz and Watt for the robbery and murder of express messenger Nichols, was completed this evening. The testimony against the prisoners has been purely circumstantial. Arguments begin to-morrow. The case will probably be given to the jury Saturday.

PRIESTS EXERCISED.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Roman Catholic clergymen of this diocese continue to be greatly exercised over the testimony in favor of Archbishop Corrigan as against Dr. McGlynn. The outspoken denunciation of it by Dr. Curran and others has caused some of them to talk freely against it. A few of those who had signed the paper, it is claimed, have ordered their signatures stricken off. Said one well-known priest yesterday: "The paper was a big mistake. It was gotten up by a few of the archbishop's over-zealous supporters who had an idea that the American priest could be bulldozed into anything, but they find out we think for ourselves, and we won't be driven. I know one young priest who was told if he did not sign the paper he would fall under suspicion. Then he replied with just indignation: 'I'll never sign it, if that is to mark my loyalty to my bishop.' Two archbishops owned to the council that they refused to sign and denounced the scheme. I don't wonder the archbishop practically repudiated it. It has been given up as a bad job."

Rupture Permanently Cured.

No surgery. Work every day; cure guaranteed. Call on or address Purdue & Luther, Rooms 8 and 9, First National Bank, Portland.

PRESBYTERY OF OREGON.

Rev. J. R. N. Bell Deserts the "Carcass of the Rebellion."

HE ADDRESSES THE PRESBYTERY.

First Day's Proceedings—Calls from Various Churches —Portland Selected as the Place for the Next Meeting.

EUGENE, Or., April 13.—Presbytery of Oregon convened at the Presbyterian church in this city, at 7:30 last evening. The spacious church building was crowded to its utmost capacity by the delegates, their lady friends and residents of the city. After some excellent singing by the church choir prayer was offered by Rev. J. V. Milligan, of Ashland, stated clerk, after which, by a preconcerted arrangement, with a committee of the State Temperance Alliance, Rev. Mr. Dilworth addressed the audience on the subject of abolishing the saloon and the drink traffic. The reverend gentleman spoke for an hour in a most eloquent manner and introduced in a masterly manner many strong, logical arguments why this evil should be suppressed. At the close of the address Hon. J. Voorhees, retiring moderator, called the presbytery to order and delivered an excellent practical address. The roll of the churches was then called and the following members and delegates responded:

Ministers—M. A. Williams, Medford; Robt. Robe, Brownsville; J. A. Hanna, Oak Ridge; Donald Rose, Portland; E. J. Thompson, D. D. Albany; C. F. Waldeck-er, Bethany; H. S. Holt, Portland; W. A. Sinclk, Roseburg; G. A. McKinley, Eugene; Geo. Rose, Tualatin plains; E. N. Condit, Marion; Thos. Boyd, South Portland; J. V. Milligar, Ashland; D. O. Ghormley, East Portland; E. R. Pritchard, Albany; E. R. Murgatroyd, Independence; E. W. O. Forbes, Albina; E. T. Ingle, Gervais.

Elders—E. C. Holden, Astoria; H. A. Temple, Brownsville; J. H. Scott, Crawfordsville; Caleb Davis, Corvallis; John Jones, Ranyer creek, Wm. Benedict, Roseburg; Prof. J. A. Straub, Eugene; T. W. Rutherford, Marion; C. Condit, Pleasant Grove; O. P. S. Plummer, Portland; J. F. Rhodes, Sellwood; John Honeyman, Calvary, Portland; W. B. Ray, St. Johns, Portland; J. R. Ewing, East Portland; J. Gusenderfen, Albany; Hon. J. Voorhees, Gervais; J. A. Van Eaton, Salem; J. P. Emmett, Spring valley; A. W. Stowell, First church, Portland.

Licentiates—J. E. Day, Clatsop plains; J. A. Gardner, Lafayette; fifteen ladies from different localities of the Woman's Presbyterian Home and Foreign Missionary society.

Rev. R. H. Murgatroyd was elected moderator for J. F. Rhodes, temporary clerk, and E. C. Holden, reporting clerk.

SECOND DAY.

The morning session of the presbytery met at 9 o'clock, Rev. E. R. Murgatroyd, moderator, presiding.

After roll call Rev. H. A. Newell, formerly of the presbytery of Utah, presented his credentials and was duly received and his name enrolled as a member of the Oregon presbytery.

Stated Clerk Rev. J. V. Milligan read the minutes of last fall meeting of the presbytery at Albany and the *pro re nata* meeting in Portland in February last, which were approved.

The moderator announced the names selected to fill standing committees.

Rev. E. J. Thompson, D. D., resigned the chairmanship of the home mission committee, owing to his time being fully occupied in ministerial and educational work. His resignation was accepted.

The names of absentees from the last meeting were called, and valid reasons being given, they were excused.

Rev. W. O. Forbes was elected chairman of the home mission committee, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Dr. Thompson.

Rev. J. R. N. Bell, of Roseburg, being present, was invited to sit as a corresponding member.

A motion was introduced to form a committee to revise the appointment of home mission and other permanent committees, which was warmly discussed until the time appointed for the half-hour service, which was led by Elder E. C. Holden, after which the morning session closed with prayer by Rev. Thos. Boyd.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Moderator Murgatroyd called the presbytery to order at 2 P. M.

Rev. W. H. Landon, of Calvary church, Portland, arrived and took his seat.

The question of the next place of meeting was introduced. Invitations were extended by the Astoria church and the First Presbyterian

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.

FURNISHED ROOM, ...

FOR RENT—TWO ...

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROO...

FOR RENT—NICELY ...

FURNISHED AND ...

FOR RENT—IN ...

ROOMS TO RENT—FIN...

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS ...

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ...

FOR RENT—PLEASANT ...

NICELY FURNISHED ROO...

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROO...

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.

STORE TO LET—NO. ... Third. Apply to 129 Front ...

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FROEBEL KINDERGARTEN ... School, 246 Washington ...

LADIES' EMPLOYMENT OF... making, 213 Washington ...

MME. DEPRANG, ... Ladies can have their work ... Root, at 220 Washington ... Healing Power of Mind ... from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. ... 1220 to 2 P. M.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTI... hereby given that the ... appointed by the County Court ... of Multnomah, deceased. All ... against said estate are hereby ... same to me, properly verified ... with A. Train, Room ... son, within six months from ... hereof. ... Administrator of the estate ... ceased.

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN ... was passed by the boards ... deceased, in the county ... ner of First and Plain ... Portland, ... contains the business ... customers and others ... requested to call.

All parties knowing themselves ... Schmidt, who was doing a general ... the corner of First and Main ... to call at the store and settle ...

Dated ... GEO. ZOLLY.

SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2.—... school district—Webster's ... the voter of the above district ... March 7, 1887, the undersigned ... duties to ascertain what ... said district on the south side ... Eleventh sts., could be sold for ... suitable block on which to erect ... the northern portion of said ... chased for, and report at ... held on Monday evening, ... accordance with ... received at the office of John ... of said committee, until Wednesday ... from persons desirous of purchasing ... First and from those having ... northern portion of the district ... limits, viz: Seventh st. on the ... the east, C st. on the south and ... Bids must state the price ... Bids will be sold for, and the ... for the property on 1 st.

... President.
... East Portland, March 9, 1887.

JOHN THOMPSON & CO. HAVE ... pointed Agents for the ... the Columbia River Paper ... pared to purchase, for cash, ... Rope and all other kinds of ... Metal of all kinds. 4 and 6 ...

FINANCIAL.

$1000 TO LOAN ON CITY OR COUNTRY ... real estate; no commission ... 4 Morrison, Mackay building.

MONEY TO LOAN—THE GERMAN SAVINGS ... and Loan Society of San Francisco ... loans on improved farms and ... property. Apply to B. GOLDSMITH ... Portland.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT ANY ... kind of security, such as ... without removals. Pianos, Organs, ... Buggies, or Personal Notes with ... dorser. R. A. FRAME, 123½ First st., ... Inter Ocean.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HERCULES ROSENTHAL'S FASHIONABLE ... Dress and Mantle Parlors ... made to order at the lowest ... pooling in store. Shampooing ... hair in vogue. Dressing ... class work, and satisfaction ... 128 Second st.

S. H. GREENBERG, WHOLESALE ... Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, ... st. Room 3, San Francisco.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

E. J. ROWEN, WHOLESALE ... and Commission Merchant ...

SUTTON & PEEBLES, SHIP CHANDLERY AND ... Naval Stores, 16 N. Front st. Portland, Or.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND ... Merchants, Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

H. E. BATTIN & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION ... merchants and produce dealers, 12 Front st.

C. CESAR & CO., SHIPPING AND COMMISSION ... also Merchants, 20 North Front st., Portland.

MASON, EHRMAN & CO., WHOLESALE AND ... ers and commission merchants, Nos. 7 and 9 North Front street, Portland, Or.

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND ... Commission Merchants; agents for San Francisco ... Arcata Lime Co. 54 Front, corner Ash.

MILLER & WEST—(J. O. MILLER, W. H. ... commission merchants in general ... dance, 16 Front st., between Washington and Stark.

SIMON, LAUKENBUSH & CO., SHIPPING AND ... Commission Merchants, specialties—wheat, ... salmon, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash ... Portland, Or.

HERMAN METZGER, PURCHASER OF HIDES, ... Furs, Furs, Wool and Tallow, and general Commission ... Hides, Pelts, S. W. cor. Front and Alder ... Portland, Or. Liberal cash ...

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, ... ers 16 Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROCERS ... and Commission Merchants, 24 and 26 Front ... Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROCERS, ... Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 8 ... and 28 Front street, Portland, Or.

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

OREGON OIL CLOTHING MANUFACTURING ... company, 102 North Front st. Entrance ... Addition, East Portland.

NUSTADTER BROS. MANUFACTURING ... Store of the Head Office ... Men's Furnishing Goods and Cal ... 67, 69, 71 Front st., Portland, Or.

MACHINISTS.

TENNEMAN & WOLFE, MACHINISTS, ... and Third sts., Housekeepers ... shutters, and machinery of ... and moulding tools to order.

MILL AND MINE MACHINERY.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE ... Mower and Reaper, Carpenter's ... Header, Schuttler Wagons, ...

SEEDS AND BULBS.

E. W. ALLEN, SUCCESSOR TO ... wholesale and retail dealer in ...

BROWN BROS. MANUFACTURING RIVET ...

DENNIS GORGESON & CO., ... Portland and 7 Market st., San ...

GRAND SALE OF PLANTS
AT THE FLORAL GARDENS
147 MARKET ST.

In order to reduce stock, I am ... plants at REDUCED PRICES. ... specimens, 2 Cereus ... Ivy Geranium, Gazania ... Primrose, Fuchsia, ... Begonia Rex and Lady ... up, Carnations in ... Blooming Shubbery, ... Low Prices. O. RUDOLPH.

SHIP WM. H. STARBUCK,

REED, Master

From New York ... cern wishing ... please call at ... freight and ... remain in ... due barge will be ... shipment ...

Portland, Or., Apr ...

FOR SALE—VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

THE ... and ... will be sold ... city must be sold ... corner of ... and Alder ... Real Estate Dealers, ...

DEAFNESS ... twenty-eight years' ... specialties ... Medical ... Richard Scott ...

L. C. ENGER,
WOOD DEALER.
SLOCUM ...
FOOT ...
Supply ...

THE FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' STORE.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

1887 SPRING AND SUMMER 1887

Dress Silks.

BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS.

... inches, price ... $ 85
... inches, price ... 1 00
... inches, price ... 1 25
... inches, price ... 1 50
... inches, price ... 1 60
... inches, price ... 1 75
... inches, price ... 2 00

COLORED GROS GRAIN SILKS.

... inches, for ... 1 10
... inches, for ... 1 25

Invite inspection of our $1 10 Silks. They ... a street and evening shades.

FIGURED SILKS—BLK & COLORED

... some rare bargains in this line.

SURAH SILKS

... per yard. For beauty of finish and real ... these goods are unsurpassed. They come ... in the staple colors, also in the new shades, ...

... OTTER,
... MINERVA,
... BLEGE.

SUMMER SILKS.

... Gold Check ... 40c
... and White Check ... 40c
... and Red Check ... 40c
... and Cream Check ... 40c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Checks ... 75c
... ... 75c

... showing Pin-head Checks and Change-... Silks in over twenty shades.

VELVETS—BLACK & COLORED.

... for ... 45c
... for ... 70c

... comparison of our 70c Satins with ... elsewhere for $1.

FIGURED SATINS AND RHADAMES, ... and Colored, from $1 upward.

Dress Goods.

VELVETS.

... Velvet ... $1 00
... Velvet ... 1 50
... Velvet ... 1 65
... Velvet ... 1 75
... Velvet ... 2 50
... Velvet ... 3 00
... Velvet ... 1 00
... Velvet ... 1 50
... Velvet ... 1 75
... Velvet ... 1 75
... Velvet ... 1 75
... Velvet ... 1 75
... Velvet ... 1 75
... Velvet ... 2 25

... we have just opened a line of ... of the celebrated Dessauer Brand, ... and stripes, which we offer at ... low price of $2 25 per yard.

RIBBON VELVETEENS

... at 75c, regular price $1.

PLUSHES.

... Silk Plush ... $1 25
... Silk Plush ... 1 65
... Silk Plush ... 2 00

... is handsome a line of Plushes as ... seen in Portland. A careful examina-... of ours will convince you that for quality, ... and finish they are unequaled.

Dress Goods.

... purpose at this time to give a ... price list of our DRESS GOODS ... Only those novelties suitable for spring ... wear will receive attention in this ... We will pass

BLACK GOODS

... statement that our stock is complete, ... in price from

10½ Cents to $2 per Yard.

... special dress materials, such as CASH-... OTTOMANS, SERGES and TWILLS, ... all lines ranging in price from

10 Cents to $1 50 per Yard.

... special attention is called to the new styles, ... and effects that we are now showing in

SPRING GOODS.

... Suiting ... $1 25
... Cashmere ... 1 00
... Cashmere Suiting ... 75
... Cashmere Checks ... 65
... Cashmere Lama ... 75
... Cashmere ... 75
... Cashmere Plaid ... 65
... Cashmere Check ... 65
... Cashmere Tweeds ... 65
... Cashmere Checks ... 65
... Cashmere Checks ... 50
... Cashmere Stripe ... 50
... Diagonal ... 20
... Diagonal ... 25
... Diagonal ... 25
... Brocaded Flannels ... 20
... Flannel Suiting ... 20
... Diagonal ... 15
... Flannel Suiting, 10 yards for ... 1 00
... Flannel Veiling, 10 yards for ... 1 00

PRINT COTTON DRESS FABRICS.

... Lawns, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c.
... Lawns, 12½c, 15c.
... Lawns, 15c.
... Cambrics, 5c.
... Cambrics, 32 inches wide, 15c.
... Cambrics, 32 inches wide, 12½c.
... Percales, 12½c.
... Percales, 15c.
... Percales, 20c.
... Percales, 12½c.
... Cloths, 15c.
... Cloths, 12½c.

Dress Goods.

COTTON DRESS FABRICS.

WHITE, CREAM, ECRU.

Pique Checks and Stripes ... 8c, 10c, 15c
White Dress Checks ... 20c
White Corded Lace Checks ... 30c
White Corded Stripe ... 25c
Ecru Fancy Lace Stripe ... 25c
Cream Mull, red or blue stripe ... 25c
White Checked Mull ... 30c
Cream Checked Mull ... 30c
White Dotted Swiss ... 25c, 30c, 35c
Ecru Dotted Swiss ... 40c
Ecru Flowered Swiss ... 40c
Cream Swiss, Colored Dots ... 25c, 35c
Linen Lawn, solid colors ... 20c
Batistes ... 35c
Nainsook Checks and Stripes ... 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c
Victoria Lawn ... 15c, 20c, 25, 30c, 35c, 40c
Bishop Lawn ... 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS.

White or Cream ... $1 25 per pair
White ... $1 50, 1 60, 1 75, 2 00, 2 50, 2 75, 3 00, 4 00, 5 00, 6 50, 7 50

NOTTINGHAM LACE NET ... 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c, 70c per yard

SCRIMS.

Plain Cream ... 15c
Fancy Stripe ... 15c, 20c
Fancy Flowered ... 20c, 25c

WHITE TOILET SPREADS.

Honeycomb ... 75c, $1 00, 1 25, 1 40
Marseilles ... $2 00, 2 50, 2 75, 3 00, 3 50

COLORED TOILET QUILTS.

Honeycomb ... $1 15, 1 40, 1 75

Dress Goods.

VELVETS.

... inches, price ... $ 05
... inches, price ... 10
... inches, price ... 15
... inches, price ... 20
... inches, price ... 25
... inches, price ... 30
... inches, price ... 35

SILVER GROS GRAIN SILKS.

... inches, for ... $1 00
... inches, for ... 1 10
... inches, for ... 1 25

Invite inspection of our $1 10 Silks. They ... a street and evening shades.

FIGURED SILKS—BLK & COLORED

... some rare bargains in this line.

SURAH SILKS

... per yard. For beauty of finish and real ... these goods are unsurpassed. They come ... in the staple colors, also in the new shades, ...

... OTTER,
... MINERVA,
... BLEGE.

SUMMER SILKS.

... Gold Check ... 40c
... and White Check ... 40c
... and Red Check ... 40c
... and Cream Check ... 40c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Striped ... 62½c
... Checks ... 75c
... ... 75c

... showing Pin-head Checks and Change-... Silks in over twenty shades.

VELVETS—BLACK & COLORED.

... for ... 45c
... for ... 70c

... comparison of our 70c Satins with ... elsewhere for $1.

FIGURED SATINS AND RHADAMES, ... and Colored, from $1 upward.

Fancy Goods.

EMBROIDERIES.

2000 yards, at ... 1c per yard
2000 yards, at ... 2c per yard
2000 yards, at ... 4c per yard
2000 yards, at ... 5c per yard
2000 yards, at ... 6c per yard
2000 yards, at ... 7c per yard
2000 yards, at ... 8c per yard

INSERTIONS.

1000 yards, at ... 5c per yard
1000 yards, at ... 7c per yard
1000 yards, at ... 10c per yard
1000 yards, at ... 12½c per yd

SPECIAL VALUE.

3000 yards extra wide Hamburg Embroidery, at 20c and 25c per yard. Cannot be duplicated in quality for double the money.

WIDE SWISS EMBROIDERY

At 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c; sold at fancy goods stores for three times these prices.

SKIRTING EMBROIDERY.

Full width ... $1 per yard

ALL-OVER EMBROIDERY.

A superfine article for ... 85c

EMBROIDERY YOKING.

Red or Blue for ... $1 10
Narrow embroidery to match.

EMBROIDERED MULLS.

Wide Flouncing for ... $1 25
Narrow embroidery to match, per yard ... 25

LACES.

Linen Torchon ... 2c per yard upwards
Valenciennes ... 2c per yard upwards
Oriental ... 8c per yard upwards
Colored Torchon ... 8c per yard upwards

We also have a full line of Spanish, Guipure, Maltese and Bretonne Laces.

DRAPERIES AND FLOUNCING.

Oriental Laces ... $1, $1 50 and $2 per yard
Laces in narrow width to match.
Valenciennes Lace ... $1 00 per yard
Narrow width ... 35 per yard

We have the Valenciennes Lace Flouncing in white, cream and ecru.

Cream Spanish Lace ... $2 per yard
Narrow Lace to match.
Black Spanish Lace ... $2, $3 and $4 per yard
Narrow Lace to match.

LADIES' EMBROIDERED

White Swiss Dresses ... $6, $7, $7 50, $9, $10

WHITE SWISS EMBROIDERED SUITS

12 yds plain goods, ... $2 00
4½ yds narrow embroidery, ... 2 25
4½ yds wide embroidery, ... 2 50
... OTTOMANS, SERGES and TWILLS, ... 4 00
... all lines ranging in price from ... each 5 50

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Drawers ... 40c, 50c, 75c, $1, 1 25, 1 50
Chemises ... 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, $1, 1 25, 1 50
Skirts ... 50c, 75c, 90c, $1 00, 1 75, 2, 2 50, 3
Nightgowns ... $1, 1 25, 1 50, 1 75, 2, 2 50, 3
Ladies' Setts (Drawers, Chemise and Night-gown) $5, 7 50, 8 50.

The above goods are either trimmed in lace or embroidery, and we claim them to be the best value in the city.

LADIES' HOSE.

Solid colors ... 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 33⅓c, 40c, 50c

Special Value.

Lisle Thread at ... 25c
Full Finish at ... 25c

Stripes ... 15c, 16⅔c, 25c, 40c, 50c

Special Value.

Hair Line Stripes at ... 40c
Full Finish Stripes at ... 25c
Blocks ... 25c, 50c

Special Value.

Blocks at ... 25c

Lisle Thread ... 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, 1 25, 2, 2 50

We are showing all the new designs in

SOLID COLORS, CHECKS,
STRIPES, BLOCKS,
FANCY EMBROIDERED.

A visit to our hosiery department will well repay any intending purchaser.

MISSES' HOSE.

Solid colors ... 25c, 33⅓c, 50c

Special Value.

Ribbed ... 25c
Full Finish ... 25c
Lisle Thread ... 50c

Stripes 10c, 12½c, 15c, 16⅔c, 20c, 25, 30, 33⅓, 40

Special Value.

Full Finish ... 25c

We have many lines that space will not permit us to price.

Fancy Goods.

CORSETS.

Abdominal ... $1 25
Sensible Nursing ... 1 25
Dr. Warner's ... 99
525 French Woven ... 2 25
Patti ... 1 25
Automatic ... 1 00
DR. BALL'S ... 75
DR. SCHILLING'S ... 1 00
W. & U., No. 209 ... 75
P. N., Pure Whalebone ... 1 25
DR. BEARDSLEY'S ... 1 25
P. N., No. 823 ... 1 50
P. N., No. 211 ... 1 50
Mountain Pink ... 50
Young Lady ... 99
Dr. Scott's, No. 1 ... 1 00
Dr. Scott's, No. 2 ... 1 50
Dr. Scott's, No. 3 ... 2 00
W. & U., No. 310 ... 1 25
Rainbow ... 75
Twilight ... 75
Paris Fancy ... 75
C. B., No. 284 ... 1 75
PATENT ROMAN ... 2 00
P. N., No. 209 ... 2 00

KID GLOVES.

OUR LEADER, 50c per pair, black and colored, 3 button.

5-hook Kid Glove ... $1 00
4-button Kid Glove ... 1 50
Undressed Kid ... 1 25 and 1 35

SILK GLOVES.

Embroidered Silk ... 50c
Raw Silk ... 75c
Raw Silk ... $1 00
Embroidered Jersey Silk ... 1 00
Black and Colored.

LISLE THREAD GLOVES.

Embroidered Jersey Lisle ... 35c
Embroidered Jersey Lisle (extra long) ... 50c
English Lisle ... 60c
Black and Colored.

SILK MITTS.

Tan and Opera Shades ... 25c
Tan and Opera Shades ... 40c
Tan and Opera Shades ... 75c
Black ... 75c and $1

Also a full line of Misses' Gloves and Mitts.

HAND KERCHIEFS.

Colored Border, 5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 33⅓c, 40c, 50c.
White Hemstitched, 20c, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c.
Mourning, 5c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c.
Silk, 50c, 75c, $1 00.

JERSEYS.

Pleated Back, Vest Front, Beaded, four grades, at $2 50, 3 00, 3 25, 3 50.

This is the Latest New York Novelty.

Plaited, Back Plain ... $1 50
Plaited, Back Braided ... 1 50
Astrachan (all colors) ... 2 25

We are selling at 75c Fast Black Jerseys, embroidered fronts and plaited backs (have all sizes), good value at $1 50. We have a full line of Misses' Jerseys in colors at 75c, 85c, $1.

SHAWLS AND SCARFS.

Special line of Small Plaids ... $1 00
Ghudda Armure ... 2 50
Cream, Tan, Blue.
Special line Brocade ... 3 00
Cashmere Shawls, light shades ... 3 00
Cashmere Embroidered ... 4 00
Blue, Cream, Cardinal.
Drap de Alma, new shades ... 6 00
Broche Silk Mixed ... 7 50
Embroidered Cashmere Scarfs ... 3 00
Cream, Tan, Drab, Blue.

PIANO COVERS.

Embroidered ... $6 00, 7 50, 8 50

TABLE COVERS.

Embroidered ... $2 50, 3 00, 4 00

STAND COVERS.

Embroidered ... 90c

BUGGY SPREADS.

Linen, striped, $1 00, 1 25, regular price 1 50 and 2 00.

Want of space prevents us from giving prices of

RIBBONS, FANS,
BUTTONS, VARNS,
COMBS, BRUSHES,
BUSTLES, HOOP SKIRTS,
DRESS SHIELDS, BRAIDS,

And many other lines too numerous to mention

PARASOLS

Are now arriving, and we will quote prices later on. We will show all the NOVELTIES in this line this season, and our prices, as usual, will be reasonable.

TO ARRIVE

This week, a full line of Ladies' Collars and Cuffs,

At 10c Per Set.

Ties.

TURKEY RED DAMASK.

Table Covers, 6-4 ... $1 00
Table Covers, 7-4 ... 1 25
Table Covers, 8-8 ... 1 50
Table Covers, 8-4 ... 2 00
Table Covers, 6-10 ... 2 50
Table Covers, 10-8, fancy colored ... 1 50
Doylies ... 75c, $1 25 per dozen
Damask, per yard ... 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 90c
Towels, Russian Bath ... $1 50, 2 00, 2 50, 3 50, 5 00, 6 00 per dozen

FANCY COLORED DAMASK.

Table Covers, 15-8 ... $1 50
Table Covers, 8-10 ... 2 00
Colored Border, 5-4 ... 2 25
Cream Ground, 8-11 ... 2 50

Colored Border, Damask Sets ... 1 Cover, 12 Napkins, $5 00 per Set

Colored Border, Fringed Doylies ... $1 75, 2 25 per dozen

Towels, German Huck ... $1 75, 2 50

BLEACHED DAMASK.

Covers, 8-4 ... $1 50
Covers, 8-10 ... 1 75
Covers, 8-11 ... 2 00
Napkins, 5-8 ... $1 25, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00
Napkins, 3-4 ... 2 25, 2 50, 2 75, 3 00
Napkins, 7-8 ... 2 50, 3 50, 4 00
Table Linen ... 25c, 50c, 60c, 75c
Table Linen ... 85c, 90c, $1 00
Table Linen ... $1 10, 1 25
German Crash ... 20c, 25c
Towels ... $3 00, 3 50, 4 00, 5 00, 6 00, 7 00
Barber Towels, extra heavy ... $1 25 per dozen

HALF BLEACHED.

Loom Dice Table Linen ... 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c
Barnsley Table Linen ... 60c, 80c, 90c
Colored Border Table Linen ... 40c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c
Linen Crash ... 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c
Checked Crash ... 10c, 12½c
Towels ... $1 25, 1 50, 1 65, 1 75, 2 00, 2 50

Clothing.

In our Clothing Department we open the season with the largest stock of Men's, Boys', Youths' and Children's Suits that was ever exhibited in any one store on the Pacific Coast. In Men's Suits are an endless variety of Scotch and American Cheviots, Scotch and American Tweeds, American and Foreign Mohairs, American and Foreign Cassimeres, American and Foreign Corkscrew, American and Foreign Diagonals, Navy-Blue Flannel Suits, Grand Army Suits.

For $7 50 we have eight different shades of Men's Tweed Suits.

For $7 50 to 10 50 we have twenty different patterns of light and dark gray Wool Cassimere Suits.

For $11 to 14 we have over twenty different patterns of men's fancy stripe and checked Cassimere suits.

For $14 50 to 16 50 we have over twenty different patterns of silk mixed, gold mixed and brown mixed.

For $17 to 18 we have over twenty different patterns in light, medium and dark, fancy or plain Cassimere Suits.

For $18 50 to 20 we have over twenty different patterns in custom-made foreign cassimere.

For $20 to 22 50 we have over ten different lines and shades of Corkscrew in sack, frock or cutaway.

For $22 50 to 25 we have a splendid line of Men's Prince Alberts, in corkscrew or diagonal.

All the above can be had in sack, frock, cutaway, square-cut or round.

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS.

In Young Men's Suits we have over fifty different lines, ranging in price from $4 50, 5, 5 50, 6, 6 50, 7, 7 50, 8, 8 50, 9, 9 50, 10, 10 50, 11, 11 50, 12, 12 50, 13, 13 50, 14, 14 50, 15, 15 50, 16, 16 50, 17, 17 50, 18 and 18 50.

The above can be had in sack, frock, cutaway, straight or round-cut.

BOYS' SUITS—LONG PANTS.

In Boys' Suits, ages from 10 to 17 years, at $3 50, 4, 4 50, 5, 5 50, 6, 6 50, 7, 7 50, 8, 8 50 and 9.

CHILDREN'S SUITS—KNEE PANTS.

Ages from 4 to 12 years, for $1, 1 50, 2, 2 25, 2 50, 2 75, 3, 3 25, 3 50, 4, 4 25, 4 50, 4 75, 5, 5 25, 5 50, 6, 6 25, 6 50, 6 75 and 7.

MEN'S PANTS.

In Men's Single Union Cross Pants we have for $2, 2 50, 3 and 3 25.

In Men's single Cassimere Pants—ALL WOOL—we have for $3 50, 4, 4 50, 5, 5 50, 6, 6 50 and 7.

The above can be had in light, medium and dark shades, spring-bottom or plain.

BOYS' PANTS.

In Boys' Single Pants we have for $1 50, 1 75, 2, 2 25, 2 50, 3 and 3 50.

KNEE PANTS.

Ages for 4 to 12 years, for 50c, for 60c, for 75c, for $1, for 1 25.
A splendid line of navy-blue Sailor Suits.
A splendid line of Jersey Suits.

FOR THE SUMMER.

A splendid line of Men's Spring Overcoats.
A splendid line of men's light and dark Alpaca Coats.
A splendid line of Nor'ths.
A splendid line of crinkled Coats and Vests.
A splendid line of checked and striped, in silk and wool, Coats and Vests.
A splendid line of Linen Coats and Dusters.

FURNISHING GOODS.

White Shirts, Calico Shirts, Cheviot Shirts, Percale Shirts.
Cotton Underwear, Knit Underwear, Gauze Underwear, Balbrigan Underwear.

FOR THE SUMMER.

Men's Straw Hats, Boys' Straw Hats, Children's Straw Hats.

Boots and Shoes.

The largest stock and the best equipped Boot and Shoe House on the Pacific coast, containing the most complete assortment of strictly first-class foot-wear from the leading manufacturers of Boston, New York and Lynn.

We positively only carry goods manufactured by WHITE AND SKILLED LABOR.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In Ladies' Button Shoes we have always on hand the following widths: B, C, D, E, EE, W. In Men's: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, width.

(IN ORDERING, ASK FOR NUMBER.)

LADIES' AMERICAN KID SHOES, LACE AND BUTTON.

No. 806—Is an opera toe and medium heel, solid outer and pasted inner and molded counter; price, $1 50.

No. 1213—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 1 50.

No. 601—Is a kid shoe, all solid and flexible; common-sense heel and toe. This shoe comes in C, D, E, EE; price, 2 00.

No. 1219—Same as above in opera toe and medium heel.

No. 1214—Ladies' Kid Empress; solid outer, globe inner sole; leather counter. This shoe in sizes from 2½ to 9 and in W width.

No. 1323—Ladies' Kid Yum Yum; opera toe and medium heel; solid outer, globe inner sole; leather counter; French fly; price, 2 50.

No. 1329—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 50.

No. 257—Monahan's kid; French fly; opera toe and medium heel; all solid; price, 3 00.

No. 494—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 3 00.

No. 31—Same as above, box toe and high heel; price, 3 00.

No. 472—Ladies' cur kid; imitation French fly; opera toe and medium heel; hand turned; price, 3 00.

No. 1507—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 3 00.

No. 640—Ladies' kid-faced and glove-top opera toe and medium heel; solid outer, solid inner, molded counter; price, 1 50.

No 84—Ladies' kid-faced, glove kid top, opera toe and medium heel; solid outer and solid inner sole; leather counter; price, 2 50.

No. 84 *a*—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 50.

No. 960—Ladies' Dongola machine-sewed; solid inner and solid counter; opera toe and medium heel; price, 2 00.

No. 705—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 00.

No. 141—Ladies' genuine French kid, all solid, opera toe and high heel; price, 4 50.

No. 405—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 4 50.

No. 286—Ladies' genuine French kid, hand-turned, opera toe and medium heel; price, 5 00.

No. 1092—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 5 00.

In the above lines we have the B, C, D, E.

LADIES' PEBBLE & STRAIGHT GOAT.

No. 391—Ladies' goat, Monahan's French fly, all solid, common-sense heel and toe; price, $3.

No. 358—Same as above in opera toe and medium heel; price, 3 00.

No. 75—Ladies' pebble goat, Monahan's, all solid, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 75.

No. 119—Same as above in opera toe and medium heel; price, 2 75.

No. 1514—Ladies' Empress in pebble goat, leather counter and globe inner; in W width; size, 2½ to 9; price, 2 50.

No. 96—Ladies' goat, solid inner, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 00.

No. 62—Ladies' oil goat, all solid, medium heel and toe; price, 2 00.

No. 62 *a*—Same as above with rubber insole; guaranteed waterproof; price, 2 50.

No. 60—Ladies' oil grain, button, all solid; price, 2 00.

No. 424—Ladies' pebble grain, all solid; price, 1 75.

No. 59—Ladies' pebble grain, all solid; price, 1 50.

No. 121—Ladies' glove grain, molded counter, solid inner and screwed sole; price, 1 50.

No. 61—Ladies' glove grain, all solid, machine sewed; price, 1 00.

No. 218—Ladies' glove grain, al. solid, machine sewed; price, 1 75.

No. 820—Ladies' veal calf, all solid; price, 1 75.

No. 522—Ladies' glove grain, machine sewed, lace, all solid; price, 1 50.

No. 463—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 1 50.

No. 1083—Ladies' pebble grain, machine sewed, molded counter, pasted inner; price, 1 25.

No. 320—Old ladies' glove kid, common-sense, hand-sewed and turned; lace; price, 1 00.

No. 505—Same as above in congress; price, 2.

No. 665 *a*—Same as above in button; price, 2.

No. 425—Ladies' pebble grain congress, rubber counter, pasted inner; price, 1 25.

No. 1368—Ladies' glove grain congress, all solid; price, 1 50.

No. 57—Ladies' serge congress, all solid; price, 1 25.

No. 812—Ladies' serge congress, kid faced; price, 1 50.

No. 76 *b*—Ladies' pebble goat, machine sewed, all solid, calf faced, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 50.

Boland & Springer's Fine Shoes—Ladies, Misses & Children—Machine-Sewed.

No. 1445—Ladies' straight goat, Amazon kid, fly, common-sense heel and toe; price, $3 50.

No. 1421—Ladies' Amazon kid, opera toe and medium heel; price, 3 50.

No. 1428—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 3 50.

No. 1460—Ladies Amazon kid, common-sense heel and toe, gypsy cut; price, 3 50.

HAND-SEWED ENGLISH WAUKENPHAST.

No. 1401—Ladies' Amazon kid, "Boland's common-sense"; price, $4 50.

No. 1432—Same as above in opera toe and medium heel; price, 4 50.

No. 1460—Ladies' French kid, Boland's "common-sense;" price, 5 50.

No. 1411—Same as above, in opera toe and medium heel; 5 50.

No. 1103—Ladies' straight goat-faced, Dongola top, tipped toe, common-sense heel; price, 4 25.

MISSES' HAND-SEWED ENGLISH WAUKENPHAST.

No. 1416—Misses' straight goat, French fly, common-sense heel and toe; price, 3 25.

No. 1415—Misses' cur kid, French fly, common-sense heel and toe; price, 3 25.

CHILD'S HAND-SEWED ENGLISH WAUKENPHAST, WITH HEELS.

No. 1134—Child's straight goat, French fly, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 25.

No. 1118—Child's cur kid, French fly, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 25.

Child's Hand-Sewed English Waukenphast, with Spring Heels.

No. 1437—Child's straight goat, French fly, common-sense toe, spring heel; price, 2 25.

No. 1405—Child's cur kid, French fly, common-sense toe, spring heel; price, 2 25.

MISSES' KID SHOES.

No. 254—Misses' American kid shoes, opera toe, medium heel; price, 1 25.

No. 521—Misses' American kid shoes, solid outer and inner, molded counter, opera toe, medium heel; price, 1 50.

No. 239—Misses' cur kid shoes, solid outer and inner, molded counter, opera toe and medium heel; price, 2 00.

No. 165—Monaghan's misses' cur kid shoes, all solid, opera toe and medium heel; price, 2 50.

No. 115—Same as above, in common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 50.

No. 824—Same as above, with French fly; price, 2 50.

No. 1184—Misses' cur kid, high-cut shoes, all solid; sizes from 11½ to 13½; price, 2 25.

No. 1181 *a*—Misses' cur kid, high-cut shoes, all solid; sizes from 1 to 2; price, 2 50.

No. 1246—Misses' American kid, spring heel shoes, molded counter, solid inner; price, 1 60.

No. 624—Misses' cur kid, spring heel shoes, molded counter, solid inner; price, 2 00.

No. 402—Monaghan's misses' cur kid, spring heel shoes, molded counter, solid inner; price, 2 50.

No. 237—Monaghan's misses' kid-faced, glove kid top, opera toe and medium heel, all solid; price, 2 50.

Misses' Grain Button Shoes, Spring Heel and Tipped Toe.

No. 456—Monaghan's misses' grain, machine-sewed, tipped toe, all solid; sizes from 11 to 2; price, 2 00.

No. 638—Misses' grain shoes, spring heel, machine sewed, molded counter; sizes from 11 to 2; price, 1 75.

No. 501—Monaghan's misses' grain shoes, spring heel, machine sewed, all solid; sizes from 11 to 2; price 2 00.

MISSES' PEBBLE GOAT SHOES—SPRING HEEL.

No. 217—Monahan's misses' pebble goat shoes, machine-sewed, all solid, sizes from 11 to 2; price 2 50.

No. 217 *a*—Monahan's misses' pebble goat shoes, calf-faced, machine-sewed, all solid, sizes from 11 to 2; price 2 50.

No. 360—Misses' straight goat shoes, machine-sewed, all solid, sizes from 11 to 2; price 2 50.

Boots and Shoes.

MISSES GRAIN BUTTON SHOES, WITH HEELS AND TIPPED TOES.

No. 840 *b*—Misses' grain shoes, screwed sole, tipped toe, "Rough and Tumble," all solid, sizes from 11 to 13; price 1 50.

No. 120—Monahan's misses' grain shoes, machine-sewed, tipped toe, all solid, sizes from 11 to 2; price 2 00.

No. 132—Misses' grain shoes, machine-sewed, moulded counter, pasted inner, sizes from 11 to 2; price 1 25.

No. 71—Misses grain shoes, machine-sewed, leather counter, all solid, sizes from 11 to 2; price 1 50.

No. 1039—Misses' grain shoes, machine-sewed, leather counter, all solid, sizes from 11 to 2; price 1 90.

No. 1092—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 5 00.

In the above lines we have the B, C, D, E.

LADIES' PEBBLE & STRAIGHT GOAT.

No. 98—Ladies' genuine French kid; solid inner, opera toe and medium heel; price, $3 50.

No. 141—Ladies' genuine French kid, all solid, opera toe and high heel; price, 4 50.

No. 405—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 4 50.

No. 286—Ladies' genuine French kid, hand-turned, opera toe and medium heel; price, 5 00.

No. 1092—Same as above in common-sense heel and toe; price, 5 00.

In the above lines we have the B, C, D, E.

LADIES' PEBBLE & STRAIGHT GOAT.

No. 391—Ladies' goat, Monahan's French fly, all solid, common-sense heel and toe, price, $3.

No. 358—Same as above in opera toe and medium heel; price, 3 00.

No. 75—Ladies' pebble goat, Monahan's, all solid, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 75.

No. 119—Same as above in opera toe and medium heel; price, 2 75.

No. 1514—Ladies' Empress in pebble goat, leather counter and globe inner; in W width; size, 2½ to 9; price, 2 50.

No. 96—Ladies' goat, solid inner, common-sense heel and toe; price, 2 00.

No. 62—Ladies' oil goat, all solid, medium heel and toe; price, 2 00.

No. 62 *a*—Same as above with rubber insole; guaranteed waterproof; price, 2 50.

No. 60—Ladies' oil grain, button, all solid; price, 2 00.

No. 424—Ladies' pebble grain, all solid; price, 1 75.

No. 59—Ladies' pebble grain, all solid; price, 1 50.

No. 121—Ladies' glove grain, molded counter, solid inner and

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1887.

THE SWAMP LAND FRAUDS.

During a month past the United States grand jury at Portland has been investigating the swamp land fraude. As a result, indictments have been found against R. V. Ankeny, H. C. Owen and W. H. Barnhart. Ankeny was here some four years ago as an agent of the general land office and entered into combination with Owen and others to get possession of lands and make money out of them; Owen has long been a principal operator in the business, and Barnhart was an agent of Owen in the various operations. The three are charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States, and Barnhart, in addition, is charged with forgery of documents. It is probable that the cases will not be brought to trial for some months, and perhaps not until next fall.

The basis of the prosecution is the charge that these men have defrauded or attempted to defraud the United States by getting title to lands under the swamp land grant that are not of swampy character. The main case, therefore, will turn chiefly upon a question of fact. If the lands are of swampy character, the United States has not been defrauded, though they may still have a case against their own corrupt agent. If the lands, or any portion of them, are not of swampy character, then the United States, upon proof of this fact, will have made out their case against the accused.

The fraud upon the state is probably past remedy. It was originally laid in the swamp land act passed by the legislature in 1870. No one, perhaps, could ever have been punished for availing himself of the opportunity which that act gave him to perpetrate legal swindling. The act of 1878 was designed to put a check upon this waste of the property of the state, but it never was enforced. Gov. Thayer set the precedent of disregarding it, and the precedent was followed by Gov. Moody. If portions of the lands in which Owen dealt are not swampy, the members of the state board will be found to be the persons really most culpable, though perhaps not legally so, for it was through their action that Owen got the lands. And if the lands are wet and overflowed and would therefore belong to the state, still the members of the state board are culpable, since, under the act of 1878, they ought to have protected the state's interest in the lands.

When these cases come up for trial upon indictments that have been found, we may hope to see a thorough examination of the whole subject. But it is going to be very difficult to let light into every hole and passage of this labyrinth of fraud. Moral certainty cannot always be wrought into legal proof.

AN ANNIVERSARY.

If any man, who was sixteen years of age in 1861, was asked to-day what thing of the whole civil war was most indelibly impressed upon his memory, he would answer, we think, the vast cheer that rent the skies when Lincoln beat the long roll after the firing on Sumter, and the sight of a whole people dissolved in tears at the news that that same Lincoln had been murdered just when all the drums and pipes of war had begun to soothe his ears with the welcome air of peace. A great people, wild with the fine enthusiasm that marked the great uprising after Sumter, was something never beforeseen in this country, and it is likely may not be seen again for centuries. It was a thrilling, exalting, inspiring sight then; it is a thrilling memory even to-day. A great people, sincerely bowed down for days in grief, in deep, sincere woe, because a great citizen was dead, was never seen in this country except in the case of Lincoln, and may never be seen again. Washington was mourned by the country, but Washington was a frosty figure compared with Lincoln, at once a man of mirth, a man of tenderness, and a man of melancholy. Hamilton, Jefferson, Clay, Calhoun and Jackson were all too bitter partisans in their day to excite more than the stock party lamentations that follow politicians to the tomb. The tears over Garfield were quite as much those of rage, terror and sentimental shock as they were of grave, poignant sorrow. Grant, with all his superficial grimness of speech, hardness of manner, and absolutely self-contained nature, was more sincerely, if less sensationally mourned than Garfield; his manly patience and pluck as death slowly strangled him; his simple, kindly words of farewell to friend and foe made him more sincerely mourned than anybody would have anticipated ten years before. But Lincoln, "the Douglas, both tender and true," was mourned as no man ever was in history save William of Orange, the murdered liberator of the Netherlands.

A NEW OBJECTION.

Another phase of the interstate commerce bill begins to produce alarm and consternation in the South. It is a newly discovered feature of "nigger equality" in the bill. The first clause of the third section declares that "it shall be unlawful for any common carrier, subject to the provisions of this act, to make or give any undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to any particular person, company, firm, corporation or locality, or any particular description of traffic in any respect whatsoever, or to subject any particular person, company, firm, corporation or locality, or any particular description of traffic, to any undue or unreasonable prejudice or disadvantage in any respect whatsoever."

This looks innocent enough and fair enough; but the discovery has been made in the South that the bill, closely interpreted, will secure to the colored man the same rights, privileges and immunities as to the white man. Here is a bill of rights for all men, without distinction of color, injected into an interstate commerce law. "The language," says the Atlanta *Constitution*, commenting on the discovery, "is clear and unmistakable, and there is no escape from its provisions." The railroads must treat all people alike, "niggers" and all. The Houston (Texas) *Post* says: "One is almost tempted to think that the Southern members who voted for the bill were caught with that particular kind of bait usually employed in catching suckers!"

When the commissioners are called on to define what constitutes "undue or unreasonable prejudice," or "undue or unreasonable preference," then there will probably be a protest from the South against the bill loud enough to be heard by everybody.

THE SEA SERPENT.

Prof. Richard A. Proctor, in the April number of the *Forum*, reviews the testimony that has been furnished during many years in regard to the sea serpent, and reaches the conclusion that there can be no doubt whatever that this animal does actually exist. The testimony is ample and circumstantial; it is supplied by many persons of undoubted veracity; and yet the world generally refuses to believe that the sea serpent is anything more than a myth and laughs at the mariner who relates any new story about having seen one.

Prof. Proctor does not believe, however, that the men who tell these stories are all easy liars or credulous fools. Just what manner of creature the animal called the sea serpent is, he does not undertake to say, since no more of it than the head, crest and neck, rising perhaps ten or twelve feet out of the water, have ever been seen. But that the sea serpent does exist, and that those which have been seen are representatives of certain gigantic marine animals at present unfamiliar or unknown to science, he believes there can be no doubt whatever. This is probably a sound judgment as to the sea serpent. The world only waits for the man who will capture one.

One Hartt, foreman in a shoe factory of N. Y. city, discharged a man whom he believed guilty of stealing. The shop was thereupon put on strike, with a demand for the reinstatement of the man discharged; the man was reinstated provisionally until the arrival of the head of the firm, who sustained his foreman and confirmed the discharge. A second strike was ordered, but the demand of the strikers this time was for the discharge of the foreman. The firm weakly consented. The discharged foreman went to Baltimore and found employment in a shoe factory. On the second day the men refused to work with him at the instigation of the district assembly No. 91, Knights of Labor, who pursued him with persecution in their determination that he should not earn his living at his legitimate trade within the awful circle of this modern inquisition, organized in the name of labor. Hartt's persecutors have been prosecuted on a charge of conspiracy, in a New York court, and it is to be hoped they will be sent to the penitentiary for conspiracy "to prevent another from exercising a lawful calling by force, threats or intimidation." The firm that originally discharged a faithful foreman for doing his duty in their interest deserve nothing better than the prayer of the people for their commercial ruin.

THE HIGH LICENSE VETO IN NEW YORK.

Yielding to the pressure of degraded politics, Gov. Hill of New York has vetoed the high license act passed by the legislature of that state. It was apparent from the first that he would do so. In his veto he makes it apparent that his chief thought is to solidify and hold to his party the great vote controlled by the vilest part of the liquor trade; and in this behalf he does not hesitate to employ disingenuous and indeed positively untruthful statements. Like a cowardly demagogue, he "expressly reserves any expression of his own views on the subject of high license," but asserts that the bill "is special legislation because it applies only to the cities of New York and Brooklyn, notwithstanding the fact that in other cities and towns of the state the number of dram shops is greater than in these in proportion to population;" and he adds that the bill is a measure ingeniously devised and peculiarly framed to operate upon the two great democratic constituencies of the state, while republican cities and constituencies are exempted from its burdens."

This is not only shamelessly demagogical, but is positively untrue. The bill, before it was sent to the governor, was adjusted in its tax feature, as high license bills usually are, to cities in proportion to their population. Some days ago the New York *World*, the great democratic paper of the metropolis, anticipating this very objection from the governor, showed that the bill was "not open to the charge of being special or local legislation." For a general license to sell all kinds of liquors in cities having more than 40,000 inhabitants the fee was fixed at not less than $1000 and not less than $100 for wine and beer. In cities of less than 400,000 the fee for general license was not to be more than $500, and for beer and wine not less than $30. As there are only two cities in the state having more than 400,000 inhabitants each, the highest license fee could only be exacted in those two cities—New York and Brooklyn. In enacting laws of this sort it is usual to classify cities, though it is not always done. Under the new law in Pennsylvania the cities are classified for graduated taxation, and so they are in Missouri and Nebraska, but they are not in Illinois.

The *World* urged Gov. Hill to approve the bill as a necessary restriction of the liquor traffic, in the interest of morality and good order. It pointed out the fact that in New York there is one drink shop to every 158 of the population, and in Brooklyn one to 216—"a most unnecessary and demoralizing supply of public drinking places." And the *World* plainly told Gov. Hill that the bill was opposed "wholly in the interest of the liquor sellers and their political tools and allies."

This, from democratic journalism of highest authority, sufficiently answers Gov. Hill, both as to statement and argument. The governor certainly has not paid a compliment to his party by calling an act passed to restrict the liquor traffic, "in the interest of morality and good order," as the *World* puts it, an act to oppress democratic constituencies. Gov. Hill is a very paltry and dirty politician.

LARGE SALARIES.

The salary of a railroad president is doubtless a small item in proportion to the traffic of the road over which he presides; and yet there is a widespread feeling among the people that payment of such salaries is an injustice, since the money is taken from the people through charges which often oppress them.

The *Bankers' Monthly* reports that President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania system, receives a salary of $35,000 a year; President Harris, of the Northern Pacific, $25,000; President Adams, of the Union Pacific, $30,000; President Strong, of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, $25,000; the presidents of the Chicago & Northwestern, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, $25,000 each.

Railway charges might not, indeed, be appreciably lower if these salaries were not so high; and yet the producer who gets so meager a price for his wheat or wool naturally believes that the railroad president's dividend is too large in proportion to his own.

The Liquor Dealers' Protective Union in the city of New York recently held a meeting to protest against the high license bill and to urge the governor to veto it. In their printed call they said: "We have one friend left, and this is D. B. Hill, the governor of our state. We must show him that if he is our friend we will carry the banner with him next election." This is truly a proud position for the governor of the great state of New York.

Michael Davitt, in a speech at the recent meeting held in memory of Peter O'Neill, who was killed in the Fenian rising of 1867, said: "Cromwell reduced the Irish race to 700,000, and drove them into Connaught; yet now they number 5,000,000 at home and 20,000,000 elsewhere. Surely where Cromwell failed, Balfour and Chamberlain can not succeed. The spirit of Irish nationality is more unconquerable than ever."

Simon Cameron, who is 88 years old, is the only surviving member of Lincoln's cabinet. Had Lincoln lived until this hour he would be 78 years of age, which is the present age of Jeff. Davis, who still lingers in the body, although his fame is burnt out, while that of Lincoln burns brighter, even in the South, with the lapse of years. Hamilton is nearly 78.

The New York *Herald* has been hunting up the records against Kissane in Arkansas, and finds that the indictments against him for arson and murder are still in force. It was in Arkansas that the steamer Martha Washington was burned. The indictments are of nearly thirty-five years' standing. This is the villain whom Talmage thinks time has whitewashed.

John Russell Young has in preparation a history of the civil life of Gen. Grant. It is intended to be a full record of the life of Gen. Grant after he ceased to command the armies. It will begin with his first nomination for the presidency.

The Chicago *Journal* presents an analysis of the vote cast in that city at the recent municipal election, and concludes that the socialist party there has drawn into its ranks nearly one-half the democrats who voted for Cleveland in 1884.

Jefferson Davis recently bought a new shot gun, and frequently goes out to shoot rabbits. If he would shoot still more with that gun and less with his mouth the country would not be unhappy about it.

The spring is unusually backward all over the country. Journals of all sections speak of it. Here in Oregon it is from four to six weeks behind time and as yet shows no sign of making the time up.

A. P. Hammond, postmaster at Ashland, telegraphs: "THE OREGONIAN of the 12th states that I have resigned. I have not resigned, nor do I intend to resign."

Pastor—"Well, what did your young people realize at your entertainment?" Member of the committee—"We have just realized that we are $25 out."—Burlington Free Press.

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS — RESOLUTIONS ABOUT THE AMENDMENT.

The second days' session of the district W. C. T. U. convention was called to order at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Devotions were led by Mrs. Walker of Forest Grove.

The plan of work presented by the committee was carried after animated discussions on various topics.

The afternoon session was led in prayer and scripture reading by Mrs. Casto, whose remarks were very opportune concerning the work in which the union is engaged as being in accordance with the divine will and through his blessing it can hope to succeed. Prayer was offered by Mrs. J. G. Hoss of East Portland, for all the state temperance organizations and upon every worker, that a public sentiment may be established that will carry and sustain the law.

Mrs. M. E. Hoxter then took the chair and Mrs. A. R. Biggs moved that the president open the discussion on capital and labor, which was very animated. Mrs. Hoxter said she had visited the mile-long manufactories along the banks of the Merrimac, where the mills are controlled by corporations and no amelioration of the condition of the operatives can come except through law. It is impossible for individual operatives to attempt to better themselves without working hardship to all. If any one does extra work the next time the bosses hold a council they will compel all to do the same amount without raising their wages. Then they go on a strike, but capital can live without the workers better than the latter can live without work. Some of these men use strong drink, and what should go for food and clothing goes for liquor. The interest of the working classes is identical with our own.

Mrs. Miller had learned that some laboring people had become prejudiced to the prohibition amendment because they had been informed, mistakenly, that such a law would open the doors of private citizens to search.

Mrs. Robb remarked that there are two classes of working men's organizations; one is socialistic, the other is not. Master Workman Powderly has said that no drinking or liquor selling man can be a member of their order.

Temperance literature was presented by Mrs. Driggs and also by the state president, Mrs. A. R. Biggs, and others.

RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions presented the following, which were accepted:

Resolved, 1. That we urge the Woman's Christian Temperance Unions throughout the district to take advantage of the privileges afforded by the Woman's Industrial Exchange of Portland as a means of adding the state work.

2. That we believe that work for the constitutional amendment should be entered upon at once and prosecuted with vigor.

3. That a vote of thanks be tendered the ladies of the Portland Woman's Christian Temperance Union for their kindness and hospitality. Also to Rev. Miller, the Evangelical minister, for the use of his hall during the convention.

MRS. G. E. SHIPLEY, Chairman.

The last session was very animated and several of the gentlemen friends of the cause were present, notably Rev. J. W. Webb, of Salem; Mr. Williams, of North Yamhill; Prof. Miller and Col. John Adair, of Portland, all of whom made encouraging remarks. The union was dismissed, with temperance doxologies and benedictions, to meet at Astoria next October.

THE STAGE.

NEW MARKET THEATER.—Another good house last evening attested the readiness with which the public always receives clever artists in [comedy characterizations. The comedy drama "Otto, a German," was given for the first time in Portland by Mr. and Mrs. George S. Knight, and while the play is rather of the quiet order, it affords admirable opportunity for the delineation of Mr. Knight's specialty in the title role.

Otto, a young German fresh from the fatherland, stumbles into the very bosom of a family the head of which has amassed a fortune by the use of money left him in trust. The villain of the play, learning by chance the old man's secret, uses it to further his own ends and advance his fortunes. It is through his instrumentality that Otto has been innocently introduced into the old man's employ. His native shrewdness soon tells him something is wrong between his employer and the man who has him in his power, and he determines to find it out. At last he unravels the secret, and learns that his employer's wealth rightfully belongs to him, (Otto,) but having fallen in love with one of his employer's daughters he generously destroys the proofs that would establish his title, releases the old man from the tyranny under which he had suffered, gets the girl he loves, and all ends as it should.

Mr. Knight, in the role of Otto, gave a most artistic and sympathetic rendition of the simple minded, honest, true hearted young German lad, and in his smooth, easy dialect and humorous Teutonicisms, was irresistibly amusing. His style is easy, and indeed the peculiar charm of his work was its quiet effectiveness. There was no straining after effect, but his dialect as well as his acting were remarkable for their simple naturalness. There was a poetic and dramatic delicacy about his recitation of the "Water Mill" that alone would establish his claims as an artist, and the parody on "Dutch" [ance" evoked roars of laughter. All his work was so cleverly and effectively done that it could not fail to please.

Mrs. Knight, as the gay and frolicksome Lizzette, is as clever in her way as her husband. She sang the "Wasserfall" with him in capital style, and gained an encore, and in her scenes with Otto throughout she showed a thorough y artistic appreciation of the several situations.

The Dick Deeply of Edward Peg was a manly rendition, and his jingle of plays met with an encore.

Casper Becke, by Frank David, was well done. He was altogether the cool, self-possessed villain of the play.

One of the best and neatest bits of work was that of Miss Rosita Worrell as Miss Maria Freely. Her tongue ran incessantly, and she was very amusing in her garrulity. The remainder of the cast was acceptable.

The waits between acts, however, are too long. The audience gets somewhat tired, and when the curtain falls finally the hour is too late. To-night, "Over the Garden Wall."

WILDER PEASE'S BENEFIT.—The demand for seats still continues, and there is every indication that the capacity of the Casino will be taxed to hold all who desire to witness "The Mikado" by the amateurs. All the boxes have been sold, and even the seats in the gallery are going off rapidly.

A LONG RUNNING ACCOUNT.

In Judge Shattuck's court yesterday the case of David Robertson vs. P. Leach was on trial before a jury. The complaint sets up, first, that Leach purchased goods to the value of $237 02 from Foster & Robertson, second, that on or about October, 1885, Foster & Robertson loaned him $3818 33; third, that Foster & Robertson, July 1, 1885, rented defendant 320 acres of land along the bank of the Willamette river, in S. 33, T. 1 S., R. 1 E., for $60 a month, and that defendant owes for rent $2220. Plaintiff alleges that these claims were assigned to him by Foster & Robertson, and were kept on the books of the firm as one account. That the defendant paid on this account $7905 21, leaving a balance now due, with interest and so on, of $3074 85, wherefore plaintiff prays judgment.

It appears that plaintiff and defendant had business relations together, extending over a period of several years, and the principal dispute seems to be about the land leased by plaintiff to defendant, which is situated between here and Milwaukie. Leach established and ran a foundry there. During the time he alleges he sold lots for the plaintiff and transacted other business sufficient to counteract any claim of plaintiff. The trial will be continued with to-day.

"DAVID, THE SHEPHERD BOY."

The cantata of "David the Shepherd Boy" is to be presented in oratorio next week by Mrs. Wm. Wetzell, Mrs. David Goodsell, Mr. E. C. Martin, Mr. J. P. Owens and other soloists of ability and a well trained chorus of 100 voices, who have been for weeks past under the careful training of Prof. A. Dobbins, who has conducted the cantata in several Eastern cities, including Somerville and Gloucester, Mass. The cantata, which is the musical masterpiece of Geo. F. Root, vividly portrays the life of the son of Jesse as a shepherd boy with his father's flocks, on the battle field, at King Saul's palace, in exile, and when crowned king of Israel. A children's chorus helps to make this excellent production a rich musical treat. The cantata will be given on Tuesday next in East Portland and Wednesday evening in the tabernacle, and, that all may attend, the price of admission has been placed at 50 cents. Tickets may now be obtained at the stores of D. W. Prentice, J. K. Gill & Co. and W. B. Allen.

FROM A MANUFACTURER.

PORTLAND, April 13.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Your editorial in this morning's issue alluding to the proposition presented to the board of trade of this city by Mr. Clapp, of Oakland, Cal., in regard to the establishment of a rolling mill and nail factory here suits the occasion. Why was this proposition so coldly received and quickly done away with? Perhaps some of the wholesale dealers that "buy and sell" in this line imagine that they would lose a little direct trade should such an industry take root here. The establishing of such an institution means the employment of a large number of men whose earnings would be spent in our midst. Capitalists here put up fine blocks of buildings and people say: "What a credit it is to them, and how it helps to beautify the city." On the other hand, how much better, if, instead of erecting such costly buildings, some of the money they would invest in manufactories, thus giving encouragement to the skilled labor here and others to come. The sum necessary to start the industry in question ($25,000) is comparatively small and it ought not to be difficult to get the amount subscribed by a few of our capitalists. A MANUFACTURER

A Matrimonial Administration.

Washington Special Cincinnati Enquirer (Dem.)

The president found a wife after he had become president. The secretary of the interior went off and married likewise. Now the secretary of state is thought to be of a marrying disposition. Their intellectual climax is to marry, and the wondering country is called to give its homage to Mrs. Cleveland as the only perfect woman who has yet been in the White house, excepting Lady Washington.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the best cough medicine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption cures where all else fails. Best cough syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not leave a bad taste in the mouth. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not weaken the digestion. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not constipate. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not dry up the secretions. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not irritate the throat. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not inflame the lungs. 25 cts.

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Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause vomiting. 25 cts.

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Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause none. 25 cts.

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Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause thirty-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause forty-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause fifty-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause sixty-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause seventy-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause eighty-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-one. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-two. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-three. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-four. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-five. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-six. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-seven. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-eight. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause ninety-nine. 25 cts.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine that does not cause one hundred. 25 cts.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—A GOOD BARBER, AT THE PORTland Bath-h, 51 First st. 15 2

NEW PIANOS FOR RENT AT KOHLER & CHASE'S, 71 Morrison st.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 77 East Park st. 15t2

WANTED—A GIRL TO COOK AND DO GENeral housework. Apply at 286 Eleventh st. 14t2

WANTED—A STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEwriter. Address Business, care Oregonian. 14t2

WANTED—THREE GOOD HARNESS MAkers. Apply to P. J. CRONIN, 123 Front st. 14t3

NERVOUS DISEASES A SPECIALTY. DR. FORDEN, Room 9, 1st National Bank.

NURSE GIRL WANTED—TO ASSIST IN THE care of two small children. Call at No. 291 West Park st. 14t

WANTED—A GOOD COAT-MAKER; MUST BE a first-class hand. Apply to THOMAS MAHRS, Astoria, Or. 14t

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE FOR FARM work. Inquire of RUSSELL & CO., ROOT OF Morrison st. 13t3

LADY HORSE WANTED—WEIGHT ABOUT 130; must be gentle and good roadster. Address P. O. Box 679. 14t3

PAPERERS & BOOK, HOUSE PAINTERS AND Kalsominers, dealers in Mixed paints and wall paper, 45 Ash st. 29t4

WANTED—SITUATION AS STATIONARY EN gineer; with best reference if required. Address Q. O., care Oregonian. 14t2

THERE IS NO MISTAKING THE FACT THAT they do it well at the New York Restaurant. References, travelers. 14t

WANTED—ENGINEER WANTS SITUATION; thoroughly competent; ten years' experience. Address Engineer 22 B st. 14t2

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE. APPLY at Mrs. H. A. J. Macrellish's, Lownsdale st., between Yamhill and Taylor. 14t

WANTED—A GOOD, SMART BOY, BETWEEN the age of 14 and 15 years. Inquire of C. H. MEUSDORFFER, 146 First st. 14

WANTED—GIRL TO DO COOKING AND GENeral housework in a small family. Call at 154 Jackson st., corner East Park. 14t2

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN OF EXperience, a situation as nurse or to take care of children. Inquire at Quimby House 14

PIANO AND SINGING, AS TAUGHT AT THE Conservatory of Paris, at Prof. Bettinger's, 66 West Park st. Terms, $1 50 per lesson. 13t7

SITUATION WANTED AS WATCHMAN—BY an experienced man, who can come well recommended. Address E C, care Oregonian. 14t2

FOR DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER and urethra, consult DR. FORDEN, Rooms 8 and 9, First National Bank. Analysis of urine.

FOR RENT OR FOR SALE—A COTTAGE HOUSE and small tract of land near city; a good bargain. Apply E. A. BORTHWICK, 188½ First st. 14t6

WANTED—CARPENTERS AND LABORERS for railroad work. Parties leave April 15th, 16th and 20th. KINCAID & CO., 108 First st. 14t3

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, in private family; $22 50 and $25 per mo. 187 West Park st., southwest corner Yamhill. 14t3

CONSULTATION FREE — DOCT

T 9 O'CLOCK.
L SALE OF
0 Yards
S[illegible]
. a Yard,
e 90 Cents.
of our patrons as possible our
ve decided to sell each purchaser
P[illegible]
S Lipman & Co.
—AT—
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his Week.
100 Pieces
SWISS EMBROIDERY,
from 5c per yard up.
Two Cases of
CHILDREN'S SCHOOL DRESSES,
Neat, new and cheap, $1.00 and upwards.
Five Dozen
LADIES' TAILOR-MADE JERSEYS,
At 3 50 The above are well worth $5 00.
Fifty Dozen
GENTS' CASSIMERE PANTS,
$3 50 per pair.
[illegible]
OPEN FACE
"14 K," Gold Filled, Eleven Jewels, Dust Tight
AMERICAN WATCH,
$18.00
This Watch sent to any address free of charge on receipt of the money. WARRANTED FOR
20 YEARS.
Send in your orders early, as only a limited number will be sold at this price.
This Watch is sold by all jewelers for Thirty Dollars.
We are now selling everything in the Jewelry line at very low prices We are prepared to make anything to order Rosa Gold a specialty Diamond Watch Repairing Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange Country orders solicited
NEW YORK JEWELRY CO.
107 First St.
PORTLAND, OR.

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND THURSDAY APRIL 14 1887

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland Or as second-class matter

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING. SUBSCRIPTION RATES

BY MAIL—POSTAGE PREPAID—IN ADVANCE.

Daily, with Sunday, per month	$ 1 00
Daily, without Sunday, per year	10 00
Daily, with Sunday, per year	1 00
Sunday, per year	2 00
Weekly, per year	2 00
Weekly, six months	1 00
Weekly, per year	2 00

DELIVERED BY CITY CARRIERS.

Daily, delivered, Sunday excepted, per week	25c
Daily, delivered, Sunday included, per week	30c

U S SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

Local Report.

PORTLAND April 13 8 49 P M

Time	Bar	Tem	Hum	Direc tion of wind	Velocity wind	Rain fall	Weather
5 A M	30 273	43	92	NW	2	00	Fair
8 A M	30 298	53	63	NW	6	00	Cloudy
5 P M	30 295	61 0	56	NW	8	03	Clear

Maximum thermometer 55 5 minimum 41 9

Rainfall 24 A M 11 0 feet.

Percentage of moisture in air

Departure of temperature for 15 years 4 9 —Mean temperature for 24 hours 49 0 Temperature constant

Total departure for 1887 since March 1 3 0 temperature constant since April 1 2 5

Name of Observation.	Hig h Ch ge of last 8 hours	Ther	Wind Direction.	Wind Velocity.	State of Weather
Portland	50 0	43	NW	03	Clear
Dalles	52 0	42	N	00	Fair
Lakeview	0 25	33	N	03	Cloudy
Red Bluff	0 33	53	N	03	Clear
Sacramento	0 0	53	NW	18	Cloudy

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Passed Heron to arrive over the Northern Pacific—P Fountain, Miss Lulu Sefton, M Dill and thirteen immigrants.

Passed Huntington to arrive over Short Line—A Winkler and wife, Mrs E Rockerd Will A Northrup and wife, W E Turner, M Nichter and seventeen immigrants.

Passed Medford to arrive over the O & C—J Reed and wife, Mr. J R. Pollard.

BRIEF MENTION.

See third page advertisement of Farmers and Mechanics store

Harmony Encampment, No 19, I O O F, meet to-night at 8 o'clock.

License to wed was issued yesterday to Abe A Vaughn and Sophia C Strombaum

Ladies' hats pressed at the Pacific Straw Works, 24 Third street, opposite courthouse

The practical talk to-morrow at the Y M C A will be on "Banks and Banking," by Mr. I A Barnes.

Carved all day long in front of Kohn's window looking at the odd display in the show window from London direct.

Mrs C P Ewanger, who was so badly cut by her husband, has recovered sufficient to leave Vincent hospital and return to her home

Progress Lodge No. 72, I O O F, elected the following representatives to the grand lodge—A Elder, J G Chapman, C W Lomker and L Reinhard

The Chicago crockery store will remove one door west and the store room now occupied will be taken by Sealy, Mason & Co, and also No 31 Yamhill street

In department No 1, state circuit court, yesterday, the case of S S Brown vs. J J Fisher was continued. The action was to recover $150 on a promissory note.

Owing to a break in a pipe, the Hydraulic mining company's works will be shut down completed to-morrow Customers will be notified when to call for repairs are completed

The Morrison street bridge officials have confirmed with the necessary authority in regard to signals for "draw-opening," which will require two short blasts. Attention is called to a river notice.

The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation of London have appointed Messrs. T V Ankeny & Co, of this city, their general agents in Oregon and the territories of Washington and Idaho.

The committee of ladies of the churches of Albany who have lately interested themselves in the building fund of the Y M C A. report at a meeting to be held in the rooms of the association to-day at 3 P M.

There is a regular blockade of freight at Albina, and is coming in much faster than it can be disposed of, owing to the limited facilities for transferring cars and the small amount of room for same on that side.

Miss Keres, well known in this city, is an assistant of Hamilton & Thornton's minstrels and comedy little company, giving a clean and artistic entertainment. The company is now touring the valley cities and towns.

Mr. R. A. Keyes, who had Pat O'Brien arrested for assaulting him with a stick of stove wood during a row in F. Riley's saloon, is now receiving a charge made against him by O Brien himself with a cane. Justice Tuttle has examined into both cases and will pass upon them to-day.

Some people achieve greatness and some have greatness thrust upon them. Mr O Summers, who achieved the distinction of becoming a member of the last legislature, was yesterday chosen for Sam Jones, the evangelist. If that isn't piling honors on a man, what is it? It is two less—them as has, gets.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Wallis Nash of Corvallis is at the Holton

Capt P J Babcock, T McF Patton, and J W Wash of Salem are in the city

Mr E R. Palmer, manager for Palmer & Hoy, reported sick at some point in Eastern Oregon.

A L Wallis, of the Great Eastern Tea Company, leaves on a business trip to-day for Spokane Falls.

R J Haight, the real estate agent, left yesterday for Kansas to visit a brother who is sick Mr. Haight intends to be absent about twenty days.

Mr. R. Alexander, grand master of the I O O F of Oregon, a resident of Pendleton, is visiting this city and paying the lodges of this jurisdiction fraternal visits.

Capt R H Lamson clerk of the U S courts was confined to his residence yesterday. He has been suffering for several days with neuralgia in the feet, is now improving, and expects to be able to attend to business to-day

ENCOURAGING TRAVEL IT OCEAN

A publication issued by the Chicago & Rock Island road represented in the most attractive manner possible the Western Trail and its points of interest, among which we find one headed between Portland and San Francisco as follows:

"The shortest journey for the tourist is that which includes a trip in one of the splendid ocean steamers of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company. Steamers leave nearly new and are large and fast. The Portland every fifth day running through in two days. Sailing be stop except at Astoria. Accommodations are first class in every particular and cannot be excelled, and the service is all that could be desired. The sail between Astoria and Portland, a distance of 100 miles affords a fine panoramic view of grand scenery which is far more beautiful than the palisades of the Hudson

Tickets can be procured from Portland or points east or south over the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co's lines, or via The Great Rock Island Route can take the Northern, or Short Line or the Union Pacific as preferred to above. The ocean trip is one that should be tried to be appreciated

Church, Bay Fever and Catarrhal Deafness

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes Microscopic research has proved this fact and it is now an easy matter to cure this curse of our country in one to three days by applications made by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular describing this new treatment to A. H. Dixon & Son 303 West King st, Toronto Canada and Melville House 5 Fleet st, London.

A Rare Opportunity.

To accommodate the many patients and persons desiring to consult with and receive medical and surgical treatment from DR. LIEBIG & CO the well known San Francisco specialists of the Liebig Dispensary they will open offices for one month in Portland, March 15th 1887 at Knickerbocker house on Alder street, between Third and Fourth streets. Consultation free.

Wood by mail for books and stationery promptly attended to by Ed Dekum & Co.

Hood Purifier cures constipation and regulates.

Bass Pancakes at Prunder's the druggist.

SOUTHERN ITEMS

Grand Picnic Medal Invitations, 18 First.

Wood Work upon open. George M. Parker 131 Second street. Trade Supplied.

Dr. Sawyer's "Bronchial Troches" will relieve Coughs, Hoarseness and Throat Diseases.

Call at Wilcox Sewing Machine Store 167 Third street and see the most improved "Domestic" machine, Attachments and beauty.

THE HENRY,

Restaurant, lunch counter and saloon. Open all day and all night. Fine Lunches and Oysters in season. Private entrance for ladies. Meals served at all hours. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Jos. Schlitz Milwaukee Export Beer.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

LARGE REAL ESTATE TRANSFER—Two lots on the southeast corner of Fourth and Washington streets, 50 feet on Fourth and 100 feet on Washington, was sold yesterday through Hennelly, Flynn & Co, of this city, for the snug sum of $24,000 cash. The property was owned by Mrs Alf R. Kelly, nee Fannie Raleigh, formerly of this city, but at present a resident of San Francisco to Ted Holman and Councilman Wm Kleidner. This sale, with one exception, is the largest individual real estate transfer that has taken place in Portland for several months, and the price paid, although considered reasonable, shows a decided upward tendency in business property Immediately after the sale was effected Messrs Hennelly, Flynn & Co offered the lucky purchasers $500 cash for the privilege of taking the same property at $25,000 within four months, but the offer was declined by the purchasers on the ground that they could do better This makes the sixth transfer effected by this firm during the past two months, which shows two things—first, that property is going up, and secondly, that it pays to advertise

FINE COTTAGE.—Bids for a beautiful cottage, to be erected on Morrison street, near Twelfth, for Mr Edward Holman were opened at the office of Otto Kleemann, architect, with the following result Carpenter work—R Laman & Co, $3268. George Gardner, $3315 E J Sheahan, $3750 F Irwing, $3800 John Becker, $3875 Work & Chedan, $3900 E J Payne, $3900, E J Woodworth, $3979, E A. Walter, $4110 P J Fuller, $4150, H Avey, $4225 A. Metz, $4319, R. R. Rooney, $4875 Painting—Cleveland Paint Co, $260, Barger & Bock, $295, Burke & Grady, $324 Murtle, $420 Plumbing—A. W Ofeld, $249 John C Brian, $375, Gardner & Co, $395 Johnson $410 Dondenberg, $410. Cement floors—Allebach & Browning, $175 The building will have a finished basement with electric bells, speaking tubes, and the finest kind of plumbing, with a boys' playroom in the attic of 38x48, suitable for a gymnasium.

WORKING MODELS IN COURT—The case of Robert Bragg against the city for infringement of patent was on trial yesterday in the U S circuit court, and the case will probably be concluded to-day Mr. Bragg had a model of his invention in court, and so did Mr Coffee have a very fine one of his The only witnesses examined yesterday were Mr Coffee and Mr Bragg The workings of the machines were explained to the court by Mr. J H. Miller, of San Francisco, a well known patent lawyer, who has been retained to assist in defending the city Should Mr Coffee succeed in establishing the fact that his machine is not an infringement on Mr Bragg's patent, he has a valuable piece of property in it.

BAMBOO PLANTS.—Several years since Judge O N Denny, while consul-general at Shanghai, sent over a lot of bamboo plants which were intended for the city park. They were divided around among a number of gentlemen of horticultural tastes to be cared for till such time as the park was ready to receive them. Among others ex Councilman Hewett took some of the plants These have been handed over to the park and are growing there finely The others have evidently been forgotten by the parties to whom they were intrusted The park is being improved, and now will be a good time to turn in the balance of the bamboos

STEEL RAILS.—The ship W H. Starbuck, which has been discharging cargo at the foot of C street, will go across the river to-day to discharge 2806 steel rails, 700 car wheels, 532 kegs of spikes and 1480 bundles of fish plates for the O & C. R. R. This railroad has been getting along by degrees till the greater part of the road is laid with steel rails. Those who travel over it will be glad when the rails are all of steel, for after riding and jolting over the rough iron rails it is like getting into Elysium when the cars roll on the smooth steel and go spinning along with a drowsy hum like a "sleeping" top

JUDGMENT AFFIRMED—Judge Sawyer yesterday announced his decision in the United States circuit court in the case of the United States vs Griswold, on error from the district court The judgment of the district court was affirmed If Mr Griswold is a pauper, as he claims, it can make but little difference to him whether the claim against him is commuted or not. But if he has any property cached away he knows full well that Mr B. F. Dowell will do his best to find it and to collect the balance of $20,000 due him as informer out of it.

VANCOUVER MILITIA—Thursday evening the Vancouver militia company met to enroll six new members. Recruiting, says the *Independent*, has been very favorably carried on for the past two weeks, some of our most prominent citizens joining. The company is now a success, and is about ready to be mustered. The boys feel very jubilant over the fact that this will be the first militia company inaugurated under the administration of Gov Semple, the commissions being the first he will sign in that capacity.

TO BE TRIED TO-DAY—The case of Al Slader, charged with robbing Isaac Allen of $110, has been set for trial to-day in Judge Stearn's court May Dorner, Lizzie Faulis John Faulis and Florence Fallon are also indicted with Slader for the same transaction, but their trials will be held separately. Allen, who is an old farmer, was relieved of his money while asleep up-stairs over a dive which Faulis kept at Front and Main streets, since closed up The Dorner woman is one of the state's witnesses.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED—Sunday while Lewis Spencer, the 14-year-old son of Mr and Mrs Ira D Spencer, of Lewisville, Lewis county, Washington territory, was out hunting with a companion, he fell from a log and his gun was discharged, lodging a charge of fine shot in his left arm, near the shoulder. His companion ran to the house for assistance, but before his return the poor boy died The main artery was cut and he had bled to death The funeral took place yesterday

POLICE CAPTAIN VS PHYSICIAN—Since Saturday first the police have made but seven or eight arrests, all for drunkenness Last night there were three cases of delirium tremens in the big cell, being attended to by the captain on watch who in such instances acts as doctor According to Senator Watts, had the bill regulating the practice of medicine passed at the last session of the legislature, police captains would not be allowed to prescribe for sick inebriates,

NEW TRIAL DENIED—Judge Shattuck yesterday denied the motion for a new trial in the case of J T Bowles vs Benjamin Sunderland and gave judgment on the verdict in favor of the defendant Bowles sued Sunderland to recover damages on account of some of his cows being hurt on a barbed wire fence owned by Sunderland, and Sunderland beat the case

TO BE TRIED NEXT TERM—Ed Clayton, the Allen & Lewis burglar will not have a second trial until the next term of the state circuit court, or until a new jury is drawn Fay, Baxter, and Harry Prindle, under indictment in two or more counts of embezzling money from George Le Roque, will also be tried next term

DIRECTORS CHOSEN—Tuesday evening a meeting was held by the stockholders of the Astoria Loan and Building Association, when the following named gentlemen were chosen directors J P Dickinson, J H D Gray, F R Stokes, E A Noyes, A S Reed, J Q A Bowlby C S Wright, J E Ferguson, J R Gilstrap

APPOINTMENTS—Gov Pennoyer has made, during the week, the following appointments of notaries public H B Hendricks, Iossil, Ward S Stevens, W H Adams Portland J Nat Hudson, Burns, S Huelat, East Portland, A C Smith, E R. Skipworth, Joseph, W R Benjamin, Roseburg.

AN OLD GRAVE.—In the Hillside cemetery is a grave which is doubtless the oldest marked of any north of San Francisco, says the *Astorian*. The memorial is a sandstone slab, on which is recorded that he who sleeps beneath bore the name of McTavish, and that he was buried there in 1811

FAMOUS WOMEN.

Madame Trebelli, the greatest of living contraltos, who has traveled extensively, in fact visited every country and city of note in the world, has complimented our very beautiful little city, our climate and scenery, and leaves the following written testimonial in the hands of a druggist

PORTLAND, Or April 6 1887

Dear Mr Wisdom—I have tried your Robertine and it gives me much pleasure to say that it is excellent for the complexion Take one of the best articles of the kind I have ever used Believe me yours sincerely Z. TREBELLI

Continued Spring Sale of Flowers at Fifteenth and G streets.

We are selling, out at a price below competition the finest lot of roses and hardy annuals We propose to undersell the trade. Take either Washington or Third street cars. No free delivery as the prices are too low. SCHIDECKER, Agent.

A Thorough Artist.

Madame Shafro who arrived recently from San Francisco, under engagement to D Porter & Co., 147 Third street, is a modiste whose work will be greatly appreciated by ladies who desire what is most satisfactory.

SWAMP LAND ANGELS INDICTED

"HEN" OWEN "BILL" BARNHART AND SPECIAL AGENT ANKENY IN THE TOILS

The U S. grand jury, which was discharged on Tuesday, found an indictment, covering 189 pages of legal cap, against H C Owen, W H Barnhart and R V. Ankeny, charging them with conspiracy to defraud the United States of large tracts of land situated in the state of Oregon Messrs Barnhart and Owen are well known to readers of THE OREGONIAN as swamp land grabbers and Ankeny as a special land agent who joined with them in combination to secure as much land as they could and make as much out of it as possible. The first two are now in the city, prepared to furnish bail on this charge in the sum of $5000 each The whereabouts of Ankeny is not known At latest accounts he was somewhere at the East, in a paralyzed condition His partners have their heads bowed down a studying, and look as if they were about paralyzed

In addition to the above mentioned indictment, the grand jury also found three separate indictments on three counts each and one on twelve counts against Barnhart for forgery of swamp land proofs and uttering and transmitting the same Mr Barnhart has furnished bail in the sum of $4000 on these charges, his bondsman being A. Bush, of Salem

It was supposed by some that Representative Felton, of California, might be implicated in this swamp land steal, as he is known to have invested a great deal of money in these lands but after fully investigating the matter, the grand jury arrived at the conclusion that he had been made the victim of a confidence game put up by Owen and Barnhart, by which he had been induced to furnish money for their operating expenses, which he has not been able to get back. Mr. Felton's attorney states that he will come up here and relinquish his claims to the dry lands occupied by settlers, which have been "swamped" since they were settled on If he does this he will give relief to many honest men

THE BOARDING HOME FOR WOMEN

Yesterday's *Evening Telegram* has the following timely editorial upon the subject of establishing a "boarding home for women" in Portland

There has never been a work undertaken or proposed in this city that is more worthy of encouragement than the effort now being made to establish a boarding house, which shall be in every sense a home, for women and girls who earn their own livelihood. Young men, as a rule, are not helpless, they need not be homeless, since the initiative in home building is by common usage in their hands. Young women dependent upon their own efforts are not helpless or homeless except in the degree that meager wages that custom imposes for their handiwork indicates. To the extent that they are without the comforts of home because of this state of affairs, they are worthy objects of systematized, organized assistance, not in any degree in the line of charity, but in a way that will insure for them the privileges of a home and its domestic and social associations, for what they can earn Intelligent endeavor put forth in this field promises a greater return in actual and relative benefit than any other work now asking the countenance and assistance of considerate philanthropy Experience has already proven that the women of Portland, who enjoy the shelter and protection of homes that are provided by the loving care of husbands and fathers, have hearts open to sympathy for their sisters less fortunately situated, yet who are nobly and cheerfully struggling to work out the problem of "what shall we eat and wherewithal shall we be clothed" for themselves. Practical endeavor carefully engineered cannot go amiss in this direction. There is no possibility that the plan proposed will fail, and in due time a quiet home, self-sustaining in the main will open its doors to the women of this city with a promise of comfort, which their means have heretofore not been able to secure for them in Portland

A DOG TELLS FOUR STORIES.

At noon yesterday, while the painters in the shop of O Leary & Arnoudts, adjoining Labbe's block on Second street, were eating their luncheon, they were startled by a crash, caused by some heavy body falling on the roof. On rushing out into the alley between the buildings a handsome red Irish setter was found lying on the ground in a helpless condition. Mr. Arnoudts's first thought was that it was raining cats and dogs, but not seeing any more canines or anything coming down, he concluded that he was mistaken. Investigation showed that the dog had jumped from the roof of Labbe's building. The animal belongs to D Loring, who rooms in the upper story of the building, and has been accustomed to run about on the roof. There is a tolerably high wall which divides the roof in two parts, and the dog has often jumped over the wall, and it is supposed that he took the fire wall for another division wall and so jumped into space The poor animal was carefully carried into the paint shop and placed on some rugs. He was unable to move and it was thought could not live long Mr Loring was out of town and he will be very sorry to hear of the accident to his dog, which is a valuable one.

Thousands of Consumptives

Have received benefits from Green's Lung Restorer Santa Adis an invaluable preparation for Coughs, Colds and all affections of the Throat Chest and Lungs Not a secret compound made from Adietine Balsam and Mountain Balm Physicians Ministers Vocalists and Public Speakers acknowledge it the King of Cough Cures For sale by all druggists.

PUSHING AHEAD.

In the past month McAllen & McDonnell increased the facilities for stocking their store by adding more shelving and otherwise improving. This is quite awake firm whose announcements in THE OREGONIAN they inform us are very effective in inducing the ladies to forsake Fire Tract for Third

For Coughs and Colds

Try our *Pectoral Balsam* (copyrighted) the good and reliable cough medicine prepared by C G. Skilton & Co druggists 151 First street.

SPONGES SPONGES

A large invoice of select toilet sponges just received and offered at low prices We are in PHARMACY

"My dear order a steak at the butcher's Oh no I love why not go down to Delmonico's to-day a fine dinner with wine It's only fifty cents"

L. C. HENRICHSEN,

SUCCESSOR TO

HENRICHSEN & GREENSFELDER,

142 First St. Portland, Or.

IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER, WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Diamonds Watches Jewelry Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. Watch repairing and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order Country promptly attended to Goods expressed C O D Solicitation. Sole Agency for Rockford Watches.

FELDENHEIMER

The Leading Jeweler.

Corner First and Morrison.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES

FOR SALE consisting of Gold and Silver American Watches Diamonds Gents Fine Jewelry Musical Instruments UNDERWEARS the Great Oregon Money Lender 163 First st. Private entrance north Alley

TAKE IT

W. PFUNDER'S

OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER.

CURES

KIDNEY & LIVER DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA PIMPLES, BLOTCHES AND SKIN DISEASES HEADACHE & COSTIVENESS

ALABASTINE

The Improved Wall Finish, is no longer an experiment. All who have used it recommend it. Descriptive circulars and sample cards furnished on application.

F. E. BEACH & CO., Agts.

DR. F. W. PREHN.

Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College. Suite of teeth $10 to $15. Filling at eastern prices. Breathe vitalized air for painless extraction of teeth. All work warranted Room 9 Union Block Stark st.

Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by all druggists.

BECAUSE A GIRL SLAPPED HIM.

A GERMAN DOCTOR ATTEMPTS TO TAKE HIS LIFE WITH MORPHINE

Dr G Gleim, a German physician about 50 years of age, who has been practicing in this city for some time, attempted suicide yesterday morning by taking a dose of morphine, which, not accomplishing its deadly work soon enough, he roused a roommate and sent him out for some cheap license whisky to make a sure thing of it. The messenger summoned a physician and Mr Gleim was yanked out of his bed and started on a six mile go-as-you-please tramp around his room. After an hour or two of this he ceased to long for oblivion and aided and abetted the endeavors of his friends to get the morphine and whisky out of him He has been paying rather marked attention to a lady who could not reciprocate his passion and who a day or two since slapped his face for being too fresh He had prepared a note to leave behind, telling her that he loved her and expressing a hope that she might be forgiven This was intended to wring her soul with anguish when he was gone But he is likely to carry for some time yet, and the only manner in which he can cause her anguish will be to devote him self to some other woman

TWO INSANE MEN,

STRANGERS WITH THE USUAL BALLUCINATION COMMITTED TO THE ASYLUM

P A W Anderson, mentioned yesterday as insane, was examined yesterday by Drs Strong and Saylor and ordered committed to the asylum Anderson is a blacksmith, 47 years of age and a native of Sweden All that is known of him is that he came here two weeks since from Washington territory His delusion is people are after him to poison him. He was taken to Salem on the afternoon train by Deputy Sheriff T Hawks.

Edward Winters, another patient, was also taken up to the asylum Winters is a German, 52 years of age, married, and came here recently from California. The cause of his insanity is epilepsy He was arrested near Bennett's place, in the vicinity of Mount Tabor Winters is also afflicted with an idea that some one wants to poison him, and also thinks he is full of bullets He has been in an asylum before

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.

W T COLEMAN & CO. Arts San Francisco

STYLISH

BUT NOT EXPENSIVE.

Everybody who has examined our ELEGANT STOCK of

Clothing

—FOR—

MEN, BOYS & CHILDREN

Unite in declaring that for STYLE and FIT and QUALITY our department is for this season cannot be equaled We have secured all the Latest Patterns, have had them made up in the most tasty manner and invite everybody to examine our lines of

SPRING OVERCOATS,
DRESS SUITS,
BUSINESS SUITS,
NORFOLK JACKETS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, ETC.

We call particular attention to our line of

VENETIAN SUITS

In 4 BUTTON CUTAWAY FROCKS and SILK FACED SACKS. Without exception the Nobbiest Suits ever in this market.

A. B. STEINBACH & CO

THE CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS,

Corner First and Morrison Sts.

We have splendid facilities for attending to the wants of our country patrons. We send elegant lines of samples with plain rules for self-measurement free to any address.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

T. J. COLBERT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, RUGS, MATS, etc., etc.

Special Attention given to Country Orders.

First and Yamhill sts.....Portland, Or.

VITALIZED AIR!

NO PAIN, NO BAD EFFECTS

Breathe it for painless extraction of teeth Sets of teeth $10 and $15. Filling at eastern prices. Work warranted. DR. CHAS T. PREHN, Washington street, near Penn.

[illegible] REAL ESTATE, [illegible] & LOAN BROKERS,

—AND—

Stock Brokers,

MEMBERS OF THE

Portland Stock Exchange and Mining Board.

Offices: 127½ First st., over Merchants' National Bank, Portland, Or.

Our list of property embraces over 500 of the choicest business and residence lots in Portland, East Portland and Albina, and range in price from $500 to $25,000 each. Our selections are based upon an actual residence of over twenty years in the city of Portland, and we are therefore enabled to offer inducements surpassed by no other firm in the city.

CITY PROPERTY:

$5200—LOT 50x100 ON EAST PARK ST good houses renting for $25 each terms ½ cash balance in two years at 10 per ct.

$15,000—LOT 25x100 FEET ON FRONT st. convenient to Stark st. ferry contains good two story brick and can be made to pay ten per cent on the investment to say nothing of its doubling in value within a few years Terms one half cash balance in three years

$1900 WILL BUY A NICE LITTLE SIX room cottage with lot 50x75 street and sidewalk improved and convenient to the business center Terms one-half cash balance on time

$5000 WILL BUY A CHOICE LOT IN THE heart of the city containing two good dwellings, renting for an aggregate of $45 per month street and sidewalk improved these houses are insured for three years and in good repair Terms ½ cash balance in one or two years at 10 per cent.

$2500 WILL BUY A FULL BLOCK IN EAST Portland, located near the railroad and midway between the Morrison st. bridge and Jefferson st. ferry

$8000 WILL BUY A CHOICE LOT 50x160 ON West Park st, in a desirable neighborhood containing two new modern design two story dwellings rented at a cost of $4,000, and now renting for $-0 each. Terms, one-half cash balance on time

$1400—8 ACRES OF RICH GARDEN LAND all in cultivation and enclosed by good picket fence Five miles west of Portland on the main traveled road and only fifteen minutes from the city The place contains nine head of fine horses two milch cows, splendid well twenty feet from the door also good barn, chicken houses, etc Title perfect terms cash.

$1050—LOT 50x160 IN THE WESTERN PART of the city splendid view good drainage and on the regular street grade.

480 ACRES OF RICH ROLLING LAND 250 in wheat all fenced good house and barn four miles from Lipnton on the Willamette river three miles from railroad station in Yamhill county and convenient to schools and churches The place is supplied with a living stream of water forty to fifty pleasant surroundings and, above above all is located in the banner county of the State. Price $22 per acre.

640 ACRES RICH ROLLING LAND NEAR THE town of Amity Yamhill county 450 under fence 250 under plow also good house barn outhouses etc splendid stream of water on the premises and its soil for richness is surpassed by any such in the State. This property is located four miles from a well known steamboat landing on the Willamette also the same distance from railroad station thus affording the producer a choice of routes Price $ per acre.

For particulars call on or address

[illegible] & [illegible],

Real Estate, Mining and Stock Brokers,

127½ FIRST STREET

(Over Merchants National Bank)

A. ROBERTS,

The Leading Clothier,

Shows this Spring a beautiful line of Light-Weight Suitings, being a direct importation from the great London House of Dorniel Freres There is, of course nothing equal to a custom-made suit when gotten up by first class workmen but we have magnificent proofs in our grand line of

Men's and Boys' Suits,

For Spring, that careful study and cultivated taste are exercised in the production of Fine Ready-made Clothing. We are justly proud of our line of Clothing and the man or boy must indeed be hard to please who cannot select a suit from our stock

Light Overcoats.

You should see our Spring Styles, the New Designs in the goods the whole undertaking brought to perfection now and ready for this first Spring month!

A florist makes his triumph on one flower! Here are scores of new combinations that manufacturers have wrought into warp and woof The warm ashes do not turn a shade behind the mist and prices are lower than ever before

Furnishing Goods.

We are daily in receipt of the Latest Novelties from the Leading Eastern Manufacturers and our patrons can rely on always finding in our store such a selection as they would see on Broadway

HATS.

We carry a full line of the Latest Styles from leading manufacturers such as

J. B. STETSON & CO.

DICKERSON & BROWN,

AND OTHERS

Straw Hats.

In the styles for this season there are some novelties which are very neat and attractive

A. ROBERTS,

The Leading Clothier,
Merchant Tailor and
Hatter of Oregon,

135 FIRST, CORNER ALDER.

[illegible] & [illegible]

—AND—

[illegible]

S. W. Cor. Third & Morrison.

[illegible] GLOVES.

For the balance of this Week we shall offer.

4-BUTTON

Brode Back Kid Gloves,

At 75 cts. per pair.

5-BUTTON

Scotch Top Kid Gloves,

At $1 per pair.

IN ALL NEW SHADES.

[illegible] & [illegible]

Have Just Received a Full New Line of

[illegible] & [illegible],

In Assorted Colors which we will sell at

TWENTY CENTS PER SET.

And are guaranteed fast colors.

ALSO:

A FULL LINE OF

Ladies' Muslin and Embroidered Underwear

from 25 cents and up.

Lace Flouncings,

(Full Width).

We will sell this week for 60 cts. per yard, worth $1 25.

Our stock of PARASOLS are all new and in the latest and most approved styles and I will be saving of 50 per cent. to all who purchase of me, as we have paid especial attention to their purchase, and can, with confidence, assure all our patrons a close bargain in Parasols

STOCK NOW COMPLETE IN EVERYTHING.

[illegible] & [illegible],

MASONIC BUILDING,

133 Third Street, Near Alder.

PORTLAND OREGON

M. J. SLIN UNDERWEAR.

LADY'S CHEMISE,	worth $0.50,	for 25c
LADY'S GOWNS,	" 1.00,	for 50c
LADY'S CHEMISE,	" 75,	for 35c
LADY'S GOWNS,	" 1.25,	for 65c
LADY'S CHEMISE,	" 1.50,	for 75c
LADY'S GOWNS,	" 2.00,	for 90c

CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES

White Mother Hubbard Dresses, trimmed, for 40c

Colored Mother Hubbard Dresses for 25c

White Dresses, 40 different styles, all prices.

LACES & EMBROIDERIES.

Cheaper by considerable than any other house in town

WHITE GOODS, WHITE GOODS

We have added to our Corset department the following

"Patent Roman,"	at $2.00,	former price	$2.50
"P. D" No 28,	price 3.00,	" "	3.50
"S C,"	price 2.00,	" "	2.50

CURTAINS & TABLE LINENS.

Table Linen, Red or White, for 25c per yd

Nottingham Curtains, 3 yds long, taped, $1.15 pr

Nottingham Curtains, 3½ yds, taped, $1 15 pair

HOSIERY & HANDKERCHIEFS.

We have received over 500 dozen Ladies' and Children's Stockings, from 5c to $5 per pair, and over 1000 dozen Handkerchiefs, selling at from 5c apiece to $2.50 a dozen.

In conclusion, we wish to say that our establishment is crowded with bargains, and we promise that no customer shall leave our store without having first secured just what was wanted,

WE HAVE EVERYTHING!

And it Pays to Trade with the

[illegible] & [illegible]

[illegible] & [illegible],

55, 57 Washington St.,

Corner of Third. (P. O. BOX 360.)

[illegible] B. [illegible],

111 FIRST ST.

Gent's Furnishing Goods and Hats

IN ALL STYLES and ENTIRE NEW STOCK

[illegible]

The Leaders,

JUST RECEIVED

A NEW LOT

FISK, CLARK & FLAGG

[illegible]

We also make White and Colored

Shirts to Order.

[illegible]

153 FIRST ST.

[illegible]

ALL THE

NEWEST PATTERNS.

Adcock

No 748 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.
No. 10 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.
No. 171 First Street, Portland, Oregon.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye & Ear 169, 1st st

[illegible]

We have opened to-day a very large assortment

—OF—

New Laces

—AND—

Flouncings

In Cream, White & Black.

Two cases

PARASOLS.

KID GLOVES, ETC.

131 and 133 First St.

[illegible] BROS.,

85 FIRST STREET,

Direct Importers and Dealers in

[illegible],

Upholstery Goods,

[illegible],

Our Retail Department includes the Largest and best assortment of all goods in the line.

—AND—

We offer Special Inducements to the Retail Trade.

SPRING MILLINERY

ALL THE LATEST STYLES

Parisian Pattern Bonnets!

ELEGANT NOVELTIES!

MISS A. S. JORGENSEN,

105 FIRST ST

DR. NEWCASTLE DENTIST. Kane Building 1st floor

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MINING DEPARTMENT.

Observations upon Mining Development in the Northwest.

Platinum in Oregon—Copper in Josephine County—Warning to Smelters—Portland's Mining Population—Growing Interest.

NATIVE SOURCES OF PLATINUM.

An inquiry comes from the East for sources of the metal platinum. A New York state dental manufacturing firm uses it in their fabrications, and, finding the available supply getting more and more scanty, they have addressed a Portland assayer on the subject.

There is not what may be called a promising source of this valuable substance in the United States, though a quantity has been annually got from the alluvial gold washings of the California mines, and a still smaller quantity from the Southern Oregon mines. It is a metal whose great specific gravity—over 21—causes it to remain with the gold particles in the pan, rocker and sluice. In certain places in Southern Oregon an exceptionally high proportion of grains of platinum is thus found, reaching in exceptional places one-tenth, one-sixth, and very rarely one-third of the weight of the gold. Its color is between silver and lead, and its value, when in a nearly pure state, is something like $115 per pound avoirdupois, while gold is worth $201 per pound. The most of the platinum found in this country contains iridium, osmium, rhodium, etc., which give the alloys increased hardness and at the same time reduce their value largely. Platiniridium, the commonest native alloy, usually brings $2 per ounce, which is very low considering the value of its components. The same firm who ask for platinum extend their inquiries to iridium, of which the same remarks are true, viz: that it is exceedingly scarce in the Northwest so far as known, being found in very small quantities in alluvial gold washings, exists invariably in combination with some other of the platinum group of metals, and when found has no recognized standard of value, such as would tempt the miner to seek for it. What little there is of either metal we owe to the placer gold mining industry, and when it becomes a thing of the past the platinum metals must become scarce. Whenever the original matrix of platinum and iridium is found there will be hope of their becoming of importance to miners; but as long as they remain merely incidental to gold extraction from placers they cannot rise to importance. To conclusion we may mention that the price of manufactured platinum in New York is $26 per troy ounce; of iridium "fused" $10, and of pure metal $22), or equal to gold. Iridosmine, or osmiridium, the very hard, white, metallic substance found in placer gold in Southern Oregon, and especially about Cow creek, is worth about $2 per ounce.

COPPER IN JOSEPHINE COUNTY.

Mr. Jacob Miller, who resides now in East Portland, owns the Monarch and Ella copper claims, on the Illinois river, seventy-five miles below Kerbyville. These veins were discovered and prospected in the early "sixties," contemporaneously with the Queen of Bronze copper mine near by. The company who controlled the Ellen set up a furnace on the property and floated the bullets, etc., down the Illinois on rafts, and, altogether, went to an expense of $20,000 or more, which was an entire loss. Mr. Miller describes the ore as occurring in four parallel lodes in serpentine and diorite, three of them containing principally chalcopyrite (copper pyrites) and the other only black oxide of copper or melaconite. They are forty or more feet wide on the surface in places, and two of them are traceable on the surface for a distance of 4000 and 6000 feet, respectively. The ore extracted assays 22 per cent. copper and $6 in gold per ton. A number of prospecting drifts and shafts have been run in past years, and a very great quantity of ore is in sight. Taken together with the Queen of Bronze and the other lodes known in Josephine county, the conclusion is that there are immense resources in copper in Southern Josephine, which will, beyond a doubt, be made exceedingly productive whenever the price of the metal reaches a figure to justify the working of these mammoth lodes.

A TRIBUTE TO HARTSFELD.

The prospect that a number of associations and individuals in various parts of the new ore districts of the Northwest will this year engage in smelting lead and other ores has induced this paper to publish in late issues matter bearing upon the general subject of smelting, and we have enunciated principles which, if carefully attended to by prospective smelters, will save much loss of time and money. We have mentioned several fruitful causes of failure in this pursuit, and have left others to be inferred. We have now to caution business men and miners against the purchase of untried or unsuitable machinery. In particular do we desire to warn readers against certain patented apparatus for smelting which goes by the name of the Hartsfeld water jacket smelting furnace. Readers familiar with Coeur d'Alene matters cannot fail to remember the Hartsfeld furnace which was erected at Mullo, near Wardner, and essayed to smelt ore from the Sierra Nevada and other claims, and which after three trial runs which, owing to "freezes" and other causes apparently beyond the control of the superintending metallurgist, succumbed to the inevitable and was abandoned, at considerable loss to its proprietors and great disappointment to the neighboring miners. To be sure there were many extraneous and inexplicable obstacles to its successful running—obstacles which have received attention in these columns before, but the fact remains that the Mullo furnace could not smelt because it was not adapted to smelt. To recount reasons is superfluous. It is the obvious duty of a metallurgist to warn people from investing in a lead blast furnace that carries no permanent lead bath in the crucible; that has no syphon tap for the extraction of the fluid bullion; that narrows at the throat thus producing a too high temperature at the feed door because of the necessary condensation of the gases; that is built with inverted bosh to avoid the formation of "scows"—that in short sets the well known and approved principles of practical metallurgy at defiance in order to attain impracticable and chimerical ends. The Hartsfeld furnace in common with nine-tenths of the "processes" and inventions which promise to revolutionize the extraction of metals is the invention of an obviously ignorant brain possessed of some inventive skill, and unfortunately possessed of sufficient audacity and "nerve" to get the invention into attempted use. Almost the first firm to adopt the apparatus was Gassert, Black & Co., of Cooke City, Dakota, to whom a letter of inquiry was sent by the writer, soliciting the following response:

COOKE CITY, April 5.

IN ANSWER to your inquiry we must say that the Hartsfeld furnace is a total failure, and Hartsfeld, together with his menial agents, a set of notorious frauds and impostors, which statement we have published for the last year, and they dare not refute, for we can prove all we say and more. Trusting that you will not allow yourself or any other legitimate mining man to be taken in by those infernal frauds, we remain yours truly,

GASSERT, BLACK, & CO.

This firm ought to be fairly conversant with the merits and demerits of the thing they condemn, since they went to the expense of setting up two Hartsfeld furnaces of fifty and fifteen tons respectively. The above is ample warning; THE OREGONIAN, in publishing this much, has done its duty by the mining public, and if anyone in the Northwest invests a single dollar in the Hartsfeld patent he will deserve to be fleeced.

PORTLANDERS WHO HAVE MONEY IN MINES.

Of the large number of Portland people interested pecuniarily in mines, the following is a partial list. It makes no pretensions to completeness, and its chief value consists in the proof it presents that the vast mineral resources of the Pacific Northwest are not entirely disregarded by the people of its chief city. The extent of the investment hitherto made in mines it is not desirable to ascertain, the sole object being to find out what proportion of investments have been made of late, and especially since the phenomenal discoveries at Coeur d'Alene first gave rise to the boom which mining is undoubtedly experiencing at present. We may say in reference to the worth of these investments that attempts have been made to arrive at the value of the mines in question; but such are the disagreements of even the most unprejudiced and uninterested observers concerning the value of properties that it is felt that such an estimate would be futile. If we were to reckon these various mines, locations and claims at the figures set by their, in many cases, enthusiastic owners, the total would mount into the tens of millions. It may seem a bold statement, but it is doubtful if three millions of dollars could buy the properties thus held, and considering the rate at which approved properties are now enhancing in value, it may be that three times as much would not when the boom is fully matured.

The most important fact in connection with this list is that the greater number of the properties mentioned (of which many are worthless, no doubt), were secured by their present owners within the twelve months past, and dealings in mines and claims are becoming constantly more active. There are a surprising number of men now in the midst of preparations for departure to the mines, going in a majority of cases to the northern districts, but many also to Southern Oregon, the Cascades and wherever fancy takes them, and the probability is that before six months are past there will be five times as many mining claims owned in Portland as at present. Among those residents of Portland and East Portland who own mining property are:

S. G. Reed, capitalist. Principal owner of the Connor creek gold quartz mine, Baker county, Or.; director Portland Reduction Works.

James Steel, president Merchants' National bank. Principal owner of the Bonanza gold quartz mine and mill, Baker county; the Fanny quartz mine, Trail creek, Coeur d'Alene; part owner of the Dry gulch placer mine and ditch, near Murray, Coeur d'Alene; and of certain copper claims in the Seven Devils' country, Idaho; president of the Portland Reduction Works.

H. J. Carrel, civil engineer and capitalist. Interested in the Green or Sugar Pine mine and the St. Peter's mine, Southern Oregon; manager Portland Reduction Works.

W. M. Ladd, banker. President Keystone Mining Company, of Grant county. (W. M. Ladd, J. F. Watson and associates.)

B. Goldsmith, capitalist. Owns in the Sierra Nevada and Richmond silver mines at Wardner, Idaho.

V. DeLashmutt, banker. Principal owner of the Stemwinder and other claims, Wardner, Idaho.

C. W. Knowles, hotel keeper. Owner in the Sierra Nevada, Stemwinder and other claims, Wardner, Idaho.

C. P. Church, speculator. Owns in the Sierra Nevada, Crown Point and other claims in Coeur d'Alene.

Joseph Watson, liquor dealer, of Watson & Bigne, proprietors of the Sumpter valley mine and mill, Bitze mountains, Or.

John Bigne, capitalist, of Watson & Bigne.

W. G. Jenne, assayer. Interested in lead-silver claims near Mullan, Coeur d'Alene.

W. B. Honeyman. Principal owner Tyler and Viola lead-silver mines, Wardner, Idaho.

A. F. and H. Aukeny, capitalists. Owners of the Sterling hydraulic placer mine, Jackson county, Or.

James H. Fisk, assayer. Interested in sundry claims as agent or proprietor.

C. W. Cornelius, theatrical manager. Principal owner of the Gold Hill Mining Company's property, Gold Hill, Southern Oregon.

W. C. Wilson, capitalist, East Portland. Principal owner Green Mountain gold quartz mine and extensions, Starve-Out, near Canyonville, Douglas county, Or.

Jonathan Bourne, Jr., capitalist. Director Green Mountain Mining Company.

H. A. Moss, O. R. & N. Co. Director Green Mountain Mining Company.

C. H. Prescott, O. R. & N. Co. Director Green Mountain Mining Company.

F. Chrno, attorney. Owner of extension to Green Mountain mine, Southern Oregon.

Mr. Hazelline, dealer in hardware, agricultural implements, etc. Owner of quartz claims, Tuolumne county, Cal.

Jacob Miller, East Portland. Principal owner of Elle, Monarch and neighboring copper claims, Illinois river, Josephine county, and gold quartz claim near Glendale, Or.

Dr. M. A. Flinn, East Portland. Owner of quartz property in Blue river mining district, Lane county, Or.

C. M. Idleman, attorney. President of Eureka Quartz Mining Company, of Blue river district, Lane county, Or.

Frank B. Mason, Director of Eureka Mining Company.

Job Angel, East Portland. President and manager of Grand Ronde Hydraulic Mining Company, Union county, Or.

J. Frank Watson, of Smith Bros. & Watson, iron works. Member of the Keystone Mining Company, Grant county, Or.

Mr. Hudson, grocer, East Portland. With W. J. Worley, owns three quartz and one placer claim, Coyote creek, Josephine county, Or.

Dr. G. H. Chance, dentist. President of White Bull Mining Company, Santiam, Or.

A. J. Knott, capitalist. Owns, with associates, claims in the Bohemia district, Lane county, Or.

D. McKercher, bookseller. Owner of a five-stamp gold quartz mill and other properties, Allentown, Pike creek. President and director Morgaret Mining Company's properties, near Murray Coeur d'Alene.

Dr. E. O. Smith, dentist. Vice president and manager Margaret Mining Company, of Eagle creek, Coeur d'Alene, and other property.

W. J. Hawkins, capitalist. Manager and principal owner Dry Gulch placer mine and ditch, Murray, I. T.

W. L. Ainsworth, banker. President Portland Reduction Works.

S. M. Keenan, East Portland. Owns, with Kiessling, Daniels, Sutherland and others, sundry quartz claims and prospects in Josephine county, Oregon.

H. W. Dilg, locksmith. Quartz claim near Susanville, Oregon, and placer mine in Montana.

Mr. Hughes, real estate agent. Placer mine and ditch, Wolf creek, Josephine county, Oregon.

E. J. Jeffery, contractor. Lead-silver claim, Colville.

Pfunder Brothers, druggists. The Portland lead-silver mine and other claims, Colville.

David Goodsell, attorney. Owns in Stem-Winder mine, Wardner, and with Mr. Heller, placer claim in Coeur d'Alene.

H. B. Morse. Interest in placer, Southern Oregon.

A. Marriott, jeweler. Interested with Watson and Bigne in Sumter Valley quartz mine and mill, Baker county, Oregon.

THE SULLIVAN MINE.

The Wardner *News* of a late date says of a celebrated mine on the south fork of the Coeur d'Alene: "We paid a visit to the Sullivan, as we desired to see at 700 feet in depth and at over 400 feet in, the exact developments the lowest tunnel of the three makes since we were last in the mine. This tunnel is the most interesting feature of the mine, as it not only assures permanency and an increase of richness in the ore to the end as depth is attained, but it gives character and value to all the adjacent mines and locations in the vicinity. The tunnel in the Sullivan we are now speaking of is certainly as wonderful in mining history as it is satisfactory to the owners and the people of the district. Ore of high grade was struck at about sixty feet from the mouth, which continued to increase in character to the end, and the body of ore, as it always itself does, is simply marvelous—large bodies of chrystalized lead which yield most beautiful specimens of nature's handiwork: rich, too, as beautiful carbonate, and sulphurets equally rich and beautiful, and first-class galena. The width of the vein at this depth has not been ascertained by cross-cutting, but in the tunnel above it is thirty feet wide and from the first that has been the average width of the vein. There is no reason to apprehend it will be less in the lowest tunnel. As it stands it excites the admiration of all mining men who inspect it. In the tunnel above we may state some remarkably fine specimens of ore have recently been taken out which carried a large proportion of native silver. Taken all in all, at every point the Sullivan is one of the greatest mines in America, and as a matter of history in production, it is much to be regretted it cannot be worked at present to its full capacity in yield. The world then would scarcely believe the figures. All we have said of the Sullivan we might repeat in connection with the Bunker Hill, the sister mine on the opposite side of the creek and owned by the same parties. In this mine the lowest tunnel is about the same depth and length as in the Sullivan and at every point shows the same consistency in width of vein and the same richness of ore. It will be a proud day for Wardner, for the whole Northwest indeed, when these two mines can be worked to their utmost capacity.

UNION COUNTY MINES.

La Grande Gazette.

The mines to the south of La Grande will be thoroughly prospected this summer, and before snow flies again it will probably be demonstrated that many of the properties will be paying ones.

Pine creek will receive due attention from interested ones. The company represented by Mr. Neuner will erect a twenty-stamp mill with the necessary adjuncts. This will be no experiment, as Mr. Lance, the superintendent, has ere this determined the requirements for treating the ores of the camp, especially the ores found in the mines owned by the company. When the mine is in operation it will be easier to determine the value of this camp. That there will be many paying properties is asserted by many who should know what they are talking about.

The Eagle district will receive a new impulse from the purchase of the Clough and Duncan mine by the California men.

Development work still continues in the Wallowa district and soon good property will no doubt be uncovered among the numerous locations that have been made.

The people will await the beginning of operations in the Grand Ronde Hydraulic Mining Company's claim with much interest. One of the enthusiastic stockholders says they will take out money by the mule load. We are glad to note that the company is going ahead in a systematic manner and mean business. Mr. Angell, the manager, is a rustler and keeps moving.

SOUTHERN OREGON MINES.

Ashland Tidings.

A handsome nugget, worth about $110, was picked up at the hydraulic mines of Lynch & Smith on Wagner creek, a few days since.

Davison & Shearer are piping at their hydraulic mines on Coleman creek with a fair head of water and good prospects. They have a good claim.

E. K. Satterson is running the "9" mines, as usual at this season, with plenty of water, and will of course make a profitable clean-up when dry weather comes.

Jacksonville Times.

Simmons, Decker & Co. and Wimar & Sons of Waldo district still have plenty of water and are making the most of it.

J. Klippel of Poorman's creek has washed off a large piece of ground this season, and will not finish cleaning up before the middle of June.

E. Roten has discovered a new ledge in Willow Springs precinct, which shows considerable free gold. There is said to be plenty of this ore in sight.

Klippel & Raumle's mill on Shively gulch is not making a steady run as yet, owing to the scarcity of quartz on the dump. This deficiency will probably be supplied soon

Simmons, Ennis & Co., who are opening a large placer claim in Waldo mining district, Josephine county, are making excellent headway, and by next season will no doubt have their huge cut finished and everything ready for piping on an extensive scale.

Cornelius & Co.'s mill in Rock Point precinct will commence crushing quartz from the Swinden ledge in a few days. It has been improved and put in good order and will no doubt do much better work than formerly. A large force is engaged in taking quartz from the ledge, which looks better than ever.

A FATAL BLAST.

ARCHIE WATSON AND THOMAS WALKER KILLED IN THE IDAHOAN MINE.

Bailey Times, April 9.

About half past 4 o'clock this morning an accident occurred at the Idahoan mine by which Archie Watson and Thomas Walker lost their lives. They were sinking the east shaft, and working eight hour shifts. At 4 o'clock they came up for lunch, and returned to work about half an hour later. They then rang up for tools, which were sent down; after which they rang the bucket up. Shortly afterward the blacksmith heard a shot in the shaft, but, of course, paid no attention to it. A few minutes thereafter, hearing groans coming from that direction, the blacksmith went down the shaft, and found Walker dead and Watson insensible. They were brought up to the surface at once, and when Watson came to he said that before going to lunch they fired all the holes. On their return they examined the blast, found it had all been discharged, rang for tools and resumed drilling. They had not struck over three blows when an explosion occurred, with the results above stated.

Superintendent Havens thinks that some powder must have remained unexploded in the hole, as the men were not allowed to take any powder or caps to their work until ready to blast—and then not any more than they could use for one round of holes.

Watson lingered some hours in horrible agony and died. He was unmarried. Walker was married and his family lives in Illinois. Both men were first class miners, who had been in Col. Haven's employ for years. He thought highly of them, as he always found them competent, careful and trustworthy in every respect.

Dr. Brown, who, with Dr. McKay, was called by telephone to attend the deceased, states that Walker must have died instantly. He was shockingly mangled. Watson's arms were broken and the hands almost torn off; one arm was crushed above the elbow, the hand hanging only by a shred. His right leg was broken in several places, also the left hip. He was conscious to the last, and had an idea that some powder had remained unexploded in a hole after the preceding blast.

THE HOTELS.

QUIMBY.

J McAtee, Salem
L B Eastman, Murray
W Bradley, Wasco
G B Hayward, do
J Kidd, St Paul
Mrs B Thorp, Scio
Mrs E Thompson, Scio
Mrs F Booth, do
O F Brazle, Astoria
L W Gent, Butte County
W B King, Seattle
J A Nesbit, Kalama
L Hamlin, Kansas City
J W Moore & w, do
T A Roland, McMinnv
A J Brown, do
J G Sturmar, Minn
G S Knowles, Eugene
W D Woodruff, Iowa
A Taylor, Sprague
J H Kell, Indiana
H A Elwell, do
P M Elwell, do
F Wood, Clark Co
Jas Curley, San Francisco
O Beam, do
R Logan & wf, do
M Lamreizen, do
A Jevne & w, do
Mrs A Clarke, do
Mrs W A Boggs, do
F O Morris, do
W Pfunder, do
R Biggs, do
J N Nellis, do
W Barrill, do
F K Burns, do
B R Copeland, do

H S Martin, Postal Tel
J Wilson, Grant Co
O Bennett, Illinois
L Kling, do
Mrs J Smith, do
J Philippi&Jm, Castlelok
W B McCrary&w, Albina
W J Trivelpiece, Dakota
W R Rhone, do
O A Trivelpiece, do
G H Morris, St Louis
D F Wagner, City
F E Sallsbury, Tacoma
M Witte, Buffalo
W Turner, do
J Nichols, Portland
A B Collins, Woodburn
A P Dark, Helena
A J Donald, Salem
G M Ellis, Lewis River
E Hall, N Yamhill
W Doyle, Ohio
J R Blakey, do
W W Purdin, For Gr
A G Lerman, San Fran
J Dewar, do
J E Logan, do
W Wilkinson, do
J P Cox & w, do
Miss P Clarke, do
A J Twigood, do
C E Morris, do
J Biggs, do
A G Nelis & w, do
J Allman, do
W F Meadows, do
T Edmonson, do
Henry Fox, do

INTERNATIONAL.

C A Daniel, Tacoma
J A Morris, Indianapolis
R Hoffman, do
T Hennessy, Kalama
H Spurs, do
R H McGee, Dayville
J Oilhera, Sprague
F Johanson, Sweden
Hulda Larsion, do
I Osmason, Norway
M Ancill, do
G Hadlow, Chehalis
T Hennessy, do
T Herchen, Chicago
P Hansen, do
D Strahwatte, do
D McFadden, do
P Namista, do
J D Moss, West Side
F Abandes, Montana
Frank Joyce, Tacoma
Mrs Robine, Canada
C Burges, do
R See, Illinois
N Warner, do
J Gustafon, B Quarry
O Gustafon, do
V Gustafon, do

A Aulp, Arcadia, Ind
G Bodien, Carlton
W S Le Valley, do
P Ton Tesmark, Bavaria
G Dellinger, Dayton
T E Wyrat, Spok Falls
W Williams, & fam, Mo
G Merrin, N C
S Blowe, do
I W Weldon, Spokane
J S Stewart, Toronto
P Dunne, N S
Mrs L E Smith, Forest G
Mrs A L Smith, do
Miss M Smith, do
Mrs L Ransome & 5 ch,

A R Pettisford, Iowa
B Scannen, Chehalis
J F Berry, do
A Norlund, Sweden
J Jackson, do
H Michelson, do
J Dangerfield, Troutdale
B Welch, Medford
E T Wright, do
G Woodeu, wf & ch, S F
Mrs P Wegstein, do

HOLTON HOUSE.

E L Smith, Rochester
E D Smith, Hood River
W J Baker, do
W A Crawford, N Mexico
F B Dunn & w, Ruggone
S M Gorman & w, do
J F Robinson, do
L N Rooney, do
Wm Edris, do
Geo Humphrey, Albany
Dr G W Maston, do
S H Mason, do
D P Parker & fy, Salem
F McF Patton, do
F H Allsten, do
W J Clarke, do

S Lowenberg, San Fran
J F Reilly, do
J J Mack, do
E Mayer, do
A J Jodkins, do
E A Smith, do
F Morse, U S Coast Sur
T Reeds, Seattle
H C Capwell, New York
F J Messinger, Amity
E Williamson, Albina

BOSTON HOUSE.

H S Woodcock & w, Corv
E P Dey, Chicago
John A Black, San F an
Dan Logue, " do
H S Hancock, " do
Joseph Levy, do
M H Livingston, do
Jas R Preston, do
J M Peterson, do
M S Stephens, do
Louis Hardy, do
C Mastick, do
Miss L Mastick, do
Mrs A C Mastick, do
Mrs Wemsley & 2c, do
A Wemsley, do
Wm A Ristenpart, do
Wal is Nash, Corvallis
W Shaw, Eugene
A Gunther, Milwaukee
E T Gove, S appoose

ESMOND.

J A Grover, Silverton
C H Burns, Spokane Falls
Lee Richmond, Walla Walla
D C Ammidon, Baltimore
Lewis Zachen & w, Lonisv
S H Dunlon, do
W G Nanmerer, San Fran
F Z Hyde, do
Frank Batchelor, do
W J Burke, do
John Fagan, do
G W Hunt, do
L W Lewison, do
G Ross, do
P H McCullough, do
P Keen, do
L C Parke, do
Mrs F W Clayton, do
H Rothey bollister, S F
Mrs Rothey bollister, do

ST. CHARLES.

E P McCormack, Salem
J Chenoweth, Oakland
E P Wentworth, Halsey
J Davis, Seattle
L Austin, Molalla
T S Foster, Wyoming
Miss A Deny, Eugene
Miss Corbin, Cedar Mills
J H Richards, Woodburn
H W Koetle, do
C C Bozarth, do
A H S Kaling, Avon, W T
Mrs Grey, The Dalles
J Hulett, Vancouver
C F Wright, Harrisburg
C P Cunningham, do
F A Morris, Newberg
W B Russell, Jefferson
H B Tringle, Perrydale
W M Kaiser, St Helens
M D Spain, do

Mrs S Jacobs, San Fran
A J Henry & wf, do
J H Hamis, do
Mrs W Wilson, do
A B Miles, do
J E Jouel, do
D Corwin & wf, Hillsboro
C Benedict, Cornelius
C Hachlord, Waterford
Mrs L Matwell, Hunters
H T Porter, New York
J H Wilson, do
T H Wise, Victoria
E N Willis, Turners
C P Porter, Albany
G F Bunny, Seattle
C E Bickford, Arkansas
L Bentham, Salem
W G Garren, Dalles
H Blaisdel, Baker

MERCHANT.

Mrs Leonard, Albina
D J Arnold, Omaha
Will S Graham, Yamhina
E W Blanchard, Tan'City
F B Turpin, Tacoma
A L Morris, "
Martin Upper "
John Hinkle, Hubbard
W Manning, Portland
W B Bates, Tacoma
Richard Graham, S F
E B Judd, "
Miss Eva McCarter, "

D Edwards, County Flint
A J Westcott, St Paul
J Y West, Roseburg
Sam J Hendricks, Ind
Mrs S J Hendricks, "
Alice F Hendricks, "
Carrie B Hendricks, "
Master Will Hendricks, "
Jas A Bannum, Woodland
J H Haddock Monroe
G Lemery, Dalles

THE GILMAN.

J Frawley, La Grande
R Alexander, Pendleton
J C Ogle, Whatcom
Belohn, Pomeroy
E J McClamand, U S A
N Thompson, Freeport
J F Willard, Montana
Mrs Willard, do
D Shepherd, Washougal
R T Carson, Tacoma
A B Beesley, Albany

S Lowenberg, San Fran
J F Reilly, do
J J Mack, do
E Mayer, do
A J Jodkins, do
E A Smith, do
F Morse, U S Coast Sur
T Reeds, Seattle
H C Capwell, New York
F J Messinger, Amity
E Williamson, Albina

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

OREGON.

La Grande has no vacant houses.

At Albany the Willamette river stands nine feet above low water mark.

The pay-roll of the Louisville Company, of Pine creek, for March, was over $2500.

There is some talk of putting a small steamer on the Wallowa lake in the near future.

About Salem fall wheat is growing so fast that it is necessary to pasture it down or it will be too rank.

A Jackson county paper says it seems to be only a question of time when the deer in the mountains will disappear.

George Furgeson informs the editor of the Wallowa *Chieftain* that his loss of stock the past winter amounted to about 10 per cent.

Oregon *Sentinel:* By a private letter written from Happy Camp, by Hon. J. N. T. Miller to his son, we learn that horses wintered well.

Mrs. A. H. Biggs, state superintendent of the W. C. T. U., lectured in the Presbyterian church at Salem Monday night. Mrs. Scriber presided.

Our farmers are complaining very much about dryness of the ground, says the Oregon *Sentinel*. The late grain sowed is greatly in need of rain.

The different sawmills throughout Baker county will be called on to their fullest capacity to supply orders for lumber in the vicinity of Baker City.

At a meeting of the congregation of the Presbyterian church at Albany, held Monday, it was decided to retain Rev. E. R. Pritchard as pastor of the church.

Several days ago, at Sucker creek, in Grant county, Jake Mussel had an examination for the killing of Charles Albert (Spanish Charley) and was acquitted.

A few days ago, says the *East Oregonian*, Jack Burke, who has charge of the Pendleton fire department, had one of his ears nearly bitten off by a vicious horse.

Last Saturday night at Jacksonville, it became so cold that it froze ice on standing water. It being very dry it is supposed that it has not damaged the fruit much.

During the last ten days Thomas Page had thirty men and seventy horses at work on his Reserve farm, plowing, harrowing and seeding, says the Centerville paper.

The amendment campaigners are to have Col. George Woodford, of Illinois, to come and hold a week's protracted temperance meeting in each of a number of central points.

The Oregon Railway and Navigation office at Weston was opened last Monday, with W. C. Allaway of Troutdale as agent. Mr. Allaway has moved his family to Weston.

John Boyer and K. Kubli, of Jacksonville, have been elected representatives to the grand lodge of I. O. O. F., which will convene at East Portland on the third Tuesday in May.

Articles have been filed in the office of the secretary of state incorporating the First Presbyterian church of McCoy; incorporators, J. P. Daniel, L. W. Fletcher and J. M. Mustling; capital stock, $1200.

At the district convention of Patrons of Husbandry, held at Woodburn Friday, Mr. and Mrs. John Downing of Sublimity, and Mr. and Mrs. S. Layman of Woodburn, were elected delegates to the state grange.

There is some talk, says the *Centervillian*, of sinking a well similar to the one at the depot, on the hill east of Centerville, and erecting a tank large enough to supply the town with water for fire and sprinkling purposes.

Parties are examining the land lying between Old's Ferry and Ontario, in Malheur county, with a view of constructing a large canal to reclaim the desert land lying there. Water to be taken from the Malheur river.

The Coos Bay *News* says Rev. W. Lond has been experimenting with his carrier pigeons lately. He has sent them to different points on the bay, and immediately upon their release they returned to their quarters.

Long Creek *Eagle*: The town is full of fiddlers, and the saloons have a sound of revelry by night, and chivalry without much beauty is gathered there. "Beauty is only skin deep," but whisky reaches to the core.

The O. R. & N. Company's well, which is to supply the large tank in the depot grounds, at Centerville, was completed this week. The well is 45 feet deep, 8 feet wide, and has 31 feet of water in it. It has been walled up from the bottom with brick.

Baker City *Democrat*: The farmers of this valley intend sowing more grain this year than ever before known in Baker county. They seem to be thoroughly alive to the needs of the country and propose to do their share toward keeping up in the march of progress.

James Beagle, marshal of Pendleton, sustained injuries several years ago by an explosion of giant powder on the railroad in the vicinity of Meacham. Several pieces of small rock was blown into his flesh. Most of them were removed soon after the accident. The last piece was taken out of his upper lip Monday by a surgeon.

At Heysville, Marion county, Elder J. W. Webb lectured on the amendment a few days since. Afterwards a league was formed. J. L. Card, president; M. Hulbert, vice-president; A. Stephens, secretary; Mrs. Byrne, treasurer. A committee to arrange for another meeting and a programme was also appointed.

Says an exchange: There is quite a rush from Pancake valley and the northern part of the county over the line to Grant county, Oregon. Lew Horse, William Rodifer, Antone Hinkey and other Pancakers have gone there to locate land, and the prospects are that southern Grant will be colonized with Humboldters.

Baker City *Democrat*: Considerable ill-feeling exists in this neighborhood between cattle and sheep owners. It is becoming more and more manifest each succeeding day that some legislation is essential, whereby large bands of sheep should be placed under some restrictions as to range. Serious trouble is brewing.

The first town election in Joseph, Wallowa county, was held last Monday, with the following result: E. J. Forsythe, mayor; G. W. Hamilton, recorder; John Martin, marshal and street commissioner; G. W. Hulery, treasurer; A. M. Hall, A. W. Gowan, W. A. Leslie and W. W. Briggs, trustees. The town officers met and qualified Tuesday evening.

Wallowa *Chieftain*: We occasionally hear of stock mysteriously disappearing in different portions of the county. This is no doubt the work of stock thieves, a class too lazy to work and too mean to do right. Our stock men, however, will watch their property more closely hereafter, and woe be to the fellow who is caught taking that which is not his own.

Roseburg *Review*: From a gentleman who lives on Deer creek we learn that Miss Hattie Teeny is helping her father, who lives in that vicinity, to put in their crop of grain. During the last week she harrowed in about fifty acres and expects to have the spring work so far done that she can again enter the public school of this city next Monday. The Oregon girls as a rule take the cake.

A few days ago the Oregon & California northbound passenger train had a narrow escape from an accident says a Southern Oregon exchange. Just after rounding a curve, about a mile and a half below Myrtle creek, the engine ran into a push car standing upon trestlework across a ravine, doing some damage to the pilot. The obstruction was evidently placed there for the malicious purpose of ditching the train.

In 1881 an old German wagon maker of La Grande, named Haller, went hunting and never came back, and no trace of him was ever found, says the *East Oregonian*. He left considerable property, which escheated to the state, he having no heirs. A few days ago a letter came from the old country saying that he had received a considerable legacy from that country, but the bleaching bones of the lost man have no need of it.

The Topey and Three Sisters are busily engaged in bringing down from the Lucktamute rafts of logs for the sawmill company, says the Salem *Statesman*. About 4,000,000 feet of logs are now on hand, and the water mark in the mill has been so filled up that it has become necessary to use the upper part of the slough. There are but two boats which are engaged in river traffic beside the Three Sisters. These are the Bentley and Orient.

Tuesday's OREGONIAN had a brief dispatch from Albany about striking Chinamen. Wednesday's *Herald* says: Nearly 200 Chinamen left on yesterday's train to work on the O. & C. extension. About 400 Mongolian laborers have left during the past three days to engage in this work. They are offered $1 per day and board, of $10 to each man that goes to work, which induces many to go. Nearly all of the available Chinamen in Albany and many from Corvallis are leaving for Southern Oregon. Latest reports from the railroad work state that a large force of men are employed, and the gap is being closed up. It is thought that the Klamath will be bridged and the gap reduced to about twenty-five miles (four hours staging) by the 20th of May. As soon as the connection is as close as this the O. & C. will put on a Sunday train.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

There is talk of forming a base ball club in Tacoma.

The Chinese organized a Masonic lodge at Spokane Falls Saturday night.

Frank A. Carson, of Puyallup valley, is about to put in ten acres of hops at his place near Five Mile lake.

Mrs. Amelia Davis, aged 73 years, departed this life on Saturday last at her home in West Chehalem. She was the mother of John and William Harris and R. A. Stuart, of McMinnville.

The total amount of the school fund apportioned for Lincoln county is $6810; amount per capita, $2.433.

Tacoma *News:* Two big clam bakes are under consideration for the early future—one under the auspices of the G. A. R. and the other by the Odd Fellows.

According to an exchange the financial accounts of Garfield county are in a hopeless muddle. Judge Langford says the auditor and commissioners of the old board should be indicted.

Walla Walla *Union:* J. R. Stevens and a party of C. H. & N. surveyors will soon begin planting grade stakes on the road between Riparia and Pampa. Men are now engaged in making stakes at the depot.

At Walla Walla a man named Stone, who was at work Saturday fixing some spouting in the Prescott mill, was seriously hurt by a fall of some twelve or fifteen feet, caused by the slipping of the ladder.

The new vestry of St. Paul's church, at Walla Walla, elected at the parish meeting Monday night, are as follows: J. F. Boyer, H. M. Chase, B. L. Sharpstein, E. R. Whitman, G. W. Somerindyke, Jr., Lieut. E. F. Roe, H. E. Price.

Lincoln County *Times*: S. A. Divine, who recently sold a half-interest in a mine at Wardner for $36,000, passed through Davenport Tuesday, en route to the Salmon river mines, where he believes he can make another rich strike.

Many of the hop farmers in the Puyallup valley say that their season's work is being much delayed on account of the water in the hop fields. Last year at this time many of the hop poles had been set and the vines and roots pruned.

At the meeting of Trinity parish of Seattle, held Monday morning, the following-named gentlemen were elected wardens for the ensuing year: Messrs. H. Burnett, Charles Prosch, W. H. Forrest, J. C. Grasse, F. C. Dimmick, John Lear and Bernard Pelly.

The Chautauquans of Tacoma, are making arrangements to properly celebrate Shakespeare's day, April 23. An invitation has been extended the circle in Seattle to be present upon the evening of that day, at Washington college, where exercises suitable to the occasion will be participated in.

A shooting-scrape occurred last week at the sink of Rock creek, Grant county, nearly due east from here, between one named Camp and Tom Swartz, over a trivial bet. Camp, who is the sub-contractor on the mail line between Bidwell and Burns, was the aggressive party, but no one was hurt.

The other day, says a Tacoma paper, a child of M. P. Bulger, 2 years old, accidentally ran a needle into one of its knees. Thus far the doctors have been unable to reach it with their instrument, and the child is not considered as in a dangerous condition. The needle will have to work its way out.

At the last meeting of Abraham Lincoln post, G. A. R., at Walla Walla, comrades Carnet, Ellsworth and Lind were appointed a memorial day committee. At a meeting of the committee from Warren post, held Sunday, Rev. Henry Brown was selected to deliver the memorial sermon, on Sunday, May 29.

At a recent meeting of the members of St. Luke's church, at Tacoma, the following vestrymen were elected for the ensuing year: I. W. Anderson, George R. Delprat, W. F. Prichard, Wm. Bond, W. Fraser, George J. Turrell and C. N. Daniels. George R. Delprat and George J. Turrell were elected delegates to attend the next diocesan convention, and Professor E. P. Young and W. C. Taylor alternates.

The Wingate vein of the Carbon Hill Coal Company's mine at Carbonado caught fire on Saturday afternoon, from an explosion of gas. At last accounts strenuous efforts were being made to subdue the fire. The Wingate vein is one of the largest and most extensive of those now being worked by the Carbon Hill Coal Company. Should the fire get beyond control the loss will be most serious.

Seattle *Press*: Chief Murphy has detailed two men to make investigations concerning the find made by Eben Smith's little son, who discovered quite a number of things stolen and hidden in the suburbs by burglars. The chief is of the opinion that the articles are either in durance or have been run out of the city, else they would have had the plunder in some fence house, as it takes two to make a successful robbery, one to steal and the other to hide.

Post-Intelligencer: Capt. Heyer of the bark Henry Buck, now loading at the Stetson & Post wharf, while at Guaymas, Mexico, saw a schooner on the beach that had been pierced through her side by a swordfish to the depth of sixteen inches. The sword penetrated the copper plate and the timber of the schooner, a thickness of twelve inches, and extended four inches inside. He mentioned, as voucher for this story, the American consul at that place.

IDAHO.

A heavy snow fell on the mountains and over on the Potlatch Saturday night.

Boise City was on last Saturday night visited by a severe frost, doing some damage to fruit trees.

Six inches of snow fell at Murray Saturday, and the surrounding forest presented a mid-winter appearance.

It is expected that the gauge of the Utah & Northern, between Butte and Pocatello, will be changed by August.

Caldwell will build a new schoolhouse. At the special election held only four votes were cast against levying a tax for such purpose, out of the eighty-se

MORE FACTS.

STERLING, ILL., ——

We feel we must write you ... success of Hop Bitters. ... ble that of any other ... Hence we feel it but justice to ... Bitters to say that it is a ... merit and virtue, and doing ... effecting great cures. Yours, J. F. & H. B. ——

HAYESVILLE, OHIO, Feb. 11

I am very glad to say I ... Bitters, and never took anything ... me as much good. I only took ... and I would not take $100 for the ... did me. I recommend them to ... and get the best of results from ... C. B. MERCER, M. D.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Sept. 15, 18—

We take pleasure in giving you ... and a nice, strong one, as it (Hop Bitters) deserves it. We use it, and we know it deserves it.—"The Register."

GREENWICH, Feb., 11, 18—

HOP BITTERS CO.:

Sirs—I was given up by the doctors to die of Scrofula consumption. Two bottles of your Bitters cured me. They are having a large sale here.

LEROY BREWER.

GREENWICH, N. Y., Feb. 12, 1885.

Hop Bitters are the most valuable medicine I ever knew. I should not have any other now but for them.

HENRY KNAPP.

LONE JACK, Mo., Sept. 14, 1885.

I have been using Hop Bitters, and received great benefit from them for ... complaint and malarial fever. They are superior to all other medicines.

P. M. BARNES.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., Feb. 2, 1885.

HOP BITTERS MFG. CO.:

I know Hop Bitters will bear recommendation honestly. All who use them ... upon them the highest encomiums and ... them credit for making cures—all the proprietors claim for them. I have ... since they were first offered to the ... They took high rank from the ... and maintained it, and are more called for ... all others combined. So long as they ... up their high reputation for purity and ... blness I shall continue to recommend ... something I have never done before with any patent medicine.

J. J. BABCOCK,
Physician and Druggist.

KAHOKA, Mo., Feb. 9, 1886.

I purchased five bottles of your Hop Bitters of Bishop & Co., last fall, for my daughter, and am well pleased with the Bitters. They did her more good than all the medicine she has taken for six years.

WM. T. MCCLURE.

The above is from a very reliable farmer, whose daughter was in poor health for seven or eight years, and could obtain no relief until she used Hop Bitters. ... now in as good health as any person in this country. We have large sales, and they are making remarkable cures.

W. H. BISHOP & CO.

KABO
PAT. OCT. 19TH, 1886.
TRADE MARK
UNBREAKABLE
CORSE.
SOMETHING NEW.
Warranted to neither break down or roll up in wear.
The Genuine without a KABO stamped on inside of Corset. Trade" is with cost you nothing if not as represented. Ad...
CHICAGO CORSET CO.
CHICAGO. NEW YORK.

DAYTON & HALL
Wholesale and Retail Importers
Fine Fishing Tackle
RODS, LINES, FLIES, ETC.
Electrical Goods,
TELEGRAPH INSTRUMENTS, ETC.
194 First St., Portland.

GAERTNER'S BREWERY.
...o F. and Twenty-second to Twenty-third, West End,
Portland, Or.
... FEUERER, - - Proprietor.

THIS BREWERY IS THE ONLY BREWERY on the Pacific coast that furnishes its customers a pure article of lager beer. The first ice machine ever built on the coast has been set up for brewing purposes. ... Humboldtus Brewery.

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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
...er, Bile, Indigestion, etc. Free from Mercury ... Sold by Druggists. Pure Vegetable Ingredients. ...LANGLEY & MICHAELS, San Francisco.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, April 13.

...from St. Petersburg says: In view of the decline during the year past of the export ... and consequence, efforts are being made to ... exporters and protect farmers by ...thorough ... of railway tariffs. To this end the ... of railway and communication will com... the railway managers regarding further ... on export grain rates. The partial de... of the Russian export is, as is well known, ... due to that constantly growing competition ... which America, India and Australia, made ... by quick and cheap transportation. As ... with it, the cost of transport from the ... added to is 25 per cent. less. To oppose ... it is designed by Russian authori... as all that is possible as relates to moving ...

The following is a statement of wheat delivered by Dakota farmers, imports into the United ... and quantities afloat for the weeks ending ...

FARMERS' DELIVERIES.

... 11, 1887	45,000 qrs. wheat
... 4, 1887	50,000 qrs. wheat
... 28, 1886	75,000 qrs. wheat

IMPORTS.

... 12, 1887	151,000 qrs. wheat
	327,000 bbls flour
	250,000 qrs. wheat
... 5, 1887	230,000 bbls. flour
	197,500 qrs. wheat
... 28, 1886	152,500 bbls. flour
	212,500 qrs. wheat
... 7, 1886	227,500 bbls. flour

QUANTITIES AFLOAT.

... 14, 1887	1,945,000 qrs for U. K.
	455,000 qrs for Cont'l
... 6, 1887	1,963,000 qrs for U. K.
	420,000 qrs for Cont'l
... 29, 1886	1,540,000 qrs for U. K.
	530,000 qrs for Cont'l
... 8, 1886	1,025,000 qrs for U. K.
	340,000 qrs for Cont'l

...DOCK RECEIPTS—Past twenty-four hours: ... flour, 325 ctls oats, 300 ctls ... 264 bbls flour, 625 ctls oats, 300 ctls ... 75 sks oatmeal, 50 lbs hides, 5 cs butter, ... 75 sks oatmeal, 50 sheep, 21 lambs.

...—The wool trade is moving in the matter of ... freight rates, San Francisco dealers and ... holding a meeting on Monday last. An ... will be prepared and sent to the commit... ...—The law is now interpreted the rate from ... coast to Boston or New York is $3 70 per 100 ... to the old year now about ended a rate as ... was granted. The statement is made ... ...ific ships 35,000,000 lbs spring and fall ... Oregon and Washington ships say ... 20,000 lbs. making total shipments from this ... ...ast a year 4,000,000 lbs. If this had to go a ... ...the transportation would amount to ... ...ce, a difference to coast growers of $1,333,- ... ...—It is not to be expected that a rate as low ... can be secured. Probably 1½@2c per lb ... ...ard that about ½ more be now paid is a ... ...ing backward. The old rate from San An... Texas, by rail to Galveston and thence by ... to New York, and by the Metropolitan ... Boston, was $1.45. Best informed authori... ...ink the new rate will be 2½c. From this it ... ...that the new transportation law blows some ... ...the Ohio and Pennsylvania grower. The ... ...to Boston from the chief points of ship... ...in Pennsylvania are 62@63c in... ...of 83@85c, and from Ohio ... ...the maximum of 88@70c. Inasmuch as the com... ...has granted suspension of the long haul ... ...the Central system of roads, it is fair to presume ... ...proper application by our roads would receive ... ...grant. Already a move has been made ... ...Central Pacific and early action is anticipat... ...California is in a better position to ship than ... ...The Sunset route can make a rate quite ... ...point of Oregon, unless the Canadian Pa... ...comes to our rescue, and there is little ques... ...it will be possible. The Pacific Mail hangs ... ...seeming to establish a rate. By many the ... ...of the long haul clause granted the ... ...roads is regarded as certain to result in ... ...; yet no early positive action is possi... ...The Northwest feels this new transportation ... ...as does no other section of the country. Its ... ...salmon and hop industries are its very life, ...of these have lately allowed but narrow ... ...to the grower. If the cost of marketing is ... ...necessarily need production must suffer. ... ...hailed for in which the new law can be sat... ...directly tested. No doubt the next congress will ... ...to modify the bill, but in the meantime ... ...question is damaging to the many. Wool ... ...of the Northwest will, as far as they able, ...ship for a favorable freight. That some ... ...such as suspension of objectionable ... ...of the law, will soon be made is probable, ...in event the movement would do har...

...FREIGHTS—The Dumbartonshire, from, arrived ... The Jupiter has left down river with a ... cargo.

...TRAL—Foreign markets dull and in some in... ...lower. Eastern markets about steady, ... to the close showing slight advances, ... inactive except for futures, which ... ...ly less active but strong. Locally the sit... ...not changed. Receipts are for San Fran... ...shipment and on old purchase account or ...

...FLOUR—Receipts only fair and the export move... ...mainly foreign. During the week the Sel... ...was sailed for London with a cargo by the ... ...Hall Bros. The same mills have cleared the ... ...and have three vessels at hand to fill. The ... ...Arrahanee little room for comment. ... ...Walla Walla and valley brands have ... ...raised demands 25c. Agents for stan... ...quote no change, but the feeling favors an ... ...Standards quoted on basis of $4 25, ...brands $4@4 25, Walla Walla $4 ... ...

...OATS—Receipts of late have not been large and ... ...been equally divided between local and ship... ...Advices for a few days past have not ... ...the tone they were a week ago, but prices ... ...actually given away. The San Francisco ... ...is confident and is favored with light re... ...of all kinds. Here the range per choice is ... ...Shippers and dealers have bought at 32@ ... ...retailed in a small way up to 35c was realized, ...merchants securing this from large ... ...These figures still hold good, and the ... ...not expected to show early change.

...PROVISIONS—Arrivals of outside local are light, ...case of eastern meats have not been import... ...Stocks are ample, but are held with confi... ...and with a fair request the market rules ... ...Bacon slightly better. Selling values from ... ...Choice city or country hams 11@12c, ...shoulders 6@7c, eastern hams 11@ ... ...best lots of eastern lard 9@9½c.

...DRIED FRUITS.—Good request and firm mar... ...stocks running low, some sorts being almost ... ...Apples have brought better prices. ... ...prices from dealers are: Sun-dried quar... ...apples 2@3c, sliced 8@10c, factory ... ...bleached 11@12½c; prunes 10@12c, ...fresh, graded 8@10c, pitted plums 10c; ... ...peaches 9@11c, peeled 12½@13c; grapes ... ...Bartlett pears 10c, raisins $1 75 per ... ...box.

...HOPS—We can only quote a San Francisco re... ...Eastern advices being still of weak character. ... ...March 429,30 pounds of hops were shipped ... ...toward which Sacramento contributed ... ...this city 202,420 pounds. There is nothi... ...thereof to say about the market in addition ... ...we have now become an old story through fre... ...repetition, there being no inquiry worth ... ...Dealers would seriously interfere with opera... ...Eastern account even were there any good ... ...such business, which is not the case just ...

...WOOL—The weather continues backward and ... ...is delayed. Over Eastern Oregon grow... ...to be in a hurry, and many will delay clipping ... ...ly can. The condition of some sheep ... ...shearing, while delay with others ... ...the weight of the fleece. Eastern and ... ...and malt are of no improvement ... ...for coarse wools, immediate wants only be... ...supplied. The tone of the markets is not al... ...satisfactory. The top price for Eastern ... ...Boston is 31@32c, sales being made at ... ...The Kentucky markets have opened ... ...than a year ago. At Boston Austra... ...found new favor, choice fine being ob... ...scoured basis of 32c. With the poor ... ...shown by wool the goods market is an im... ...Clothiers do not take woolens. ... ...are reducing their product or running on ... ...and consequently do not enter the mar... ...material in spite of prices, which for ... ...weight clothing will be well cleaned up ... ...Jeans, etc.—This and other coast markets are ... ...some degree of weakness in sorts that ... ...There is a free movement locally ... ...and sheep pelts. We quote Dry ... ...and salted 6@6½c, heavy do 7@8c, ...and calf 12@14c, salt kip and ... ...and summer, sheepskins 20@25c ... ...and long wool, elk hides 18@20c, beaver ... ...bearskins $1 @$3. Tallow, 3½c for ... ...prime.

The Merchandising Markets.

...The general trade at this time is of satisfacto... ...character, there is remarked a falling away of dis... ...goods, interior dealers having stocked ... ...to some freedom last month, while those who ... ...expected to be under the ban of the new ... ...are said to be in heavy stocks. The de... ...has diminished by a feeling that ... ...would be advanced with

April. Value changes have not been numerous nor as important as looked for, and the advances noted have been due to other influences than those of rail transportation charges. The willingness, and even desire, to sell as cheaply as possible remains, and until goods actually cost more to lay down, little or nothing need be expected in the way of value enhancement. This is much more true of the grocery lines than of others, for already one hears of advances being demanded in some on the strength of new transportation rates. Last year dealers were compelled to submit to losses brought about by cut rates. Now where competition is not especially brisk they are only trying to regain what was then lost. Eastern classes of groceries, as a rule, are on a firm basis because of freights, but many of the staples are not markedly affected, being landed here by the water routes. There is probably more desire to sell now manifested than might have been anticipated, for there is more risk in holding than was thought possible, the chances for a suspension and later abolishment of the long and short haul clause being regarded as very fair.

Little is said locally of the salmon interests. Some fish are being caught but there is no stir and no saying what the month will show. Perfect harmony seems to prevail down river and as canners have good prices in sight they can pay the demands of fishermen, while the latter are not anxious to see last season's experience repeated. Shipments so far this month have been largely made up of fall pack, but little spring being moved. Tonnage rates by sea promise to rule low and this fact favors trade with England.

April is described by Eastern trade papers as having opened most auspiciously so far as the general condition of commercial and financial affairs is concerned. The development in all that relates to business activity seems to be reasonably assured. Apprehension regarding the interstate commerce law is gradually disappearing, and while it is as yet an unsolved problem, the general determination to give its provisions a practical test, eliminates the fear of disturbance with which it was viewed a few weeks ago. The fear of a tight money market has been dispelled by an easier tendency of funds in every important financial center. Regarding the New York markets the telegraph has furnished but meagre details. Coffee closes weak but has advanced beyond prices quoted on the 6th inst by mail and the *Shipping List* says the advances have been a surprise even to the bulls. Also that the belief in short supplies and higher prices seems to be gaining ground in Europe, and with a ramount market in Havre, values on this side very naturally sympathized. If the majority of those engaged in the trade in the largest consuming countries believe in higher prices, a still further advance is inevitable, and recent events would seem to point to a thinning out of the bear ranks and large accessions to the ranks of the bulls. Spices were quiet but steady with only a moderate demand for wholesale lots and a light distributive trade. Cloves were a trifle higher. Refined sugars in light demand, prices the shade easier and market dull. Refiners were taking raws only for special requirements having large stocks of refined. Nails showed an easier feeling with demands limited to small lots and $2 37½@ 45 quoted.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

COAL OIL—Quiet, but steady, good brands quoted 22@23c.

CANNED GOODS—Demands rule light, the interior being well supplied, and the market wears a weak tone. Prices on many coast and some Eastern varieties are shaded and quoted declines will probably be soon noted. Quotations are: Assorted table fruits, 2½@2 50@2 25; ss. $4 25@4 50; table apricots, blackberries and cherries, 2½@2 25, currants $2 00@2 25, gooseberries $2 50, grapes $1 50@2, peaches $2 50, strawberries $2 25@2 50, raspberries $2 37½@2 50, pears $2@2 25, plums $1 70@2, pineapples $2 50 @2 75. Assorted pie fruit, 2½@, $1 75@$1, and 8s $3 75; pie apricots, blackberries, cherries and gooseberries, $1 50@1 75, cherries, $1 75@ $2; peaches and squash, $1 20@1 50. Jellies and jams, assorted, $1 75@2. Corn $1 60@1 70; tomatoes $1 35; beans and peas, $1 20@1 40; asparagus $2 50; mushrooms, $2 25; French peas, $2@2 50.

COFFEE—San Francisco on Saturday reported a sharp advance in most kinds, and our market is 1@2c higher for Guatemala and Costa Rica. Arbuckle's roasted advanced ½c to 21¾c. Eastern markets close slightly below the best figures of the week. We quote Costa Rica 18c, Guatemala 16½ @17½c, Salvador nominally 16½.

RICE—Quiet, but there is no new business doing. China mixed $4 50@4 75, Island $5, Southern $4 25 @4 50.

SALT—Fair request is easily supplied, the market being no more than steady. Liverpool quoted $14 50, $16 and $18, with usual discount for round lots. Stock salt $8@9.

SUGARS—Quiet. Sixty-day quotations are: Confectioners' A 5¾c, dry granulated 6c, C 4¾c, extra C 5¼c, cube, 6¾c, powdered, 6¼c, crushed, 6¾c. Halves and boxes ¼@¾c higher.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Foreign operators are not getting any response from this market to their efforts to advance prices. They changed front this morning and were free sellers of stocks purchased in the last few days. The market opened weak and declined, ranging up to ⅝ per cent. in Louisville & Nashville, and further fractional losses established in early dealing. The entire market rallied quickly, however, under the lead of Western Union and Wheeling & Lake Erie, and early losses were generally regained, after which the market became comparatively quiet and steady. In the afternoon the entire list declined under persistent hammering, and with exception of one slight rally, the weakness continued until 2 P. M., when the lowest figures for the day generally were made. There was a slight rally in the last hour, and the close was moderately active and steady.

Government bonds were dull and steady.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Mining shares were quiet but strong, with the following closing prices bid: Amador $1 75, Bodie $2, El Christo $7, Homestake $14, Mexican $4 12½, N. J. Isle $7, Navajo $1 10, Stoddard $1, Silver King $9 75, Security $6 25, Sutro $26.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK April 13.—Money on call, easy 3 to 4 closed, offered 3; prime mercantile paper, 5 to 6. exchange unchanged. Closing quotations.

BONDS.

3s	...	...	100
4s (coupon)	...	...	129½
4½s (common)	...	...	110¾
Pacific 6s	...	...	120

STOCKS.

American Express	111	Northern Pacific	38½
Canada Pacific	63	N. P. Preferred	69½
Canada Southern	51½	Northwestern	110½
Central Pacific	41¾	Improvement	41
Chicago B. & Q	92	Oregon Navigation	100½
D. L. & W.	136½	Transcontinental	34½
E. T. R. G.	20	Pacific Mail	60
Erie	34¾	Rock Island	96
Lake Shore	94⅝	St. Paul	92½
L. & N.	69¾	Texas Pacific	23½
Michigan Central	92	Union Pacific	61½
Kansas & Texas	35½	U. S. Express	61½
N. Y. Central	112⅛	Wells, Fargo Exp	127
Western Union	77⅞		

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—The market opened strong. The demand was good and prices were generally higher. The closing was lower for the majority of stocks. Ophir, Con. Cal., Challar and Potosi being exceptions. Of the outside stocks Seldon had the call, selling up to $2 20, closing at $2 10.

Con. Cal. & Va.	14 87	Ophir	7 75
Best & Belcher	6 62	Potosi	7 25
Sierra Nevada	3 30	Challar	6 62
Hale & Norcross	4 85	Savage	5 62
Gould & Curry	1 80	Union	2 80
Yellow Jacket	4 75	Bullion	2 20
N. B. Isle	7 00	Alta	2 25
Nevada Queen	2 55	Andes	1 25
Mexican	1 30	Utah	1 20
Ophir	1 15	Bodie	2 20
Crocker	1 00	Benton	70
Weldon	2 10	Justice	1 25

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, April 13.—Consols, 1 02 3-16. Bank of England rate of interest, 3 per cent. Silver bullion per ounce, 44d.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Silver bullion, per ounce, 96. Sterling exchange, long, $4 86½; short, $4 88½. U. S. bonds: 3s, 100; 4s, 129½, 4½s, 110¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—Sight exchange 5 per cent. Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 84¾@4 85; do documentary, $4 84@4 84½.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13, 9 A. M.—Weather thick; wind northwest; light rain fell during the night.

Receipts—Wheat, 16,000 ctls; flour, 1600 qr sks; barley, 820 ctls.

Chartered for coal for Nanaimo—Ship Solitare, Grain freights—Dull and nominal.

Oats—Are steady and quiet with general features of the market unchanged. Holders appear to have confidence in better prices, but buyers are slow to take hold. Oregon choice and extra choice, $1 70 @1 75, common to good, $1 60@1 67½.

Potatoes—Very firm. Some sales made at extremely high figures. Quote Burbanks, 2½@2¾c; Peerless, 2@2½c; Garnet Chile, 2@2¼c. Receipts to-day were nothing.

Onions—Firm at 2½@3c.

Eggs—Small inquiry and rather easier tone. Calcuttas, 32@35c.

Millstuffs—Firm. Bran, $19@20; middlings $22 50 @25.

Provisions—Firm at full prices.

Wool—Quiet and easy.

Butter and eggs—Unchanged.

Hops—Depressed and dull.

Wheat—Spot market very dull there is hardly any demand; offerings small; both buyers and sellers at par indifferent. No. 1 shipping nominal at $1 05@1 07.

Options—Fairly active and strong. Sales: Buyer the season—600 tons at $1 81, 100 tons at $1 83½, 100 tons at $1 81, 200 tons at $1 82½, 500 tons at $1 84½, 100 tons at $1 81. Buyer year—600 tons at $1 84½, 100 tons at $1 84¾, 100 tons at $2 01½, 200 tons at $1 92, 200 tons at $1 91¾, 200 tons at $1 76; July, 400 tons at $1 77, 100 tons at $1 76, 200 tons at $1 76¾, 100 tons at $1 77, 500 tons at $1 77½. Seller the year—200 tons at $1 87½, 1000 tons at $1 87½, 200 tons at $1 87, 200 tons at $1 90¾, 200 tons at $1 87½, 100 tons at $1 86¾, 100 tons at $1 87, 200 tons at $1 86¾, 400 tons at $1 87, 300 tons at $1 87½, 200 tons at $1 87½, 300 tons at $1 87½, 200 tons at $1 87½, 100 tons at $1 87½, 400 tons at $1 87½. Spot, storage paid—100 tons at $1 74.

3 P. M.—Spot wheat ruled dull during the day, with little disposition shown by shippers to pay asking prices; at $1 05 to $1 07½ some buyers would take hold but it is difficult to find sellers at those figures. On afternoon call session trading was slow but prices were higher. Sales: Buyer season—200 tons at $1 82½. Buyer year—300 tons at $1 92½. Seller year—200 tons at $1 83½, 700 tons at $1 83¾, 400 tons at $1 83¾, 100 tons at $1 83¾, 500 tons at $1 83¾. July, 100 tons at $1 77, 200 tons at $1 77½, 400 tons at $1 77. Total sales for the day were 15,000 tons. Compared with Monday closing, buyer the season is up 1½c, buyer year ¾c, and seller the year ¼c lower.

Barley—The market has a strong undertone, owing to small receipts and firmness of holders. The demand is moderate. No. 1 feed, $1 05@1 07½. No 2, 97½@$1 03½; brewing, $1 10@1 17½.

Options—Active and prices better. Buyer the season opened at $1 08½; closed, $1 09½. Buyer the year opened at $1 13, closed, $1 14.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Wheat opened shade lower; 82¾c May, 80¾c June, 80⅞c July. At noon, 83¼c May, 81½c June, 81¼c July, 80¾c August. Closed strong; 84c May, 81¾c June, 81¼c July, 80¾c August.

Provisions—Pork, $21 May; lard, $7 45 May; ribs, $8 02½ May; short ribs, $8 45.

CHICAGO, April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 7000, dull and lower; shipping steers, 950 to 1500 lbs., $3 50@5 15; stockers and feeders, $2 50@4.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; slow and 10c lower; rough and mixed, $3 20@3 75; packing and shipping, $3 60@3 90; light, $3 75@3 80.

Sheep—Receipts, 6500; active and 10c lower; natives $2 50@5 15; shorn, $3@4; western, $4@4 85; Texans, $2 50@3; lambs, $4 50@5 75.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Wheat opened easier; 91¾c May, 91½c June, 91c July, 90¾c August. At noon, 91½c April, 91¾c May, 91¼c June, 91¼c July, 90¾c Aug ist. Closed firm, 91¾c May, 91¼c June, 91¼c July, 90⅜c August.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK, April 13.—Hops—Dull and heavy. Coffee—Spot fair; Rio, steady; options, lower; sales, 113,250 bags, April, $13 05; May, $13 70@13 85, June, $13 75@13 80, July, $13 85@13 90; August, $13 90@14.

Sugar—Steady; centrifugal, 5¼c.

Lead—Dull.

Others unchanged.

Foreign Markets.

BERRBOHM.

LONDON, April 13.—Weather, unsprinqlike. Quantities on passage: To the U. K., wheat and flour, 1,945,000 qrs. To the continent, wheat, 455,000 qrs. Shipments from Calcutta, Bombay and Karrachee during the past week: To the U. K., 15 000 qrs. To the cont nent, 25,000 qrs. Floating cargoes, dull. Carcoes on passage and for shipment, slow of sale. Mark Lane, wheat weak; flour, firm easier. No. 2 Calcutta club, ex-ship, 32s 3d per quarter of 492 lbs; do shipment during the present or following month, 32s 9d. California, nearly due, 35s. do prompt shipment, 33s. 2 P. M.—English country markets, quiet but steady.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—Spot wheat; white wheats are firmly held, but reds are very dull. Red winter, 8s 8d; white winter, 7s 2d; spring, 6s 11d. Flour, easy; first baker's Minn. 21s 6d. 2 P. M.—Spot wheat, quiet; offerings moderate; futures steady.

PARIS, April 13.—Spot wheat and flour, quiet. French country markets, quiet.

WOOL SALES AT LONDON.

LONDON, April 13.—At resumption of wool sales to-day there was a full attendance of foreign buyers and a moderate attendance of home buyers. Home buyers complain that the character and prices are above their reach. Sales will end on the 23d inst. There were offered to-day 12,450 bales. Following are the sales in detail:

Victoria, 2800 bales; scoured, 11½d@1s 10d, do locks and pieces, 8½d@1s 5d, greasy, 5½d@8s 11d; do locks and pieces, 5d@1s 2½d.

New South Wales, 1000 bales; scoured, 1s 5d@2s 1d; do locks and pieces, 10d@1s 8d; greasy, 7½d@ 11d; do locks and pieces, 7½d@8½d.

South Australia, 1300 bales; scoured, 1s 1d@1s 6d; do locks and pieces, 7d@1s 3½d; greasy, 6d@10d; do locks and pieces, 6d.

Queensland, 1100 bales; scoured, 10d@1s 6d; do locks and pieces, 8½d@1s 2d; greasy, 7d@ 10½d, do locks and pieces, 6½d.

Swan River; scoured is 1½d@1s 4½d, greasy, 6d @8½d.

Tasmania, 700 bales; scoured, 11d@1s 1½d; do locks and pieces, 10d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 2000 bales; scoured 9d@1s 10d; greasy, 5½d@8¼d.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—Wheat quiet but steady; demand poor, and holders offer moderately. Corn —Quiet but steady; demand poor.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES.

Br bark Dumbartonshire, 915 tons, arrived in lost night with coal from Sydney to J. Laidlaw & Co. Report says she lost a prior charter.

The Scottish Knight has docked at the gas wharf to put out coal.

A Victoria paper says the steamship Alki has been chartered by Dunsmuir & Sons, and will continue in the carrying trade between the Wellington collieries and San Francisco.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 13.—Arrived—Bk Victoria, Port Madison; bk Pearl, Port Hadlock. Sailed—Ship Shirley, Tacoma; bk Emerald, Port Townsend.

TACOMA, April 13.—Arrived—Str San Pedro, San Francisco, Sailed—Swed bk Arcana, Melbourne.

ASTORIA, April 13.—The Br bk Dumbartonshire, from Sydney, arrived in late last evening; str Columbia arrived in 7:40 A. M. and left up at 10:40 A. M.; str Oregon arrived down at 8:35 A. M. and left up at 3:20 P. M. At 5:30 P. M. weather clear, wind southwest.

FOREIGN PORTS.

LIVERPOOL, April —.—Entered out—Ship Jos. S Spinney, for Seattle, Br ship City of York, for Portland.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED.
DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM
For the Cure of
Cures Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Consumption, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the Membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and the tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BALSAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails. Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1.00.
JOHN F. HENRY & CO., New York.
Write for Illuminated Book.

MANHOOD RESTORED. A victim of youthful imprudence causing Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address C. J. MASON, Post Office Box 3178, New York City.

That Tired Feeling
is so general at this season that every one knows what is meant by the expression. A change of season, climate, or of life, has such a depressing effect upon the body that one feels all tired out, almost completely prostrated the appetite is lost, and there is no ambition to do anything. The whole tendency of the system is downward. In this condition Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine needed. It purifies the blood, sharpens the appetite, overcomes the tired feeling, and invigorates every function of the body. Try it.
"We all like Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is so strengthening." LIZZIE BAILEY, Auburn, R. I.

The Weak Made Strong.
"I never took any medicine that did me so much good in so short a time as Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was very much run down, had no strength, no energy, and felt very tired all the time. I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had used one bottle felt like a different person. That extreme tired feeling has gone, my appetite returned, and I can eat as much as I desire. My brother and sister have also received great benefit from it." CLARA W. PHILLIPS, Shirley, Mass.
"I suffered considerably, being for nearly a year troubled with indigestion. I am now on my fourth bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and never felt better in my life. I heartily recommend it." H. M. HADLEY, Erie Planing Mill Co., Station, Chicago, Ill.
Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

For Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia.
WARNER'S SELTZER APERIENT
Now when the bile begins to flow, 'Tis time for you to go to know That Warner's Seltzer stands at all The first in medicine's call. Will it every trouble, ache or pain, That follows in the Bilious train Will scatter like the fleecy of SELTZER quick it

Cancer, Scrofula, Eczema, Blood Poison Malaria, Ulcers, and all Diseases Caused from Impure Blood

Cancer of the Tongue.
My wife, some three or four years ago, was troubled with an ulcer on the side of her tongue near the throat. The pain was incessant, causing loss of sleep and producing great nervous prostration Accompanying this trouble was rheumatism. It had passed from the shoulders and centered in the wrist of the right hand, and almost losing the use of it. Between the suffering of the two, life had grown burdensome. By the use of a half dozen small sized bottles of Swift's Specific, she was entirely relieved and restored to health. This was three years ago, and there has been no return of the disease. H. L. MIDDLEBROOKS.
Sparta, Ga., June 5, 1886.
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga. 99 W. 23d St., N. Y.

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DR. LIEBIG & CO.
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PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS
OF SAN FRANCISCO
THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN AND LONG ESTABLISHED specialists having many patients in this and surrounding countries, have decided to open an office at
Knickerbocker House, Washington St.
between Third and Fourth,
Where they will have private offices for one month only, from March 15th inst, and where all who desire to consult the Renowned Specialists will have an opportunity of doing so FREE OF CHARGE.
The Public Dispensary for the treatment of all Chronic, Private and Complicated diseases has been established in San Francisco for nearly a quarter of a century. The Dispensary building occupies the entire corner of Geary and Mason streets, San Francisco, and is the only Medical and Surgical Institute in the Pacific coast that has its own elegant Living Stone Dispensary building, employing registered physicians and scientific surgical instrument makers to manufacture all surgical instruments for the use of the Public Dispensary; also to prepare the celebrated Dr. Liebig's wonderful German Invigorator. To the thousands of cures and discoveries made by Dr. Liebig & Co. during all the great successes they have had in testing and discovering the compilication. Prostatorrhœa, resulting from youthful imprudence and excesses of manhood, or unskillfully treated cases of Spermatorrhœa that from time immemorial had prevented thousands from living cured of nervous debility, physical weakness and consequent losses from the system, resulting from the follies of youth. Dr Liebig & Co. are very successful remedial agent known to modern scientists for cure of the School of Homeopathy and all diseases taking from the Allopathic all that is useful and adopting surgical instruments to the various ailments and conditions, such as Appliances, magnetism and electricity. Successful treatment guaranteed in all curable cases or no fees required.
SURGICAL BRANCH.
The Doctors will give personal attention to diseases of the Chest, Head and Throat, Catarrh, diseases of the Liver and Kidneys; also to Deformities requiring surgical appliances. Balance of the treatment conducted from the Liebig Dispensary, San Francisco, Cal. Jan

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Come before buying a revolver. Then don't
Wait till Sickness
Comes before you
Think of
SALVATION OIL
You may need it
In the night
for Diphtheria—Cold—
Tooth-ache—
Neuralgia or
ACCIDENTS.
Buy a bottle
NOW.
All Druggists sell it.

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"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH."
The Original and Only Genuine.
Safe and always Reliable. Beware of worthless imitations. Is discernable to LADIES. Ask your Druggist for "Chichester's English" and Pennyroyal Pills. Take no other. (cash) $ in for particulars in letter by return mail. NAME PAPER. Chichester Chemical Co., 2 Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Ask for "Chichester's English" Pennyroyal Pills.

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And All who Suffer from
LOST MANHOOD,
Nervous Debility, Seminal Losses, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Lack of Energy, Impediment to Marriage, Sore Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Gonorrhœa, Gleet Stricture—private searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.
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Consult DR. ROBERTS,
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ANY ONE OF ANY AGE HAVING any Private, Nervous or Sexual Disease Unnatural Loss, Diabetic Urine Pains Back
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Sexual Decay, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Stricture, Development, Lack of Energy, Pimples, Impediments to Marriage, Syphilis, Piles, Fistula, Eczema, Ear Cancer, Catarrh and all Throat and Lung Diseases, no matter what the trouble may be call on or address DR. ROBERTS, 26½ Kearny St., San Francisco, Cal. Office hours 9 to 4 and 7 to 8. Sundays 10 to 12. Dr. ROBERTS, Private Dispensary, 26½ Kearny Street, San Francisco, Cal.

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are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Never fail to afford speedy and certain relief. More than 10

THE "SPOKANE" WRECK.

Statement from the Owner of the Capsized Steamboat.

The Trip, he Says, was an Experimental One, and that he Did not Solicit Passengers or Charge Fare—A Straightforward Statement.

SPOKANE FALLS, April 11.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

As there have been many rumors regarding the recent disaster on the Coeur d'Alene river, I have made the enclosed statement. As your paper has had an account of it, I ask, as simple justice to myself and crew, that you give space to this article in your columns. Facts have been contorted and so many absurd stories have gained currency, that I think I should have at least a hearing. I will only add that every statement contained in the following can be substantiated by the most reliable testimony:

On Sunday, the 3d of April, I started on a trip with my steamer from Coeur d'Alene city for the old Mission. I had been at work with two men for a week at Coeur d'Alene, getting it ready for operation. On Saturday evening we steamed up and tried her on the lake, and everything seemed to work all right. I told my engineer we would go out next morning and make a trial trip, and on our return to Coeur d'Alene I would come to Spokane and have my painting done and advertise the time we were to run on. He was to remain and paint the boat while I was in Spokane, as I would not be ready for business for several days. As stated above, we left Coeur d'Alene city Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Mr. Wm. H. Harrington, of Kingston, three men and one lady got aboard with us, and we got to Mission Sunday evening all right. We had supper on our arrival and soon after supper we were informed that the rains in the river on Friday had taken out the railroad bridge, and that the water was so high on both sides of the river that the approach to the ferry boat was all under water, and that a horse could not even get to it. The four men who had rode up with us commenced urging me to take them to Kingston. I told them at once that I was not prepared to go there; and would not go, but they kept after me until I consented to take them up, providing I could obtain some wood from him, and I told the passengers that I would go up with them. On Monday morning at 7 o'clock we started up, and took our time and went very slow, examining the river as we went—the best we could—we met with no trouble and arrived at Kingston about noon. To my surprise the bank of the river was lined with people, many of whom had come from Wardner, and residents of Kingston. We tied up the boat and as soon as I got out I found myself shaking hands with friends and acquaintances, congratulating me on the

ARRIVAL OF THE NEW BOAT.

I expressed my surprise at seeing so many people there and what had brought them there, as I had not advertised and was only up on a trial trip, and I was informed that telephone messages had been sent to Kingston and Wardner, that my steamer would be there, and the large crowd was there to welcome me upon my new venture. It was all news to me. I was asked how soon we would return and I answered that I did not know, but would possibly go as soon as we got some dinner. I went up town and attended to a number of small errands that I had in Kingston, and then went back to the boat and gave my engineer some money, 50 cents I believe, and told him to go into Slocum's and get his dinner. I then went and had quite a talk with my man Jesse Hodges, who had just come down from Wardner with a number of saddle horses, and then turned from him and went down to the boat. I asked the engineer if he was ready to go; he said no, he wanted to get up more steam. I went and got an armful of kindling wood and put it in the boat. It was not long afterwards that he told me he was ready. The rope was let loose and I called it in the front of the boat, and my man told me to take down that trunk which was on the bow of the boat. I immediately did so, and then he called to me and said: "Mr. Martin, you will have to attend to the fire while we go down this current and I will attend to the wheel." I came at once to the front of the boiler and took off my overcoat and gloves and handed my coat to Mr. Hamm, and told him to sit on it. I looked at the steam gauge and saw that it was between 70 and 80, and I opened the door of the boiler and saw there was a good fire and only put in a couple of sticks of wood. When I straightened up I looked ahead of the boat and saw we were nearing a small island where a large amount of drift had caught on the lower end.

THE CHANNEL WAS DIVIDED.

I heard my engineer ask which was the best channel. I made him no reply, as I did not know, and did not wish to confuse him; but I heard the reply come from some of the passengers. Some said "right" and others "left." He took the right, missed the island and jam, but struck a log on the lower end of the jam, which extended out and under the water, with the bow of the boat. The boat received the concussion and dipped to the right and took in some water, but righted itself; when, at this moment, four or five men sailing on the left hand bank sent a number of bullets through, throwing all the weight on the right hand side of the boat, and as it then stood quartering with the strong current the moment the weight threw her back and the current caught the edge it turned over. I found myself in the bottom of the river. When I came to the surface I tried to make the shore, but the current was too strong and I turned and floated with it. I was drawn under the water three times before I caught myself on a limb which was on the bank. I did not see any one in the water except Mr. Hamm. When I went under the second time and came up Mr. Hamm was about eight or ten feet ahead of me in the same current and struggling, and one other man, unknown to me, was ahead of Mr. Hamm. I only knew five of the persons who were on the boat, namely, George Leghorn, Mr. Pike, Mr. Hamm, L. J. Fowler and Mr. Marcus. I did not solicit a single passenger that got on my boat, nor did I receive one cent from any of them. I had not advertised nor did I expect a single passenger from Kingston or Wardner. As to myself, I claim no ability to man a boat, I or did I intend to do it. I was on a trial trip to show the route to my engineer and I desired to know the time the boat could make and all about it, as I had purchased it for a fast boat and was anxious to know, and on my return would have placed the crew on her I desired to employ.

As to the engineer, he has been a half-owner in the boat for more than a year and had exclusive charge of her. I believe him perfectly capable of handling the boat anywhere he is acquainted with the water. It has been rumored that he was drunk. I know that he was not, and will only say that Mr. Fenn, of the Mission, went up with us from the Mission to Kingston—from 7 A. M. till 12 noon—and got in the boat to return with us, and he swore at the coroner's inquest held yesterday at Coeur d'Alene that he did not see a drop of liquor going up on the boat, nor did he see him drink any at Kingston, and swore that shortly after we pulled out of Kingston he saw a bottle passed to him and he refused to drink. Mr. George Eddis is well known at Sand Point and by a number of people in the employ of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and has the best of recommendations. I purchased the boat of him about the 1st of last November.

AS TO THE BOAT,

I believe it to be the best boat of the kind in the Northwest. It was built in 1882 down on Snake river for a Mr. Ringer. Mr. Butler, who is now steamboating at Coeur d'Alene, and is a machanic, was called before the coroner's inquest as an expert and swore that he built the boat very much on the principle that it was a 25-foot keel boat, and that its capacity was seven tons and its speed eighteen miles an hour; that he had run the boat in every possible water, and it was a success in every way, and that he did not consider there was anything at the time of the accident—that is, he had more than that number in the boat every time—but seats arranged in her so we could seat twenty-four passengers comfortably. At the time we left Kingston I had no express on board; had one small truck and a number of valises, and will say here that the evening before I left Kingston that the boat had been raised and found not injured, except the boiler was out of it, and a number of the valises recovered, which I ordered left in charge of Mr. Sanborn, who is the justice of the peace in Kingston. Shortly after I was rescued from the water Mr. George Crane came down from Wardner and called on me in Mr. Harrington's house, and after some conversation he told me he was willing to give four or five days of his time to assist in recovering the bodies. I told him to go on and organize his crew and start out in the morning, and spare nothing to find the bodies. I was in no physical condition to attend to it myself, and was glad Mr. Crane was so kind to me and to all of us. In conclusion I will say that no man knows what I have suffered or endured in the past few days. I have made the above statement to refute some of the erroneous statements that have found their way into the papers. I had forgotten to say that I was arrested at Kingston by the United States marshal, but I explained my position to him and he at once released me. The people of Spokane Falls and a large number of the inhabitants of the Coeur d'Alene mines well know how I have served them in the past two years as a public carrier. I always aimed to have careful drivers and to please my patrons and do the best I could by all, and am grieved to see so many false rumors about myself. With the above statement I feel assured that no one will attach any blame to me for the said accident, and I thank God so many of us were saved. I also will say that at the coroner's inquest I was exonerated from any blame in connection with the accident.

NELSON MARTIN.

THE EAST SIDE.

Free-Fight Case in the Recorder's Court—One Conviction.

Powell's Valley Matters—Desperate Chances Taken—Suggestion—Albina—Roads—Personal and General Notes.

The case of the state against Cody came up in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Cody was not a principal in the fight, but the evidence introduced to the jury showed that he encouraged the parties who were engaged in the fight, and that had it not been for him the row would have ceased much sooner. It was also proven by the testimony that Cody caught hold of Smith, and, while holding him, urged Cordy "to go in and give it to him." After the fight had gone on a few minutes, Smith offered to shake hands with his antagonist and call it all right, but outside parties (Cody in particular) urged them on. The case went to the jury about 6 in the evening, and after being out about ten minutes returned a verdict of guilty as charged. R. M. Dement appeared for the defendant, and A. J. Campbell for the prosecution. Recorder Newell fined Cody $15.

The other cases came up this afternoon at 4 o'clock. There was some confusion over the two names Cody and Cordy, and witnesses frequently mixed them. Cordy is the man who had the fight and plead guilty, while Cody is the man who was found guilty of assault yesterday.

POWELL'S VALLEY.

Mr. Connutt, who lives in Powell's Valley, has been in the city for the past few days. He reports the roads, from East Portland out to Powell's valley, not in the best of condition, but passable, the worst portion being within the city limits. The late cold rains have caused considerable delay in active farming operations. Nothing has been done on the low grounds, but on the high land, where it is dryer, cultivation has advanced further than on the lower grounds. The high price now paid for potatoes will stimulate their cultivation in Powell's valley. Mr. Connutt says there has been but little fruit raised in the valley, but probably more attention will be given to this line in the future, in view of the fact that the cannery will take all that can be furnished. Powell's valley is substantially prosperous.

CONSIDERABLE ACTIVITY.

There is considerable activity in the city of Albina. A gentleman passing through that place yesterday says that buildings are going up in all portions of the city. Business houses are being put up on Russell street. Work on the terminal buildings is progressing rapidly. The dump cars have been at work filling around the foundation of the machine shops, the dirt being taken from the sand bluff in the lower yards. An impression is current that the remaining portion of the buildings not included in the present contract will be ordered built this year. This would necessitate an immense amount of stone foundation work. A slight impression has been made upon the vast quantity of material collected around the works.

WOMAN'S GUILD.

The regular annual meeting of the woman's guild of St. David's Parish was held on Easter Monday, when the following officers were elected for the following year: Vice-president, Mrs. M. Stone; secretary, Mrs. John W. Sellwood; treasurer, Mrs. F. Alspaugh. The secretary and treasurer read full reports of the work accomplished in the past year, which showed the guild to be in a flourishing condition, and a valuable auxiliary to the rector and vestry of St. David's church. The regular meetings of the guild are held on the first Thursday of each month at 2 P. M.

DESPERATE CHANCES.

Yesterday a young man of the name of Lowis drove into the city and tied his horse on Fourth street. He had been standing a few minutes when he became frightened and broke away. The young man caught the horse by the reins, and although he was swung around and came near being trampled to death, he hung on like grim death and succeeded in stopping the animal. The horse was young and fractious and had been in harness but a few times. Young Lowis deserves credit for his prompt and determined action.

TOOK A SPIN.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. J. B. Allen, dealer in real estate in Portland, was crossing the bridge in his buggy to show a customer some land on the east side. When they reached the east end of the bridge the horse took fright at some rubbish, sprang to one side, overturning the buggy and spilling out the occupants. Mr. Allen was dragged a short distance, but no one was hurt. The horse freed himself from the buggy and went down Water to J and then up J toward the cemetery, with the harness flying about him.

SHOULD BE REPAIRED.

The road at the extreme northern part of East Portland leading into the city of Albina is in a very bad condition and should be repaired at once. On the hill at the point where the road leads down into the city is the worst place. It within the corporate limits of Albina that city should see that it be put in better condition. There is considerable travel between East Portland and Albina, and the road should be made passable.

NOTES.

There will be no meeting at W. C. T. U. hall this afternoon.

Mrs. Arthur Bonnell, of Lewiston, was in the city yesterday.

The railroad at the intersection of U street has been raised to the established grade.

Mrs. McCren, living at the extreme east end of the city, is lying very ill at her residence.

Mr. Orand family moved from Portland to the east side yesterday and now occupy the cottage on the corner of Fifth and R streets.

The contractors for the N street roadway are collecting piling in the slough and will work as soon as possible. It is thought the improvement can be made within sixty days.

Wm. M. Wisdom, druggist, has purchased a piece of ground in the Belmont park, at Mount Tabor, and it is stated he will erect a dwelling house thereon. Others contemplate making similar purchases and improvement.

Theodry Mr. Stearns, who is connected with the real estate office of Eugene White, in this city, was called home by the sudden illness of his 5-months old child. The child lived but a short time after being taken sick. Funeral took place yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Wm. Halfpenny and Mr. Stephen H. Boone were appointed ushers at the vestry meeting of St. David's parish on Tuesday evening, and Messrs. F. W. Berry, G. M. Stroud and S. Dufner were elected delegates to attend the annual convocation, which will convene in Trinity church, Portland, June 16, 1887.

"OLD COPPERBOTTOM NO. 2."

JUSTICE TUTTLE DECIDES THE OLD PLUG WAS NOT GOOD FOR TWENTY-EIGHT MILES A DAY.

Yesterday afternoon in Justice Tuttle's court the second edition of the Marion Reed-H. L. Johnson horse case was on trial. Tuesday Reed had a rather hot examination on a charge of cruelty to animals in driving a 19-year-old phenom of a horse, two-eight miles, Wednesday, a week ago. Johnson swears, his contract with Reed was that the horse should be driven only fifteen miles, and as he bought the horse from Reed, he consequently was well aware what the old plug could reasonably do in a day. Johnson admits he does not like Reed very well, nor never did, but avers this did not influence him in the case, but that he simply put that famous Reed-trained old Copperbottom No. 2 by overdriving him.

Reed claims the old plug is as good as ever he was, and to prove that Johnson is not the humane fellow as to horses he pretends to be, he had Johnson hauled up for himself abusing a lonely horse something like a year ago. Reed says because the horse wouldn't go, Johnson went a half of a mile after a pitchfork to prod him with. Johnson pleaded guilty to this, and was fined $10. Reed was adjudged guilty, and fined $20. He threatens to appeal the case to the circuit court. Both are farmers living on the Taylor's ferry road.

Cleopatra Drank Pearls

In her wine and captivated Cæsar with her beauty and magnificence. But pearls in the mouth are better, and our modern beauties may have these if they faithfully use SOZODONT every day and captivate all by simply smiling to show their pretty white teeth.

A WOMAN'S EXCHANGE.

A New Enterprise by the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Something about the Struggles and Work of the Union in Portland—The New Departure Promises Well.

About five years ago the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was organized in this city. During the comparatively brief history of this laudable and deserving organization it has overcome many difficulties. The principal obstacle has been, and still is, the want of funds.

Commencing without adequate means at hand to draw from as necessity required, the union has been maintained only by constant and untiring efforts on the part of its original projectors and by generous contributions from those who felt and feel a kindly interest in and sympathy with "every good word and work," with an organized Christian effort to accomplish certain moral results. Against the growing needs of the union on the one hand and the pressure of low funds on the other, the struggle has been maintained with heroic effort and labor. Through all its financial vicissitudes the members have stood firmly and bravely by the organization, and have at no time during its short existence in this city despaired of ultimately placing the union on a sound and self-sustaining basis.

That it is deserving of encouragement and support is a very apparent fact. No organization has for its mission higher or more laudable purposes. Its legitimate field is the world; its subject is labor for morality, for temperance, for purity of life and for the cause of common humanity. Primarily the Woman's Christian Temperance Union is a religious organization, but its scope is not limited to sect or creed. To help the helpless, to succor the needy, to raise the lowly, to ameliorate the wants and woes of life, to inculcate the principles of morality, sobriety, of true manhood and womanhood, to encourage the weak and wavering, and to offer the hopes and consolations of religion are among its chief purposes. Any effort to make life brighter, lighter and better properly comes within the range of its field of operation. This, in brief, is the summarized purpose of the organization. What it may have failed to accomplish in the moral vineyard of Portland has not been attributable to any lack of activity, of earnest will, or want of vigilance, but due solely to its comparative financial helplessness. Thus far the union has existed by dint of determined effort against the pressing need of means, and even in the face of this necessity has made a measure of progress that, while it is encouraging of itself, gives early promise of bet er days and a broader field of usefulness. With sufficient means to operate with freedom, what good work might be wrought through the instrumentality, and what great moral victories achieved, who can tell?

Contributions obtained by means of constant soliciting on the part of the members and principal officers of the organization, and a series of entertainments and occasional lectures, have been the only sources of revenue since the formation of the union. One of the long desired needs is to secure some steady source of income, even if small in the beginning, which could be augmented as the membership swelled and as the wants increased. At length the union has adopted a plan which it is confidently hoped and expected will prove very advantageous in meeting the cogent calls for money.

Some months ago Mrs. A. R. Riggs, president of the State Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and one of the active leading spirits in the effort in Portland went east as a delegate to attend the national convention. While in Minneapolis Mrs. Riggs personally examined into the practical workings of the Woman's Exchange that was conducted under the immediate auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of that city. She found the project was a feasible one; that it was working very successfully and was indeed a constant revenue. On returning Mrs. Riggs presented the plan to the union here, and after a thorough canvass of the prospects the members concluded to adopt the same. Steps were at once taken in that direction by the organization of a Women's Exchange and subsequently by the filing of articles of incorporation. This organization is, of course, within the limits and membership of the Portland union; under its direct management and subject to its control. It is neither more nor less than an auxiliary of the union. At a meeting held some weeks since, an election of officers was held, at which the following were chosen: President, Mrs. H. L. Pierce; vice-president, Mrs. M. L. Pearce; corresponding secretary, Miss Jane E. Weeden; recording secretary, Mrs. Ogden; treasurer, Mrs. Townsend.

Yesterday the exchange opened at the rooms of the Women's Christian Temperance Union on First street, between Jefferson and Columbia. A few words of explanation as to the mode of operation may be proper in this connection: The exchange, as the name implies, is a place where things are sold. Any articles donated by friends of the movement will be placed on exhibition at the rooms and sold to anyone wishing to purchase. Persons having any article for sale can leave it at the exchange, where a purchaser will be found as soon as possible. Ten per cent. commission will be charged for the sale of all such articles. The proceeds of all articles donated to the union and sold will be turned into the treasury as so much gain. Articles placed on sale will be kept for three months and if, at the end of that time, no purchaser is found, the article or articles are returned to the owner or else sold at auction. The articles offered will include clothing of all kinds, groceries, jellies, jams, canned fruits, paintings, etc., etc.; in fact, everything which can be used in connection with housekeeping or the ornamentation or embellishment of homes. The exchange will occupy most of the large room on First street, which is about 100 feet by 25. It is the purpose to give a lunch every day from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M. For the present the reading room will not be given up. Three ladies have been detailed to attend to the business of the union. One has charge of the lunch, one attends to the intelligence office, which was opened some time since, and another to the sales department.

A visit was made yesterday afternoon by an OREGONIAN reporter to the Women's Christian Temperance Union rooms, where a good deal of activity was observed among the ladies. Although it was "opening day," so far as the exchange was concerned, the display of articles was quite large. Prominent among the articles for sale were noted several large paintings and a number of smaller sketches, all neatly framed; numerous pieces of hand printing on silk and satin; several handsomely-bound books; elegant ladies' sofa covered with silk, plush, etc., and beautifully painted; a quantity of fruit in jars, also sweet meats and wines; a fine display of table drapery elaborately worked with silk, by machine, and various other articles, both ornamental and useful. In one of the windows is a splendid floral display. It is the purpose of the exchange to keep a supply of fresh flowers every day. One of the ladies in charge said to the reporter that the exchange will be glad to receive all kinds of articles from ladies or gentlemen to sell on commission; and, of course, any contributions will be very gratefully accepted. Most of the articles now on hand are contributed, but come are to be sold on commission. "We have come very well, indeed, to-day," remarked the lady, "considering the fact that the exchange is scarcely open yet and ready for business. We did not expect to open with such a large number of different articles. In a few days, after we get fairly started, I think we shall receive large additions. In the way of sales we have done pretty well so far, and, judging from the opening, have good reason to feel much encouraged." Last evening a number of articles were also disposed of. Of course the project is merely experimental. What degree of success will attend the enterprise is a problem which only the future can solve. If it proves a failure the exchange will have to be abandoned, and then their expedient stepped. However, the ladies are enlisted heart and soul in the matter, and all heartily enlisted in the cause, and, if it is within the limits of possibility, will make the project a success.

At present the Woman's Christian Temperance Union has a membership of 130. Some ladies may be formed of the scope of the work and record by the following committees appointed to last after certain matters: Dr. Hunt, scientific instruction; Mrs. Bond, Sabbath school work; Mrs. Shane Smith, heredity and hygiene; Mrs. King, conference with influential bodies; Mrs. S. Burton, evangelistic superintendent; Mrs. Farrar, unfermented wines; Miss Parrott, young ladies' work; Mrs. Douglas, prison and jail; Mrs. Catlin, juvenile aid fair work; Mrs. Brueck, work among foreigners; Miss Weeden, *Union Signal*; Mrs. Dr. Adair, capital and labor; Mrs. H. A. Thorne, legislature and petitions; Mrs. Cooper, Sabbath observations; Miss Parrott and Miss Bechtel, flower mission; Mrs. Shane Smith and Miss Weeden, press work; Mrs. S. Burton, work among sailors.

Farmers in the vicinity of East Portland are evidently preparing for spring work. Almost every wagon from the country goes out with a plow, harrow, or some agricultural implement, all of which indicates what is to become of the immense quantities of such implements stored in East Portland. The market is local and yet ample.

THE WOOLY APHIS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN.

In this morning's OREGONIAN your reporter quotes me as saying at the meeting of the Fruit Growers' society, yesterday, that the wooly aphis is a fungus. Now I know nothing in regard to this pestiferous insect, and, at the meeting, only asked a question or two about it; but I know it is not a fungus. A fungus don't have wings and legs, and get about the country as this fellow does. A. R. SHIPLEY.

A WAREHOUSE CASE.

Decision by the Supreme Court Defining Farmers' Rights.

Grain Deposited in Warehouses Cannot be Taken to Pay the Warehouseman's Debts—Holders of Receipts Protected.

The following decision rendered by the supreme court at Salem on Tuesday, 12th inst., settles a point long at issue as to the rights of parties holding warehouse receipts for grain. It is of very great importance, especially to those who have often suffered from the rascality or failure of warehousemen:

McKee, Plaintiff and Respondent, vs. Caesar & Co., Defendants and Appellants.

Opinion of the court, by Lord, C. J.

This is an action for the conversion of about 6,000 bushels of wheat, alleged to have been delivered in the warehouse of T. Blair at Bonneville, and subsequently, in the year 1885, shipped to the steamer McCully and delivered to the defendants.

The action originated in this state of facts. During the year 1883 and 1884 the plaintiff and other persons, who have assigned their claims to him, deposited their wheat in the said warehouse, taking what is known as "weighing checks" for each load as delivered, and after the deposits for the season were completed regular warehouse receipts for the whole amount of wheat deposited were given to respondent. The amount so deposited is the amount above alleged. None of said wheat deposited by the plaintiff and his assignors was ever drawn out by him or them, but about the 1st of February, 1885, all the wheat remaining in the warehouse was shipped to the defendants at Portland. Besides these parties others were depositing wheat in said warehouse, which was mingled with the wheat deposited as stated in common bins.

The defendants, after denying the allegations of the complaint, affirmatively set out that from time to time they received wheat from Blair, and advanced money to him, and that at the close of the transactions Blair owed them $3,175.53, and that they had in their hands 6639 bushels of wheat upon which they claim a lien for said advances, and also for charges and expenses. The trial resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff, and judgment having been entered in accordance therewith the defendants appeal.

All the objections reserved and assigned as error are presented in the bill of exceptions. It is first objected that it was error to allow Blair to testify that the wheat in question was consigned to the defendants. The specification of error was that the only proper proof of this fact was a bill of lading. The record discloses that there was no evidence of any bill of lading or other writing showing the consignment to the defendants. The material fact for the plaintiff established was that the defendants received the wheat. The plaintiff had nothing to do with any agreement which might have existed between Blair and the defendants, nor was bound to produce the evidence which may have existed between them to fix their liabilities to each other. As between them a bill of lading is not to be regarded as a contract in writing, but merely as an admission on the part of the consignor as to his purpose at the time of making the shipment, and such admission is subject to be rebutted. The fact that the wheat was deposited with Blair is not contradicted and he testifies that it was shipped to the defendants. This was evidence tending to prove the fact at issue and was competent for that purpose, and if the defendants had any evidence to rebut it, they could have submitted it. We do not think there was any error in the ruling excepted to, nor to the succeeding assignment of error for a like reason.

It is next objected to that there was a mistake in the written demand as to the name of the boat in which the wheat was carried. The demand was made by Mr. J. F. Watson, and the conversation which took place at the time shows that the defendant knew and understood what wheat was demanded. In a word, that there was no mistake as to the property involved in the action, and therefore the mistake alleged would not prejudice the defendants.

The next assignment of error presents the question as to the effect of mingling wheat of several depositors in common bins of a public warehouse. It has been held by this court that such a deposit is a bailment, and that the depositor does not lose his right to reclaim the wheat so deposited from the common mass. It was admitted by the counsel for the appellant that the later authorities were to this effect, and when his attention was called to a late decision of this court which involved the determination of a like principle he abandoned this exception. The record, however, discloses that this assignment was the strong point on which the appellant relied to reverse the judgment, and if there can be no doubt, if the position for which he contended could have been sustained, it would have been fatal to the judgment which the plaintiff obtained. But the necessity for abandoning it—the adverse decision referred to—renders some of the other assignments of error which were implied with that theory unimportant, and we shall therefore, only notice such of the other assignments as do not involve these, and which counsel deemed material in producing an incorrect result.

It is contended that the court below erred in instructing the jury to consider that the plaintiff or any of his assignors ever authorized Blair to deliver any of the wheat described in the complaint to the defendants. The transcript contains all the evidence, and that part of it which it is claimed tends to show such authority is based on Blair's testimony that he had been accustomed to ship away the wheat remaining in the warehouse at Bonneville before low water came, which, taken in connection with the fact that during that time the plaintiff and his assignors had been storing wheat with him, carries the inference that such depositors did not contemplate it would lie in that warehouse all summer. In other words, it is claimed upon this state of facts that unless the plaintiff and his assignors withdrew their wheat deposited in that warehouse before low water came, they would have known it would be shipped, and consequently acquiesced in it, which was equivalent to such authorization. It is insisted, therefore, there was evidence upon this point which the court erred in excluding from the consideration of the jury. The fact that the plaintiff and his assignors had been storing wheat with Blair in the Bonneville warehouse, taken in connection with the fact that he had been in the habit of shipping wheat from this warehouse before low water, does not warrant the inference that the plaintiff or his assignors knew it, much less requiesced or authorized the assignment or sale. There is no evidence to show that the plaintiff or his assignees knew that Blair was accustomed to ship wheat from this warehouse before low water came. The vice of the argument lies in assuming that the fact of storage of the wheat in that warehouse charges the plaintiff and his assignees with knowledge of the within fact that it was the custom of Blair to ship the wheat from the warehouse before low water came. The two facts have no necessary connection with each other as to justify such reference without the aid of further proof.

Nor do we think there was any error committed in the instruction of the court upon the question of estoppel. It is only such knowledge on the part of Blair as indicates an intelligent acquiescence, and by such conduct led the defendants to believe that the shipment of the wheat was right, but that the court instructed the jury correctly on an estoppel. As a matter of law the instruction was correct, although the facts are extremely meager, if at all, upon which to predicate an instruction of estoppel. There was no error in the language in which it was given, and under the circumstances as disclosed by the record, it was favorable to the defendants.

It was earnestly urged that the verdict in this case worked an injustice. If such was the fact, it rose out of a matter which it was the province of the jury to decide, and not out of any error of law which it is the province of this court to correct. It is not the province of a court, "in a bill of exceptions to judge of the credibility of the proof or to correct the errors of the jury, and make a bad precedent because the case in hand one." Gibson, C. J., in Sidwell vs. Evans, 1 P. and W., 385.

After a careful examination of the record, we are constrained to affirm the judgment, and it is so ordered.

Fighting Shy of Sherman's Speech.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Tennessee democrats are still vainly looking for a member of their party, at home or abroad, who is big enough to undertake the job of answering Senator Sherman's Nashville speech, and the people of the country are meanwhile seeing more plainly from day to day that said speech belongs in the unanswerable list.

THE DAVIS PROPERTY.

Judge Sawyer Decides that it is not a Public Street.

He Holds that there is not Sufficient Proof that it was Ever Dedicated for Street Purposes.

In the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Oregon.

Benjamin Smith vs. The City of Portland. No. 1032.

SAWYER, C. J.

This is a bill in equity to enjoin the city of Portland from improving, as a street, what is claimed by the city to be a part of a public street, and, by complainant, not to be a street, but private property owned by him. The question is, whether the land is a part of College street, or a part of block 138.

The land is a part of the donation claim of Stephen Coffin, patented to him by the United States, and by Coffin laid out into a part of the city of Portland. On December 4, 1867, Coffin filed a map of that portion of the city laid out on his donation, duly executed and acknowledged by him in the county clerk's office of Multnomah county, which map was duly recorded in book H of deeds, on pages 158 and 159. This is the only map of the city filed by Coffin, and is the public record of his dedication, and, presumptively, is the map to control the location of the streets, blocks, and lots of the city, so far as it lies within the boundaries of his land. Unless Coffin either dedicated this part of land in question for a street, or the city has, otherwise, since acquired the title for that purpose, by purchase, condemnation, or other lawful means, it remains private property, and the city cannot appropriate, or interfere with it, without making due compensation. On February 11, 1850, about fourteen months after filing the plat, Coffin conveyed to Jeanette Davis, "fractional block No. (138) one hundred and thirty-eight, as designated in recorded map of S. Coffin's land claim, as recorded in book H, on pages 158 and 159 of the county records of Multnomah county, state of Oregon, and situate in the city of Portland," being the block embracing the land in question, unless there was a street that covered it.

It will be seen that the block was conveyed "as designated in the recorded map." On the recorded map as it now appears, College street does not extend across block 138, or between Block 138 and 139, and this strip of land is a part of block 138 and within the block as conveyed by Coffin.

If there were nothing else this would settle the question, because according to the map dedicating public streets, there is no street there, and the land in question on this map forms a part of block 138. The complainant, by various mesne conveyances, has become vested with the title acquired by Mrs. Davis.

There was a house built by the grantee of Coffin on what is now claimed to be the street, and it has been occupied by the owners of the block ever since it was built.

The record shows that at some time a line was drawn across block 138, which would show College street to run through the block. This has been erased. It was claimed by the city that this erasure occurred within the last two years before the bringing of the suit, and that the record has been mutilated. But it was proved beyond all doubt, as it seems to me, by reliable witnesses, among them surveyors and others, who have had occasion from time to time to examine the record carefully, that it has been in the condition now shown for many years. By the testimony of the witnesses, the appearance of the record itself, the character of the ink and handwriting, location of the figures numbering the blocks and other circumstances, I am satisfied that this line was drawn by mistake in recording the map, and erased at the time, and numbered after the erasure was made. The mistake would be quite likely to occur, as the block is on the edge of Coffin's land, where it joins a line beyond which the direction of streets is changed, so that at the intersection gores are formed. Block 138 is one of these gores, and not a full block.

If College street were run through on the broad side of the block, it would leave a small part, almost a triangle. In laying down this rule of the southerly side of College street, by the copyist, the southerly line of Coffin's land was probably covered, and without noticing the situation, the line was probably run across the block, and when discovered erased before numbering.

There are some other blocks, on that line of Coffin's claim, similarly situated, in which, as in this case, the streets are not extended through the gores. I am satisfied that this erasure was made on a correction of a mistake at the time the record was made, and that there has been no mutilation of the record as then made. The only line, undoubtedly, taxed this piece of land, from time to time, as a part of block 138; and it has been, more than once, assessed as a part of said block by the city for the improvement of the adjacent property, and such taxes and assessments have been paid by those claiming the property through the said conveyances from Coffin, and who have always occupied it.

There is some testimony, more or less impeachable, in view of well established facts, that the house was built by the consent of the city officials, with the understanding that it should be removed when the land should be wanted for a street. But if this were so, of which there is much doubt, it does not settle the question of title. The official map of dedication shows this land to be a part of block 138, and not long after the map was filed, Coffin, the man who dedicated the streets, sold it, describing it in his conveyance, in express terms, block 138, as the block shown in the map, thus indicating that he did not then regard this land as a public street. Located as it is, there did not seem to be any necessity for a street there.

There was an attempt to show that Coffin had sold lots both before and after the filing of this map, by other maps, upon which College street was shown as running through this block; and that, therefore, he had by recognizing such maps, practically made a dedication prior to the filing of his own map. It is doubtful whether this evidence is admissible under the pleadings. I believe the district judge refused to allow an amendment to the answer at a late stage of the case, for the purpose of letting in such testimony. However this may be, the evidence is not satisfactory to show a prior dedication. But if he sold other lots by other maps, the parts of those maps where the lots sold are located may have been entirely correct, and being so, the maps not being his dedication, a sale of lots properly laid down by descriptions referring to those maps, would be no recognition of the correctness of those maps in other parts where they were erroneous, and to which his attention may not have been attracted. There was no evidence that he sold any lots bounded on College street, at this point, or in any of the other gores, through which streets were run on some of the maps gotten up by real estate agents, or we have his own map, duly attested and recorded, by which he made his public dedication. The most satisfactory testimony should be required to establish a dedication other and different from that, and, especially so when it is not as against him that the dedication is established, but as against strangers, who have purchased the land by the official map of record, paid a valuable consideration therefor, and have expended considerable sums in building, grading and otherwise improving it.

In my judgment, no valid dedication of a public street has been shown to have been made of the land in question, and that it is still private property in the hands of the complainant. It is urged by defendant that complainant in his bill has alleged a legal title in himself, but that, for another party, that the *real* party in interest is not a proper party; and the bill must be dismissed for want of parties. If this proposition is not sound, then that the proofs show that complainant does not hold it in trust, as alleged, because he had before the filing of the bill transferred the interest, and the *legal* title, if he had it, was at the commencement of the suit in the grantee, and should be dismissed. But I am not disposed to dismiss the bill on this ground. It is only such knowledge on the part of Blair as indicates an intelligent acquiescence, and by such conduct led the defendants to believe that the shipment of the wheat was right, but that the court instructed the jury correctly on an estoppel. As a matter of law the instruction was correct, although the facts are extremely meager, if at all, upon which to predicate an instruction of estoppel. There was no error in the language in which it was given, and under the circumstances as disclosed by the record, it was favorable to the defendants.

It was earnestly urged that the verdict in this case worked an injustice. If such was the fact, it rose out of a matter which it was the province of the jury to decide, and not out of any error of law which it is the province of this court to correct. It is not the province of a court, "in a bill of exceptions to judge of the credibility of the proof or to correct the errors of the jury, and make a bad precedent because the case in hand one." Gibson, C. J., in Sidwell vs. Evans, 1 P. and W., 385.

After a careful examination of the record, we are constrained to affirm the judgment, and it is so ordered.

SAWYER, Circuit Judge.

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After a taste of years statements confirming the efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil and its permanent cures, are given below.

Ex-Pres't. St. John Baptist Soc.—1882.

Muskegon, Michigan.

Being one of your patients in the use of St. Jacobs Oil, in a case of chronic rheumatism, I can recommend it fully, as my pains are ceasing and I am using a third bottle. NAPOLEON NORMANDIN.

From Same 4 Years Later.

Muskegon, Mich., Nov. 2, 1886.

Suffered years with rheumatism in the legs. Saw many doctors and nothing did me any good. I tried a few bottles of St. Jacobs Oil. The discomfort entirely disappeared. NAPOLEON NORMANDIN.

An Editor's Suffering—Oct., 1880.

Bloomington, Ill.

I have had rheumatism in my ankle for many years and could get no relief. Three applications of St. Jacobs Oil has almost entirely cured me. PERCY A. FOLSOM.

From Same 6 Years Later—Cured.

Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 18, 1886.

I think it was in 1880 St. Jacobs Oil cured me of rheumatism. I had it all my life and it settled in my ankle. Could not walk without a cane. I bought one bottle and used it. In a few days the pain was gone and to this day I have not had a touch of it. PERCY A. FOLSOM.

From a Rheumatic Sufferer—Cured.

Ironton, Ohio, Nov. 6, 1885.

Four years ago I was troubled with rheumatism in arm and shoulder. I used St. Jacobs Oil and covered the parts with flannel. I continued the use until I no longer felt the rheumatism. I have never been bothered with it since. JACOB WEDDLE, late Col. Vols, U.S.A.

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Worth $14.

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Worth $22 50.

Boys' All-Wool Cassimere School Suits, ages 5 to 10 years. 3.75, 4.00, 4.50, $5, upw'd

Men's Cassimere Pants, all sizes... $2, 2.25, 2.50, $3.00 and upward

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